

Foglight[®] for Apache 6.3.0 **User and Reference Guide**



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Legend

- WARNING: A WARNING icon indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.
- **CAUTION:** A CAUTION icon indicates potential damage to hardware or loss of data if instructions are not followed.
- i IMPORTANT NOTE, NOTE, TIP, MOBILE, or VIDEO: An information icon indicates supporting information.

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Monitoring Apache web servers

Foglight for Apache enables you to quickly determine the status of each of your monitored Apache web servers by providing a visual overview of key access and traffic metrics. The Apache Web Server, also known as the Apache Httpd Server, is an open-source project hosted by the Apache Foundation. Through its server status (mod_status) and server information (mod_info) pages, the Apache web server provides a wealth of performance statistics, which Foglight for Apache displays in easy to use dashboards.

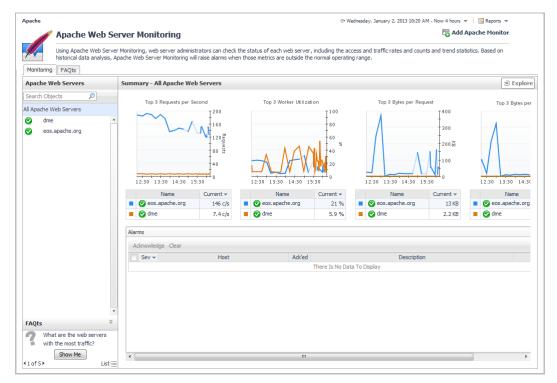
The Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard provides summary views of all monitored web servers and individual web server views. These views help you quickly compare web server performance, determine worker utilization and traffic levels, and view any alarms that have occurred.

i NOTE: In order for the Apache agent to monitor your web server, the server must have mod_info and mod_status enabled. For more information, see Configuring Apache web servers for monitoring on page 10.

To open the Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard:

• On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click Apache.

Figure 1. Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard



The **Summary — All Apache Web Servers** view provides charts and lists that identify the top three web servers for four key metrics (from left to right):

- Requests per second
- Worker utilization
- Bytes per request

5

· Bytes per second

If any alarms have been generated on the web servers, a summary of the alarms appears in the Alarms table.

Use this view to determine if any web servers have experienced a recent, unexpected spike or drop in activity, or a dramatic change in worker availability.

Investigating worker utilization

The Summary — All Apache Web Servers view displays a comparison of the three servers that are experiencing the highest worker load in the Top 3 Worker Utilization chart. Use this view to compare web server worker performance and track trends over time. If you identify a server that is of particular interest, you can drill down for more information.

To investigate worker utilization for an individual web server:

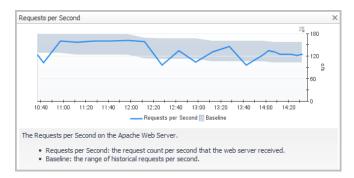
1 On the Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard, click the name of the web server in the All Apache Web Servers list on the left side.

Mon	itoring FAQts								
Apache Web Servers			Summary - Host:[eos.apache.org]/Apache:[httpd]					🕑 Explore
Sear	ch Objects 🔎		Workers			Veb Server I	nformation		
All Ap	ache Web Servers		Workers						
\bigcirc	dme					Name:	Host:[eos.apache.org]/Apa		
\bigcirc	eos.apache.org			Busy workers: 34 Idle workers: 222 Worker Utilization Total workers: 256		Version:	Apache/2.4.3 (Unix) OpenS	SL/1.0.0g	
						Bindings:	- 0.		
			13 %			Host:	🗐 eos.apache.org 😒		
			Worker Utilization			OS Type:	-		
						Up Since:	11/25/12 6:34 AM		
						Up Time:	1 day(s) 9 hour(s) 47 minute	(s) 4 second(s)	
									=
			Performance View						
			Web Server Access	Access Trend	Web Se	rver Traffi	c Traffic Ti	rend	
		¥	Total: 15.3 M	¹⁰⁰⁰ 400 K 200 30 14:30 15:30 16:30		6 MB/s	12:30 13:30 14:30	15:30 16:3	100 80 60 20 0
FAQ	ts	*	Alarms						
?	What are the busiest the day for these web		Acknowledge Clear						15
	Show Me		Sev 🕶 Host	Ack'ed	Descr			Time	
∢ 1 of	5 >	List∶≡	11	Thors Is No D-	sta Ta Dian	d-co			

The Summary — <WebServerName> view displays.

This view is divided into three sections: Workers, Web Server Information, and Performance.

- 2 Review the worker utilization information. For best performance, there should be enough idle workers to handle peak web site traffic. This information can help web server administrators tune the server's performance.
- **TIP:** For more information, review the Apache documentation about MaxClients.
 - 3 Review the web server access and traffic trends. The spinners provide color-coded information about the state of the flow of server access (requests per second) and server traffic (bytes per second). When the number of requests or the bytes per second hits a threshold value, the color of the spinner changes to reflect the status (green, yellow, or red).
 - a Click the spinner to open a graph of the metric with the baseline information.



If you detect a problematic pattern, you can take a deeper look at the web server's worker performance and investigate the web sites hosted on that server.

4 On the Summary - WebServerName view, click Explore.

Host:[eos.apache.org]/Apach	e:[httpd] 🗸		G- We	ednesday, January 2, 2013 10:14 AM - Now 4 hours 💌 🖪 Repo Alarms: 0 0
Ionitored Information				
Name	Host:[eos.apache.org]	/Apache:[httpd]	Host	eos.apache.org
Version	Apache/2.4.3 (Unix) O	penSSL/1.0.0g	OS type	·
Bindings			Process name	httpd
Up since	December 9, 2012 1:0	5:13 PM EST	Total accesses since last start	199 M
Up time	24 day(s) 1 hour(s) 6 r	ninute(s) 16 second(s)	Total traffic since last start	13 TB
Performance Web Sites				
Image: Starting up Image: Starting up Image: Starting Request Image: Starting Reply Image: Starting Reply Image: Starting Reply	↓ 10:15 10:30 10:45	11:00 11:15 11:30 1	1:45 12:00 12:15 12:30 12:44	200 13:00 13:15 13:30 13:45 14:00
				and F. Russel With Citizer (Commention Council)
10:15 11:00 11:45 12			T	pp 5 Busy Web Sites (Connection Count)

The Web Server Details view opens.

Use the two tabs in this view to gain a better understanding of worker utilization, performance, and individual web site characteristics.

- **i TIP:** For more information, see Web Server Details view on page 15.
- 5 On the **Performance** tab:
 - a Examine the workers status breakdown. Use the check boxes to the left of the chart to select the worker states to compare over time. By default, all states except *Waiting for connections* and *Open slot with no current process* are included.
 - b Examine the server's performance in the Performance charts and health status bars.
 - c Examine and compare the web sites with the highest connection counts (Top 5 Busy Web Sites).
- 6 Click the Web Sites tab.

The Web Sites tab lists key metrics for each web site hosted on the Apache web server that you are examining. It provides the following information: Web Site name and port, Site Bindings, and Connection Count, Client Count, and Traffic as both numeric values and sparklines that show recent trends.

Use this tab to determine if the issues affecting the server are related to a single web site's performance or to all sites.

Monitoring web server status with rules and alarms

Foglight for Apache includes several rules designed to generate alarms when key metrics enter certain threshold states. Combined with IntelliProfile baseline information, these rules help you to measure performance in degrees of deviation from the baseline.

To view the rules and alarm thresholds for Foglight for Apache:

- 1 On the navigation panel, click Administration.
- 2 On the Administration dashboard, under Rules, click All Rules.
- 3 On the Rule Management dashboard, use the drop-down list to select the rules specific to Foglight for Apache (Apache-UI).

For more information about IntelliProfile baselines and thresholds, see Explore the IntelliProfile dashboard in the *Foglight Administration and Configuration Help*.

For more information about managing rules in Foglight for Apache, see Configuring Rules and Metric Calculations to Discover Bottlenecks in the *Foglight Administration and Configuration Help*.

Finding quick answers with FAQts

You can access instant answers to questions relating to your web servers, such as during which time periods peak traffic occurs, or which web servers have the most traffic. These frequently asked questions appear on the **FAQts** tab, or alternatively in the FAQts mini-viewer, located in the bottom-left corner of the Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard.

To check the answer to a question:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click Apache.
 - a On the Monitoring tab, click Show Me in the mini-viewer. A pop-up displays the answer so that you can drill down for deeper or related information.

FAQts	≈
What are the busiest time	s of
the day for these web	
Show Me	
I of 5 ► List	st≣

Or

- b On the FAQts tab, click a question in the Questions column. The answer appears to the right.
- **TIP:** For some of the questions, you can specify the number of results you want returned (for example, *Top # Apache web servers with the highest requests per second*).

8

Monitoring FAQts								
Categories	Questions	What ar	e the busiest times of the day for these web	servers?				
	🚖 🔂 Search Questions 🔎	What ar	What are the busiest times of the day for these web servers?					
All Questions	What are the busiest times of the day for these web servers?				Search			
My Questions	What are the web servers with most requests per second?	Health	Server Name 🔺	The Busiest Time of Requests	The Busiest Time of Busy Workers			
Apache Web Server	What are the web servers with the highest data	8	Host:[eos.apache.org]/Apache:[httpd]	10:00	1:00			
	throughput? What are the web servers with the most traffic?	•	Host:[www.distributed-monkey-engine.com]/	12:00	10:00			
	What are the web servers with the most web sites?	→ V → V	III Questions What are the web servers with the highest data thro What are the web servers with most requests per se What are the web servers with the most web sites?		,			

9

Configuring Apache monitoring

To view status and performance for an Apache web server in Foglight for Apache, you must deploy an Apache monitor (an agent) to a Foglight Agent Manager. Configure the Apache monitor to detect the server status and server information pages on the Apache web server; the monitor collects data from the web server according to the collection schedule.

Configuring Apache web servers for monitoring

The following three options are required for monitoring a web server with an Apache agent. These options are set in the *http.conf* configuration file.

Normally, the required Apache modules are installed and enabled by default. In some instances, the web server administrator may have to enable them manually. If so, see the Apache HTTP Server Documentation, available online at: http://httpd.apache.org/docs/.

i IMPORTANT: There may be security implications with enabling the server status and information pages. Your web server administrator may not want to expose this information publicly. Ensure that you read and understand the appropriate Apache documentation, and configure your web server access accordingly. For more information, see the topic "Apache Module mod_info — Security Issues" in the Apache HTTP Server documentation: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_info.html. Also see Limiting access to server status and information pages on page 11.

To configure an Apache Web Server for monitoring:

- 1 Open the *http.conf* file in a text editor.
- 2 Verify that mod_info is enabled.
- 3 Verify that mod_status is enabled, and that the ExtendedStatus directive is also enabled (set to On).
 - i IMPORTANT: For Apache versions 2.3.6 and later, ExtendedStatus is enabled (On) when mod_status is loaded. For earlier versions, the default for ExtendedStatus is Off, so manually enable it.
- 4 Verify that the server-status and server-info handlers are configured. These handlers are built in to a standard Apache distribution and allow the agent to get the server's status report and configuration information respectively.
- 5 Save the file.

Monitoring Apache web servers in FIPScompliant mode

Foglight for Apache agent supports to run in FIPS-compliant mode, depending on the Agent Manager where it's deployed on. That is to say if the Agent Manager runs in FIPS-compliant mode, the Apache agent will be configured to be FIPS-compliant automatically, and vice versa.

Foglight for Apache 6.3.0 User and Reference Guide Configuring Apache monitoring When Foglight for Apache agent runs in FIPS-compliant mode, and tries to access an Apache web server with HTTPs connection, the Apache agent requires to authenticate the Apache web server's certificate. In order to successfully access these web servers and collect metrics, you need to import the web server's certificates to Agent Manager's certificate store.

To import the Apache web server's certificate to the Agent Manager certificate store:

- 1 Launch a command shell on the Agent Manager machine, and navigate to the <fglam_home>/bin directory.
- 2 Import the Apache web server's certificate with the following command:

```
fglam --add-certificate <alias=/path/to/certificate>
```

For example:

fglam --add-certificate your_alias_name=C:\Certificates\test\ServerSSL.cer

Limiting access to server status and information pages

To restrict access to the server status page by requiring a password and a valid user:

1 Add the following authentication settings to your *http.conf* file:

```
<Location /server-status>
SetHandler server-status
AuthType basic
AuthName "Server-Status"
AuthUserFile c:/.htpasswd
require valid-user
</Location>
```

The Apache agent includes a credential wizard to enable access to secure pages. For more information, see Step 5 of the procedure in Adding Apache monitors.

Adding Apache monitors

An Apache Monitor, or Apache agent, is a Foglight for Apache agent that monitors Apache web servers.

To create an Apache monitoring agent:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click Apache.
- 2 On the Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard, in the upper right corner of the display area, click **Add Apache Monitor**.

The Add an Apache Monitor wizard opens.

- 3 On the Host Input page:
 - a Select the Remote Agent Manager that you want to host the Apache monitor from the list.
 - b In the **Apache Host** box, type the host name or IP address of the Apache web server that you want to monitor.
 - **i IMPORTANT:** Do not attempt to create a single agent to monitor hosts that are part of a loadbalanced or cluster configuration. If you want to monitor hosts behind a load balancer or in a cluster, create a separate agent to monitor each host individually.
 - c In the Apache Server Protocol list, select http or https.

- d Type the port number for the **Apache Server Port**. The default port number is 80.
- e Apache Server Version Use only if you have customized the Apache server to hide the server version in the server-status and server-info pages. Select the Apache server version from the list. If the server version is not selected, the agent may fail to collect data. If the Apache server has not been customized, accept the default value.
- f Type the Server Status Path, or accept the default value.
- g Type the Server Info Path, or accept the default value.
- h Click Next.
- 4 On the Agent Properties page, the Apache agent attempts to auto-detect the required information and auto-populates the properties based on the Apache host name you specified on the previous page. You can change these auto-generated values as necessary.
 - Agent Name The name of the agent as it appears on the main Foglight for Apache agent dashboards (for example, the Agent Status dashboard).
 - Server Status URL The full URL of the server status page. By default this is http://example.com/server-status.

where example.com is the host name specified on the previous page.

 Server Info URL — The full URL of the server information page. Be default this is http://example.com/server-info.

where example.com is the host name specified on the previous page.

- **i TIP:** The icons beside the Server Status URL and Server Info URL boxes indicate whether the Apache agent can find the required information at the default URL. If the yellow caution symbol appears, you can click it to access troubleshooting information. For example, if you are using a non-standard port, you may need to specify the port number as part of the URL.
 - Optional Proxy information. If you need to specify proxy information, click the arrow beside the word **Proxy** to access additional settings.

Click the Enable Proxy check box to enable the proxy settings.

Type the host name or IP address for the proxy server and type the proxy port number in the appropriate boxes.

If the proxy requires authorization, click the **Authorization** check box, and type the user name and password in the appropriate boxes.

- 5 Credential information. If the server status and information pages are secured resources, you can provide credential information (user name and password) to the Apache agent and store the credential in the Management Server lockbox.
 - a In the Credentials section at the bottom of the Agent Properties page, select one of the following options:
 - Do not configure a credential. If you select this option, the Summary page opens. Continue with Step 7.
 - Add host to a new credential. This option is selected by default.
 - Add host to an existing credential.
 - b Click Next.
 - c On the Credential Type page, select User Name and Password and click Next.
 - d On the Credential Properties page, type the user name and password in the appropriate boxes. Click **Next**.
 - e On the Credential Name and Lockbox page, specify a unique name to identify the credential you are creating, and select the lockbox that holds the credential. Click **Next**.
 - f The Resource Mapping page is purely informational. Click Next.

- g Optional On the Policies page, configure any policies to restrict the credential. For more information, see Edit credential policies in the *Foglight Administration and Configuration Help*.
- 6 Click Next.
- 7 Review the information on the Summary page.

If necessary, click Previous to correct any of the required settings.

Otherwise, click Finish.

A message box opens, indicating the status of the agent creation. If any errors occur, an error message appears in this box.

Agent Creation Successful				
Agent Type	Apache Agent			
Agent Name	Apache_Monitor@apache.org-test2			
Status	Successful			
Error Message				
Note: The Apache monitoring agent was successfully created. The Apache web server instance will be shown in a few moments.				
	Monitor this host infrastructure Close			

8 Optional — If you have installed Foglight for Infrastructure, and you want to also monitor the host infrastructure, click **Monitor this host infrastructure**. The Add Monitored Host wizard opens. For detailed information about this wizard, see Adding a monitored host in the *Foglight for Infrastructure User and Reference Guide*.

Otherwise, click Close.

The dashboard refreshes. Depending on the collection schedule, it may take a few minutes for data to appear.

Configuring host monitoring

If the web server host is not monitored, no information is available in the **OS Type** box on the web server summary and detail views.

To add host monitoring:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click Apache.
- 2 On the Apache Web Server Monitoring dashboard, click the server name in All Apache Web Servers list.
- 3 In the Web Server Information section, click the Host box. The Host Monitoring dashboard opens.
- 4 Click **Configure Host Monitoring** and complete the wizard to add a host monitoring agent.

For more information about host monitoring, see Adding a monitored host in the Foglight for Infrastructure User and Reference Guide.

Configuring how the Apache agent resolves host names

By default, the Apache agent attempts to resolve the host name of the monitored web server. However, sometimes, this is not the preferred host name. In such cases, you can add a mapping to define the host name.

To configure a list of predefined host names:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click Administration > Agents > Agent Status.
- 2 On the Agent Status dashboard, select the Apache agent that you want to configure and click Edit > Edit Properties.

Foglight for Apache 6.3.0 User and Reference Guide Configuring Apache monitoring

- 3 Click Modify the private properties for this agent.
- 4 In the Predefined Host Names section, click Edit.
- 5 In the box that opens, click **Add Row**.
- 6 Type the name or IP address of the host in the first box.
- 7 Press Tab to move to the second box and type the predefined name.
- 8 Click Save Changes.

Configuring the IntelliProfile ready time

IntelliProfile requires a certain amount of time to establish an accurate profile for the Apache agent. The default ready time (24 h) may not be long enough, and may generate excess warnings on the Web Server Throughput rule in particular.

To adjust the IntelliProfile ready time for the Apache agent:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click Administration > Data > IntelliProfile.
- 2 Increase the IntelliProfile ready time to one week (168 h). In the General section of the IntelliProfile dashboard, type the value 168 in the IntelliProfile is ready after first [] hours of work box.

After changing this setting, IntelliProfile can establish a more accurate profile and therefore trigger fewer false alarms.

3 Click Save Changes.

Reference

Foglight for Apache ships with predefined views to help you monitor your application server environment. This topic provides quick reference information about each view. Foglight for Apache displays monitoring data in views that group, format, and display data.

Dashboards are top-level views that do not receive data from other views. Dashboards usually contain several lower-level views. The dashboards supplied with Foglight for Apache, and those created by users, are available in the navigation panel.

Lower-level views in Foglight for Apache can be added to dashboards or can be accessed by drilling down from a dashboard. They receive and display data directly from the Foglight Management Server or from other views. Some views filter or select data that appears in other views in the same dashboard. Some are tree views with expandable nodes for selecting servers, applications, or data.

Web Server Details view

The Web Server Details view provides information about the monitored web server as well as detailed information about web server performance and web site performance on the Performance tab and Web Sites tab respectively.

You can drill down to this view by clicking a web server name on the Summary – All Apache Web Servers view, or by clicking Explore on the Summary – *<WebServerName>* view.

TIP: To view the details for another web server without leaving this view, click the web server name in the upper left corner, and select another server from the list.

Figure 2. Monitored Information section

Monitored Information					
Name	Host:[aurora-2012.apache.org]/Apache:[httpd]	Host	aurora-2012.apache.org		
Version	Apache/2.4.3 (Unix) OpenSSL/1.0.0g	OS type	-		
Bindings	[192.87.106.229, 80, 443] [[2001:610:1:80bc:192:87	Process name	httpd		
Up since	December 10, 2012 2:05:44 AM CST	Total accesses since last start	222 M		
Up time	26 day(s) 8 hour(s) 16 minute(s) 22 second(s)	Total traffic since last start	14 TB		

This section provides a breakdown of details pulled from the Server Information and Server Status pages of the web server, including the following:

Name	The configured display name of the Apache web server.
Version	The version number of the Apache web server.
Bindings	If the Apache web server has been configured using the Listen directive to listen for incoming connections on specific ports or selected addresses (or both), that binding information appears here.
Up since	The date and time the web server was last restarted.
Up time	The length of time since the web server was last restarted.
Host	The name of the machine that hosts the web server.

Table 1. Monitored Information fields and definitions

OS type	The operating system of the monitored host. NOTE: If the host is not monitored, the OS type is blank.
Process name	The process name is either $httpd$ (for Apache versions 2.2 and 2.4) or Apache (for versions 1.3 and 2.0).
Total accesses since last up	The total number of times the web server was accessed since the last time it was restarted.
Total traffic since last up	The total amount of traffic (bandwidth used) by the web server since the last time it was restarted.

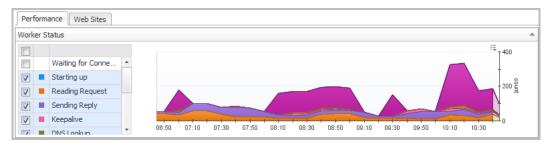
Performance tab

The Performance tab is divided into three sections: Worker Status, Performance, and Top 5 Busy Web Sites.

Worker Status

The Worker Status chart on the Performance tab helps you visualize the state of workers on the web server. Use the list of check boxes to show or hide the types of worker status that you want to review from the eleven types available.

Figure 3. Worker Status Chart



By default, all status types except *Waiting for Connection* and *Open slot with no current process* are selected and shown.

Performance

The Performance charts on the Performance tab provide an at-a-glance overview of four key web server metrics and their overall health: idle/busy workers, data throughput, open connections, and requests per second.





The colored bar above each chart indicates the health of that metric. The color changes when an alarm occurs.

The Data Throughput and Requests per Second charts include a baseline envelope that enables you to quickly see when values are above or below the typical operating range. For more information about baselines, see Analyzing Activity Levels with IntelliProfile in the *Foglight Administration and Configuration Guide*.

Top 5 Busy Web Sites (Connection Count)

The Top 5 Busy Web Sites chart on the Performance tab allows you to compare the five web sites with the highest connection count.

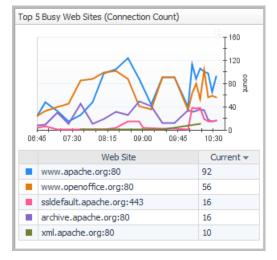


Figure 5. Top 5 Busy Web Sites Chart

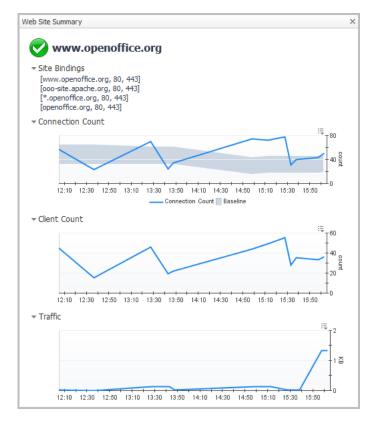
Web Site Summary

To view traffic details for a particular web site:

• Click the name of the web site in the table below the chart.

Web Site Summary pop-up view opens.

Figure 6. Web Site Summary pop-up view



This view displays the Site Binding information (if available), and three charts: Connection Count, Client Count, and Traffic. You can also access this information on the Web Sites tab.

Web Sites tab

The Web Sites tab lists all web sites hosted on the selected Apache web server. It also provides site binding information (if applicable), and connection count, client count, and traffic information.

To access the Web Sites tab:

• On the Web Server Details view, click the Web Sites tab.

Figure 7. Web Sites Tab View

				Search 🔎
Web Site	Site Bindings	Connections -	Clients	Traffic
www.apache.org	[www.apache.org, 80, 443] 1 more	~~~~ ₇₂	42	9 КВ
www.openoffice.org	[www.openoffice.org, 80, 443] 3 more	₆₅	51	167 B
archive.apache.org	[archive.apache.org, 80, 443] 1 more	23	18	633 KB
wiki-online.apache.org	[wiki-online.apache.org, 80, 443] 2 more	13	~~~~ ₁₂	6B
xml.apache.org	[xml.apache.org, 80, 443] 1 more	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0 B
ssldefault.apache.org	[ssldefault.apache.org, 443]	~~~~g	A6	0 B
mail-archives.apache.org	[mail-archives.apache.org, 80, 443] 1 more	~~~~**	~~~ <u>5</u>	0B
httpd.apache.org	[httpd.apache.org, 80, 443] 1 more			48

The Web Sites tab provides the following information for all sites hosted on the selected web server:

Table 2. Web Sites Tab fields and definitions

Web Site	Web site name.
Site Bindings	If the Apache web server has been configured using the Listen directive to listen for incoming connections on specific ports or selected addresses (or both), that binding information appears in this box.
Connections	Displays the current number of connections, as a numeric value, as well as a sparkline of the connection count trend over the time range selected in the zonar (for example, 4 hours). Hover the mouse pointer over the sparkline to open a graph of the connection count over time, or click the sparkline or count to open a Web Site Summary view.
Clients	Displays the current number of clients, as a numeric value, as well as a sparkline of the client count trend over the time range selected in the zonar (for example, 4 hours). Hover the mouse pointer over the sparkline to open a bar chart of the client count over time, or click the sparkline or count to open a Web Site Summary view.
Traffic	Displays the current traffic (bandwidth use) for the web site as a numeric value, as well as a sparkline of the traffic trend over the time range selected in the zonar (for example, 4 hours). Hover the mouse pointer over the sparkline to open a bar chart of the traffic over time, or click the sparkline or count to open a Web Site Summary view.

Click any row in the table to open the Web Site Summary view for the selected web site.

We are more than just a name

We are on a quest to make your information technology work harder for you. That is why we build communitydriven software solutions that help you spend less time on IT administration and more time on business innovation. We help you modernize your data center, get you to the cloud quicker and provide the expertise, security and accessibility you need to grow your data-driven business. Combined with Quest's invitation to the global community to be a part of its innovation, and our firm commitment to ensuring customer satisfaction, we continue to deliver solutions that have a real impact on our customers today and leave a legacy we are proud of. We are challenging the status quo by transforming into a new software company. And as your partner, we work tirelessly to make sure your information technology is designed for you and by you. This is our mission, and we are in this together. Welcome to a new Quest. You are invited to Join the Innovation[™].

Our brand, our vision. Together.

Our logo reflects our story: innovation, community and support. An important part of this story begins with the letter Q. It is a perfect circle, representing our commitment to technological precision and strength. The space in the Q itself symbolizes our need to add the missing piece—you—to the community, to the new Quest.

Contacting Quest

For sales or other inquiries, visit https://www.quest.com/company/contact-us.aspx or call +1-949-754-8000.

Technical support resources

Technical support is available to Quest customers with a valid maintenance contract and customers who have trial versions. You can access the Quest Support Portal at https://support.quest.com.

The Support Portal provides self-help tools you can use to solve problems quickly and independently, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. The Support Portal enables you to:

- · Submit and manage a Service Request.
- View Knowledge Base articles.
- Sign up for product notifications.
- Download software and technical documentation.
- View how-to-videos.
- Engage in community discussions.
- · Chat with support engineers online.
- · View services to assist you with your product.