

Foglight[®] for vCloud Director 6.3.0 **User and Reference Guide**



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Legend

- WARNING: A WARNING icon indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.
- **CAUTION:** A CAUTION icon indicates potential damage to hardware or loss of data if instructions are not followed.
- i IMPORTANT NOTE, NOTE, TIP, MOBILE, or VIDEO: An information icon indicates supporting information.

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Getting Started

Foglight[®] for vCloud Director allows you monitor virtual vCloud Director infrastructure. Foglight for vCloud Director alerts you about infrastructure problems as soon as they develop, enabling you to resolved issues proactively before end users are affected. Early intervention ensures consistent application performance at established service levels. Foglight for VMware monitors the health of your virtual system by tracking resource consumption such as CPU, network, and memory consumption for individual clusters, servers, and virtual machines in your integrated environment.

- Before you Begin
- Introducing the vCloud Directory Infrastructure

Before you Begin

- Ensure that Foglight for vCloud Director is installed on the Management Server. For installation instructions, see the *Foglight for VMware Release Notes*.
- If you want to monitor a Virtual Center, you need a running instance of the VMware Performance Agent. This agent is provided with Foglight for VMware. For more information about this product, see the Managing Virtualized Environments User and Reference Guide.
- If you want to collect Foglight for Storage Management data, you need the Foglight for Storage Management cartridge installed on the Management Server. For more information about this product, see the Managing Storage in Virtual Environments User and Reference Guide.

Introducing the vCloud Directory Infrastructure

VMware[®] vCloud Director[®] supplies an innovative mechanism for organizing access to a Web console to various members of an organization. It manages the use of organizational resources, virtual applications, and machines. Foglight[®] for vCloud Director accommodates environments of all sizes, that leverage the vCloud Director platform by analyzing the virtual environment and providing a knowledgeable and interactive view of its components.

A vCloud Director environment consists of objects that lend their resources to virtual clouds that can be accessed through Web-based and programmatic interfaces. This model allows users to manage and monitor the resources allocated to the system, to create and provision organizations, and to set policies and preferences that determine the end-users' capability of using the available virtual applications and resources.

Foglight for VMware focuses on the following main components of the monitored virtual infrastructure:

- *Provider vDCs*. A provider vDC combines the CPU, memory, and storage resources of the associated resource pools and datastores.
- Org vDCs. An organization vDC is a part of a provider vDC, encapsulating the CPU, memory, and storage resources, that are available to an organization.
- Organizations. An organization is a collection of users, groups, and resources that are available to users.

- Virtual Machines. A virtual machine resides on an ESX host. Virtual machines share many of the characteristics of physical systems (like storage and network interaction), but they do not have direct access to the hardware that is used to process their information. Each virtual machine runs on a guest operating system, for example, MS Windows XP, and is allocated access to a specific set of the server's resources, which includes the number of processors and the amount of memory it can leverage.
- *vSphere Resources*. vSphere resources represent the underlying vSphere resources provided by the associated datastores, ESX hosts, resource pools, and virtual centers.

Setting Up Monitoring Agents

Foglight for vCloud Director relies on vCloud Director Agents to collect data from the monitored system. When you install Foglight for VMware, you need to create monitoring agents to collect performance information from your environment.

If the vCloud Director[®] servers that you want to monitor belong to a vCloud server group, and you have connection information for at least one vCloud server in that group, use the **vCloud Discovery Wizard** to configure monitoring of the desired vCloud server.

If you want to create a new vCloud server group and have the connection information for the vCloud server that you want to monitor, simply create a new vCloud Director Agent instance using the **Create vCloud Agent** wizard.

- Getting Started to Set Up and Administer Monitoring Agents
- Discovering Server Groups
- · Configuring Monitoring Agents for Data Collection
- Configuring Agent Properties
- Managing certificates

Getting Started to Set Up and Administer Monitoring Agents

Foglight for vCloud Director includes a set of dashboards that allow you to monitor your virtual environment and manage monitoring agents. The vCloud Environment dashboard consists of several tabs, each focusing on a specific aspect of your monitoring needs. The **Administration** tab

To access this tab, on the navigation panel, under **Dashboards**, choose **vCloud Director > vCloud Environment**, and then open the **Administration** tab.

Figure 1. Administration tab

vCloud Environment			G+ Friday, April 7, 2017	12:39:34 PM - 1:39:34 PM 60 minutes 👻
VCD_ServerGroup_vCloud 1 -				
Monitoring FAQts Reports Administration				
Tasks:				
Agents				
💿 Add 🕏 Refresh 🛛 🕛 Activate 🕕 Deactivate 📄 Start Data Co	ollection 📒 Stop Data Collection	🝚 Remove 👚 Update Agent		
Agent Name Foglight Agent Manager Host	Active Data Collection	Alarms Edit Properties	Download Log	Agent Version
VCloud Agent 1 zhuvm-fog-3357.vfog.local	1	2	a	🧭 Version Up To Date

Foglight for vCloud Director 6.3.0 User and Reference Guide Setting Up Monitoring Agents

Exploring the Available Tasks

The **Tasks** area contains a link to the vCloud Discovery Wizard, **Discover vCloud Server Groups**. You can use this wizard to find a vCloud server group and the related cells in your environment. For more information, see Discovering Server Groups on page 10.

Figure 2. Tasks area

Tasks:	
G	Discover vCloud Server Groups

Exploring the Agents table

The **Agents** table lists the existing agent instances and allows you to manage them. It contains a set of columns that indicate various states of individual agent instances, along with several commands that you can issue to manage them. For example, to see if an agent instance is collecting data, look at the agent's **Data Collection** column. A green check mark indicates that the agent is collecting data.

Figure 3. Agents table

Ag	ents								
0	Add 🕏 Refresh (🕛 Activate 🕕 Deactivate 📄 Start Data Co	lection 📒	Stop Data Collection	Remove	Update Agent			
	Agent Name 🔺	Foglight Agent Manager Host	Active	Data Collection	Alarms	Edit Properties	Download Log	Agent Version	
1	VCloud Agent 1	Host1.example.com	ď	ď	_	2	<u></u>	Version Up To Date	
								A	_
	VCloud Agent 2	Host2.example.com	S	S.		2		🧭 Version Up To Date	- 10

Table 1. Agents table

Agent Name	The name of the agent instance.
Foglight Agent Manager Host	The name of the machine on which the Agent Manager process is running.
Active	Indicates if the agent process is running.
Data Collection	Indicates if the agent is collecting data from the monitored environment.
Alarms	The total numbers of Warning, Critical, and Fatal alarms.
Edit Properties	Allows you to edit the agent's properties.
Download Log	Allows you to download the agent log file.
Agent Versien	Indicates if the agent is running the latest version of the agent package
Agent Version	(🕑 Version Up To Date), or it needs to be updated (會 Update Agent).

Exploring the toolbar

The toolbar appearing on top of the **Agents** table provides a set of commands that allow you to manage agent instances. To issue any of the available commands, simply select one or more agent instances using the check boxes in the left-most column, and click the appropriate button on the toolbar. For example, to start an agent's data collection, select the agent and click **Start Data Collection**.

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Figure 4. Agents table toolbar

gents								
Add 🗇Refresh 🔱	Activate 🕧 Deactivate 🜔 Start Data C	ollection 📕	Stop Data Collection	Remove	TUpdate Agent			
Agent Name 🔺	Foglight Agent Manager Host	Active	Data Collection	Alarms	Edit Properties	Download Log	Agent Version	
VCloud Agent 1	zhuvmvfog.dev.quest.corp	Ś	Ś		2		🧭 Version Up To Date	
VCloud Agent 2	zhuvmvfog.dev.quest.corp	Ś	Ś		2		⊘ Version Up To Date	
							-	-

Table 2. Agents table toolbar

Add	Starts a workflow for creating new agent instances. For more information, see Configuring Monitoring Agents for Data Collection on page 13.
Refresh	Refreshes the list of agent instances and their states.
Activate	Activates one or more selected agent instances. Activating an agent instance starts the agent process on the machine on which the agent is installed.
Deactivate	Deactivates one or more selected agent instances. Deactivating an agent stops the agent process on the machine on which the agent is installed.
Start Data Collection	Starts the data collection for one or more selected agent instances. Starting an agent's data collection causes the agent to begin monitoring the associated vCloud server and to send the collected metrics back to the Management Server.
Stop Data Collection	Stops the data collection for one or more selected agent instances. Stopping an agent's data collection causes the agent to stop monitoring the associated vCloud server.
Remove	Deletes the selected agent instance.
Update Agent	Updates the agent package to the latest version that is installed on the Management Server.

Discovering Server Groups

A vCloud Director[®] server group contains one or more vCloud Director servers. The vCloud Director servers use a shared database, and are associated with vCenter[®] servers and ESX[®] hosts. Each vCloud Director server is considered a cell in the server group, with established connections to the shared database, vCenter server, and any ESX hosts.

Given a vCloud Director server, the **vCloud Discovery Wizard** allows to locate a desired server group, and to configure monitoring for one or more server cells belonging to that group. This results in two or more agent instances: a vCloud Director agent (to monitor the vCloud server) and one or more VMware Performance agents (to monitor the associated vCenters).

- **NOTE:** In FIPS-compliant mode, you need to import the CA certificate or the self-signed certificate to the KeyStore of FgIAM to use this option. For more information, see Managing certificates on page 16.
- **i** NOTE: The VMware Performance Agent is provided with Foglight for VMware. Ensure this product is installed and enabled in your environment before running the vCloud Discovery wizard. For complete information about Foglight for VMware for VMware, see the *Foglight for VMware User and Reference Guide*.

To start monitoring a vCloud Director server:

- 1 Log in to the Foglight browser interface.
- 2 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click vCloud Director > vCloud Environment.
- 3 Click the Administration tab.

Cloud Environment						G+ Friday, April 7, 2017	12:39:34 PM - 1:39:34 PM 60 minutes
VCD_ServerGroup_vC	Cloud 1 👻						
Monitoring FAQts F	Reports Administration						
Tasks:							
···· Di	scover vCloud Server Groups						
Agents							
🕑 Add 🦈 Refresh 🛛 🤇	🕽 Activate 🕕 Deactivate 🌔 Start Data	Collection	Stop Data Collection	Remove	Tupdate Agent		
🗌 🛛 Agent Name 🔺	Foglight Agent Manager Host	Active	Data Collection	Alarms	Edit Properties	Download Log	Agent Version
VCloud Agent 1	zhuvm-fog-3357.vfog.local	-	\$		2		🕢 Version Up To Date

4 Under Tasks, click Discover vCloud Server Groups to launch the vCloud Discovery Wizard.

The vCloud Discovery Wizard appears, showing the Select Agent Host page. The page lists one or more hosts that are running Agent Manager instances.

Select Agent Host	Selec	Select Agent Host								
 Discovery Configuration 	Select	the Englight (Vaent Manager boot for	r naw vClaud Dirac	tor Acent(s)					
Select the Foglight Agent Manager host for new vCloud Director Agent(s) All vCloud Cells										
	ł	Host Name	FgIAM Version	OS	Architecture					
 All vCenter Servers 	0	Host1	5.6.7	windows	x86_64					

5 On the **Select Agent Host** page, select the running Agent Manager that you want to manage the monitoring agents you are about to create, and click **Next**.

VCloud Discovery Wizard		×
✓ Select Agent Host	Discovery Config	juration
Discovery Configuration		t host name and credential .
All vCloud Cells All vCenter Servers	vCloud Server : User Name : Password :	VCloud Server Name User Name
		Previous Next Finish Cancel

- 6 On the **Discovery Configuration** page, provide the following information needed to connect to the vCloud server belonging to the group whose cell you want to monitor.
 - vCloud Server: Type the vCloud server name.
 - User Name: Type the user name needed to access the vCloud server.
 - Password: Type the password needed to access the vCloud server, associated with the above user name.
- 7 Click Next.

VCloud Discovery Wizard							×
✓ Select Agent Host	All v	Cloud Cells					
 Discovery Configuration 	This	table shows discovere	d vCloud dir	ector serve	ers.		
All vCloud Cells		Cell Name	Status	vCenter	IP Address	Configured	
	۲	localhost.localdom	Ø	 Image: A second s	10.30.152.79		
 All vCenter Servers 							
				Dre	vious Next	Finish Can	cel
				FIE	vious [Next]		

- 8 On the All vCloud Cells page, select the vCloud server that you want to monitor, and click Next.
- 9 On the All vCenter Servers page, select one or more vCenter that you want to monitor.
 - **IMPORTANT:** Monitoring a vCenter requires a running instance of the VMware Performance Agent. i This agent is provided with Foglight for VMware. For more information about this product, see the Foglight for VMware User and Reference Guide.
- 10 Optional—Configure monitoring of a vCenter using the VMware Performance Agent.
 - a On the All vCenter Servers page, in the row listing the vCenter that you want to configure, click the Configure Agent column.

The VMware vCenter Agent: Configure Agent Properties dialog box appears.

Enter the address of the	Virtual Center and credentials to access it.	
VMware Agent Name:	VMware Agent 1	
Virtual Center:	10.30.155.79	
Port:	443	
User Name:		
Password:		
Enable Storage Collection		

- Provide the following information needed to connected to the vCloud server belonging to the group h whose cell you want to monitor.
- VMware Agent Name: If you want to specify a different name than the one provided by default (for example, VMware Agent 1), type it in this box.
- Port: If you want to use a different port number than the one provided by default, 443, type it in this . box.
- User Name: Type the user name for the VMware Performance Agent to use to log in to the specified Virtual Center.
- Password: Type the password needed to access the specified Virtual Center, associated with the above user name.
- Enable Storage Collection: If you are running Foglight for Storage Management and want to enable the VMware Performance Agent to collect the Foglight for Storage Management data, select this check box. Otherwise, leave this box clear.
 - NOTE: Foglight for Storage Management can help you optimize the VMware environment i virtual storage and its underlying physical storage components. For more information about this product, see the Foglight for Storage Management documentation.
- c Click Save.
- 11 Click Finish.
- 12 The vCloud Discovery Wizard closes and the Result For Agent(s) Creation dialog box appears, showing a list of monitoring agents created during the discovery process.

Result For Agent(s	s) Creation			×
The following table	e info is about vCloud s	erver agent and	vCenter servers agent creation results (related to wizard).	
Agent Name	Agent Type	Creation Status	Message	÷
VCloud Agent 1	VCloudDirectorAgent	Success	Success creating and activating agent VCloud Agent 1.	*
VMware Agent 1	VMwarePerformance	Success	Success creating and activating agent VMware Agent 1.	
VMware Agent 1	VMwarePerformance	Success	Error creating agent VMware Agent 1: Agent already exists.	
				*

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Configuring Monitoring Agents for Data Collection

Foglight for vCloud Director uses the vCloud Director Agent to collect information from monitored hosts. Creating a vCloud Director Agent instance creates the agent process on the Agent Manager host. Activating the vCloud Director Agent starts that agent process. Starting an agent instance's data collection enables the agent to start collecting data from the monitored host and to send it to the Management Server.

When the vCloud Director Agent package is successfully deployed, create one or more agent instances, activate them, and start their data collection. To perform these steps in a single operation for one or more monitored hosts, use the Create vCloud Agent wizard accessible from the Agents area on the Administration tab of the vCloud Environment dashboard.

To create and activate vCloud Director Agent instances, and start their data collection:

- 1 Log in to the Foglight browser interface.
- 2 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click vCloud Director > vCloud Environment.
- 3 Click the Administration tab.

vCloud Environment			G+ Friday, April 7, 2017	12:39:34 PM - 1:39:34 PM 60 minutes 👻
VCD_ServerGroup_vCloud 1 🔹				
Monitoring FAQts Reports Administration				
Tasks:				
Agents				
💿 Add 🤹 Refresh 🛛 🕛 Activate 🕕 Deactivate 📄 Start Data Co	llection 📕 Stop Data Collection	🝚 Remove 🏾 👕 Update Agent		
Agent Name Foglight Agent Manager Host	Active Data Collection	Alarms Edit Properties	Download Log	Agent Version
VCloud Agent 1 zhuvm-fog-3357.vfog.local	ซ ซ	2	1	🧭 Version Up To Date

4 Under Agents, click Add to launch the Create vCloud Agent wizard.

Create VCloud Agent					×
Select An Agent Host	Select An Age	nt Host			
 Agent Properties 	Select the Foglig	ght Agent Manager host fo	or new vCloud Direc	tor Agent(s)	
	Host Name	FgIAM Version	OS	Architecture	
	a Host1	5.6.7	windows	x86_64	
			Previous	ext Finish Can	cel

Select the host running the Agent Manager that you want to use to manage the agent instance you are 5 about to create, and click Next.

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Create VCloud Agent	×
✓ Select An Agent Host	Agent Properties
Agent Properties	Enter the properties of the vCloud Director to access it.
	vCloud Server Group Name: vCloud 1
	vCloud Server:
	User Name:
	Password:
	Previous Next Finish Cancel

- 6 On the **Agent Properties** page, provide the following information needed to create a vCloud associated with the server that you want to monitor.
 - **vCloud Server Group Name**: Type the name of the group to which the vCloud server that you want to monitor belongs.
 - vCloud Server: Type the vCloud server name.
 - User Name: Type the user name needed to access the vCloud server.
 - **Password**: Type the password needed to access the vCloud server and associated with the above user name.
- 7 Click Finish.

The wizard closes, and the Agents area refreshes, showing a newly created agent instance.

- 8 Select the agent instance in the list and click Activate.
- 9 Select the agent instance in the list and click Start Data Collection.

Configuring Agent Properties

The vCloud Director Agent collects data from the virtual infrastructure and sends it to the Management Server. The agent keeps track of resource utilization metrics and alerts you when certain pre-defined thresholds are reached.

When an agent connects to Foglight[™], it is provided with sets of properties that it uses to configure its correct running state. Each agent is provided with a combination of two types of properties: agent properties and shareable properties.

Default versions of these properties are installed with Foglight for VMware. However, you can edit the default shareable and agent properties, configure agent properties that apply only to a specific agent instance, and create edited clones of shareable properties that are used by a subset of agents of a certain type.

For detailed information about working with agent properties, see the Administration and Configuration Help.

To modify agent properties:

- 1 Log in to the Foglight browser interface.
- 2 Open the Agent Status dashboard and navigate to the agent properties.
 - a On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, choose Administration > Agents > Agent Status.
 - b On the Agent Status dashboard, select the instance of the vCloud Director Agent whose properties you want to modify, and click **Edit Properties**.
 - c Click Modify the private properties for this agent.

The vCloud Director Agent properties appears in the display area.

vCloud Server Group Name	vCloud					
vCloud Server	101-102-1-00					
User Name	administrator					
Password	•••••					
Data Collection Scheduler						
- Data Collection Scheduler Collector Config						

The configuration of agent properties described in this section include:

- Setting the Configuration Properties on page 15
- Setting the Data Collection Scheduler Properties on page 15

Setting the Configuration Properties

The **Configuration** properties specify general settings the vCloud Director Agent needs to connect to the monitored vCloud server.

Figure 5. Configuration properties

Configuration	
vCloud Server Group Name	vCloud 1
vCloud Server	93.30.980.972
User Name	administrator
Password	•••••
Event Collection Disabled	

- vCloud Server Group Name: The name of the group to which the vCloud server belongs. Changing the server group name causes the agent to be a part of a different group, while the data associated with the old group is preserved, which may lead to confusion. Therefore changing the server group is not recommended.
- vCloud Server: The vCloud server name.
- User Name: The user name needed to access the vCloud server.
- Password: The password needed to access the vCloud server and associated with the above user name.
- Event Collection Disabled: Event Collection is disabled by default.

Setting the Data Collection Scheduler Properties

Use the Data Collection Scheduler properties to adjust how frequently the vCloud Director Agent collects data from the monitored vCloud server.

Figure 6. Data Collection Scheduler properties

faultSchedule	✓ Edit	Clone	Delete			
VCloudDirector/	Agent - defaultSchedule					
Collector Name	Default Collection Interval	Time Unit	Fast-Mode Collection Interval	Fast-Mode Time Unit	Fast-Mode Max Count	
Metrics Colle	5	minutes	0	seconds	0	
Inventory Coll	5	minutes	0	seconds	0	
Events Collec	5	minutes	0	seconds	0	
Blocking Tas	5	minutes	0	seconds	0	1
Blocking Tas	5	minutes	0	seconds		•

- Collector Config: A list containing the data collectors the agent uses. Each entry in the list includes the following columns:
 - Collector Name: The name of the collector the vCloud Director Agent uses to gather data.
 - Default Collection Interval: The number of milliseconds, seconds, minutes, hours, or days during which the vCloud Director Agent collects data.
 - Time Unit: The time unit associated with the Default Collection Interval.
 - **Fast-Mode Collection Interval**: The number of milliseconds, seconds, minutes, hours, or days during which the vCloud Director Agent collects data when working in the fast collection mode.
 - Fast-Mode Time Unit: The time unit associated with the Fast-Mode Collection Interval.
 - **Fast-Mode Max Count**: The maximum number of the times the vCloud Director Agent can stay in fast collection mode.

Managing certificates

Syntax Conventions

In order to successfully make use of the Foglight commands in your monitoring environment, review the syntax conventions before getting started. The syntax conventions are as follows:

- Generic examples follow the UNIX path structure that uses forward slashes '/' to separate directories.
- Platform-specific examples follow standard platform conventions. For example, UNIX-specific examples use forward slashes '/' as directory delimiters, while Windows examples use backslashes '\'.
- <foglight_home> is a placeholder that represents the path to the Foglight Management Server installation.
- <foglight_agent_mgr_home> is a placeholder that represents the path to the Foglight Agent Manager installation. This can be the location of the Foglight Agent Manager installation on a monitored host, or the home directory of the Foglight Agent Manager that comes embedded with the Foglight Management Server. For example:

Path to the Foglight Agent Manager installation on a monitored host (Windows):

C:\Quest\Foglight_Agent_Manager

Path to the embedded Foglight Agent Manager installation (Windows):

C:\Quest\Foglight\fglam

• Unless otherwise specified, Foglight commands are case-sensitive.

Managing certificates for FgIAM

Foglight Evolve agents use Foglight Agent Manager (FgIAM) to manage certificates for SSL encryption connection.

Prerequisite

All the certificate-related command line options require that FgIAM be up and running.

Add a certificate

bin/fglam --add-certificate "user alias 1"=/path/to/certificate/file

- Validate the certificate and ensure the following:
 - It is not expired.
 - It is an X.509 format.
 - FgIAM requires the Base64 format. To verify if the certificate file is encoded with Base64, open the certificate with a notepad and the certificate should be similar to the following example:
 ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE---- XXXXXXXX=

```
----END CERTIFICATE----
```

- NOTE: If the certificate is not Base64 format, use openssl command to convert the certificate file into a Base64 file. Use either of the following commands depending on the source form: openssl x509 -inform DER -in xxx.cer -out xxx.crt or openssl x509 -inform PEM -in xxx.cer -out xxx.crt
- The alias is required and is used in the list and delete operations to refer to the certificate. It can be anything.

List installed certificates

bin/fglam --list-certificates

Print out a list of certificates and the aliases that refer to them.

Refer to the example output below:

List of	installed	certificates:	
Alias		Certificate	Info
user a	alias 1	XXXX	

Delete a certificate

Remove a certificate referred to by an alias.

bin/fglam --delete-certificate "user alias 1"

A full example for managing certificate for FgIAM

· Add an example certificate into FgIAM certificate store

C:\Quest\Foglight\fglam\bin>fglam.exe --add-certificate "Evolve-test"="D:/Evolvetest.crt" ... 2020-02-27 16:31:01.000 INFO [native] Certificate added: Certificate from D:\Evolve-test.crt added as Evolve-test · List the example certificate in the FgIAM certificate store C:\Quest\Foglight\fglam\bin>fglam.exe --list-certificate ... Alias Certificate ____ _____ Evolve-test Issuer: CN: XXX • Delete the example certificate from the FgIAM certificate store

C:\Quest\Foglight\fglam\bin>fglam.exe --delete-certificate "Evolve-test"

....

2020-02-27 16:28:21.000 INFO [native] Certificate deleted: Certificate Evolve-test deleted

Investigating Resource Consumption Levels

When you deploy Foglight[™] for vCloud Director and set up the monitoring agents for data collection, a set of predefined dashboards enables you to review the performance of your virtual system at a glance. They allow you to ensure consistent application performance, by drilling down for details from higher-level components to physical servers and virtual machines, and viewing details about each component, such as CPU utilization and network I/O.

- Exploring your vCloud Director Environment
- Monitoring Organizations, Organization vDCs, and Provider vDCs
- Monitoring vSphere Resources
- Monitoring Virtual Machines
- Reviewing Frequently Asked Questions
- Generating Reports

Exploring your vCloud Director Environment

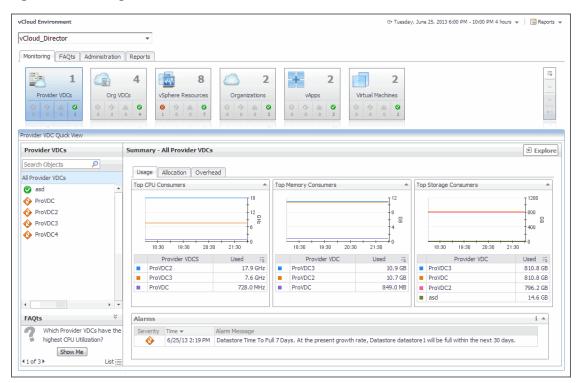
A typical vCloud Director[®] environment contains a set of vDCs, organizations, and virtual machines. You can view the overall state of these components on the vCloud Environment dashboard. To access this dashboard, under **Dashboards**, choose **vCloud Director > vCloud Environment**.

This dashboard provides a set of tabs, each displaying a different aspect of your monitored system:

- Monitoring: Use this tab to review data specific to the main components of your monitored environment such as provider vDCs, organization vDCs, vSphere resources, organizations, and virtual machines. This chapter describes the features available on this tab.
- FAQts: Use this tab to review the answers to common questions about your monitored systems. For more
 information, see Reviewing Frequently Asked Questions on page 40.
- **Reports**: Use this tab to find out more about predefined templates that can be used to report on the various aspects of your virtual environment. For more information, see Generating Reports on page 41.
- Administration: Use this tab to discover vCloud server groups and to manage vCloud Director agent instances. For more information, see Setting Up Monitoring Agents on page 8.

When you navigate to the vCloud Environment dashboard for the first time, the **Monitoring** tab appears open. This tab provides an overall summary of your monitored environment.

Figure 7. Monitoring tab



Selecting Monitored Objects

A set of tiles along the top of this tab gives you a quick overview of the monitored objects: provider vDCs, organization vDCs, vSphere resources, organizations, and virtual machines. Each tile represents a collection of a specific object type, shows the object count, and the count of objects in each alarm state (Normal, Warning, Critical, and Fatal).

Figure 8. Monitored object collections



The Quick View appearing immediately below the tiles allows you to select a specific instance of the tile selection. From here, you can drill down on a desired object instance, and review the related monitoring metrics.

Monitoring FAQts Reports Administration ii. 4 8 8 2 2 2 + Org VDCs Organizations Provider VDCs vSphere Resources Virtual Machines 0 8 0 0 0 0 8 8 Provider VDC Ouick View Provider VDCs Provider VDC Summary Explore Search Objects PVDCB0123 Related Items ProviderVDC Name All Provider VDCs Description Org VDCs 2 2 All Alarms (2) ⊗ 2 0 0 Local-datas à 4 0 Ξ Enabled False Ø PVDCA01 2 vCenter Hardware Version... SupportedVersions PVDCB012 ⊘
 1 Ø 1 Share Busy False Resource pools 0 0 0 0 A. ⊘
 1 6 1 CPU Usage 0 * Memory Usage Storage Usage DataSt i≡ T 100 0 0 0 0 © 0 100 0 0 DatastoreClusters 0 0 © 0 0 MHz MB Ċ. MB 0 StorageProfiles 2 2 <u>@</u> 0 Lo L 03:00 01:30 03:00 00:00 01:30 0 2 00 -0 Utilization 🗌 Baseline Utilization 🗌 Baseline 01:00 02:00 03:00 00:00 Used Netv orks 0 © 0 <u>نه</u> ٥ 0 Used Used ____ Used 2 0 All Alarms i FAOts Severity Alarm Mes ø 8/23/13 6:21 PM Memory utilization 0% deviation from baseline. Provider VDC PVDCB0123 has memory utilization significantly deviating from the Which Provider VDCs have highest Storage Utilization? ? 8/23/13 6:21 PM CPU utilization 0% deviation from baseline. Provider VDC PVDCB0123 has cpu utilization significantly deviating from the b Ø Show Me 4 Þ 41of3⊁ List

Figure 9. Drilling down on a monitored object

Managing Alarms

If any alarms are generated against the selected object, they appear along the bottom of the summary view. Drill down on an alarm to find out what triggered it, and to take steps to investigate further.

Figure 10. Drilling down on an alarm

P 8 3		g VDCs	0 0 0 0 0	0	2 ganizations () () () () () () () () () () () () () (2 vApps 0 0 0 2 10:22 PM	2 Virtual Machines					
Provi	rider VDCs	Р	rovider VDC Summary		Host	10.30.152.211	Instance		VC2 (VMVClou			
	h Objects			-	Agent	VCloud Agent 1	Origin (By Rule)		oviderVDC CPl	J Utiliza	tion	
			Related Items		Agent Type	VCloudDirectorAgent	Default Drilldown	n/a				
Prov	vider VDCs		Org VDCs		Message and H			Has Service		ct on 0		
	ProVDC1	-	14 14 14 II			% deviation from baseline s cpu utilization significan			vice Name		SLC 👻	
2	ProVDC2		vCenter		baseline!		,,	There are n	o services imp	acted b	y this alarm	•
3	ProVDC3_VC2		00									
	PVDCA01		1 0 I									
	FYDCAUI											
	PVDCA02		Resource pools									
3												
3	PVDCA02		DataStores	Histo	ory All Notes 1	Remediate						
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123		LataStores C C	Histo			Advied Ir	nfo	Clearing I	nfo	Makar	:
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123		DataStores	Histo	Created Tim		ur Ack'ed Ir Status	nfo By User	Clearing In Status	nfo By	Notes	
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123		1 0 DataStores 0 ■ 1 0 0			ne 🕶 Sev D) III		-		Notes 0	i.
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123		DataStores		Created Tim	ne 🕶 Sev D	Our Status		Status			÷
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123		1 0 DataStores 0 1 0 DatastoreClusters 0 0 0 StorageProfiles 0		Created Tim	ne 🕶 Sev D	Our Status		Status			
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123 PVDCB01234	•	1 0 DataStores 0 1 0 DataStoreClusters 0 0 0 StorageProfiles 0 1 0 Used Networks 0		Created Tim	sev D ⊗ 3.	Our Status	By User	Status	By	0	it,
3	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123 PVDCB01234	*	1 0 DataStores 0 1 0 DataStoreClusters 0 0 0 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 Used Networks 0 2 0 0 0	() Alarm Me	Created Tim 8/20/13 10:22 PM	Addroowledge	2 m Not Ack'ed	By User	Status No Find Historic C	By	0 🕤	ancel
AQL	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123 PVDCB01234	*	1 0 DataStores 0 1 0 DataStoreClusters 0 0 0 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 Used Networks 0 2 0 0 0	() Alarm Me	Created Tim 8/20/13 10:22 PM	Addroowledge	ur Status 2 m Not Ack'ed	By User	Status No Find Historic C	By	0 🕤	ancel
	PVDCA02 PVDCB0123 PVDCB01234	× the	1 0 DataStores 0 1 0 DataStoreClusters 0 0 0 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 Vased Networks 0 0 0 All Alarms Severity Time 8/20/13 10:22 PM	Alarm Me CPU utiliz	Created Tim 8/20/13 10:22 PM essage zation 0% deviation	Acknowledge (#	2 m Not Ack'ed	By User	Status No Find Historic C	By Occurrent viating f	0 Ca	ancel

For complete information about alarms in Foglight for vCloud Director, see the *Foglight for vCloud Director User Guide*.

Reviewing FAQts on the Monitoring Tab

In the bottom-left corner of the Quick View you can navigate through the questions associated to the selected components type, and to review the answers.

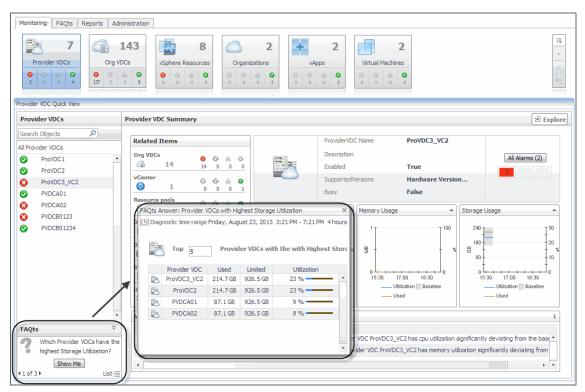


Figure 11. Reviewing FAQts on the Monitoring tab

You can review these questions in more detail using the **FAQts** tab. For more information, see Reviewing Frequently Asked Questions on page 40.

Reviewing Related Items

When you select an object in the left pane of the Quick View, you can quickly find out which objects are associated with the selected object, and to find out their alarm state. The combination of items in this view depends on the type of object selected. For example, if you select an organization object, this view identifies the related organization vDCs, vApps, running virtual machines, groups, and users. Selecting a provider vDC displays the associated organization vDCs, vCenter, resource pools, datastores, datastore clusters, storage profiles, and used networks.

Figure 12. Reviewing Related Items

Item Count Related Items Org VDCs 0	Item Type				ecific
Org VDCs 0 0 0 0 VCenter 0 0 0 1 VCenter 0 0 0 0 Resource pools 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 DataStores 0 0 0 0 DatastoreClusters 0 0 0 1 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 0	Item Co	ount		Σ	
Image: Construction of the second	Related Items		(
I I		G	0		
1 0 0 1 DataStores 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 DataStoreClusters 0 0 0 0 DataStoreClusters 0 0 0 1 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 0	-				-
DataStores DatastoreClusters 1 0 0 0 1 StorageProfiles 1 0 0 0 1 StorageProfiles		0	0	<u>.</u>	0
0 0 0 0 DatastoreClusters 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 0	<u> </u>	0	0	0	1
1 0 0 1 StorageProfiles 0 0 0 0					_
StorageProfiles		0	0	4	0
		0	0	0	1
			~		-
Used Networks	~~~	0	0	_	-

Table 3. Related Item details

Item Type	The type of the related item. For example, organization vDCs, vCenter, resource pools, datastores, datastore clusters, storage profiles, or used networks.
Item Count	The number of items in this category.
Severity-Specific Item Counts	The number of items in each severity state.

Monitoring Organizations, Organization vDCs, and Provider vDCs

An *organization* in vCloud Director[®] terms is a collection of users, groups, and resources that are available to users. Encapsulated CPU, memory, and storage resources, that are available to an organization comprise an *organization vDC* (virtual datacenter). A *provider vDC* combines the CPU, memory, and storage resources of the associated resource pools and datastores.

You can monitor the collective resource usage, allocation, and overhead of these monitored objects when you select them on the **Monitoring** tab. The information appearing in this view can help you discover potential resource-level issues such as spikes in CPU, memory and disk usage, and to reallocate resources where they are most needed.

To explore organizations, organization vDCs, and provider vDCs:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click vCloud Director > vCloud Environment.
- 2 On the vCloud Environment dashboard, on the **Monitoring** tab, click one of the following tiles: **Provider** vDCs, Organization vDCs, or Organization.

The Quick View refreshes, showing the performance summary of all selected components in the right pane. For example, if you select the **Provider vDC** tile in this step, the **Provider vDC Quick View** displays the **Summary - All Provider vDCs** view on the right.

Figure 13. Summary - All Provider vDCs view

Provider VDC Quick View						
Provider VDCs	Summary - All Provider VDO	s				Explore
Search Objects	Usage Allocation Over	head				
Ocal datastore Ø PVDCA01 Ø PVDC80123 Ø Shared-datastore	Top CPU Consumers 20:30 21:30 22:3 Provider VDCS PVDCA01	2 27 2 3:30 Used 15 3.0 GHz	Top Memory Consumers	▲ 2 88 23:30 Used :: 4.0 GB	Top Storage Consumers	23:30 Used ∺ 1.1TB
	Shared-datastore Alarms	1.0 GHz	Shared-datastore	1.0 GB	PVDCA01	106.1 GB
-	Severity Time - (3) 11/1/13 5:33 PM	Alarm Message I CPU utilization 0% dev	viation from baseline. Provider VDC Lo	cal-datastore has	cpu utilization significantly devia	ating from the base 🔺
FAQts ¥	11/1/13 5:33 PM	Memory utilization 0%	deviation from baseline. Provider VD0	C Local-datastore	has memory utilization significan	tly deviating from t
Which Provider VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization?	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		viation from baseline. Provider VDC PV o deviation from baseline. Provider VDC			
41 of 3 ▶ List						

This view displays the overall resource utilization information for all objects of the selected type (organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs) in the monitored vCloud, and identifies the elements that consume the highest amount of system resources. For more information, see Exploring the Collective Use of All Organization, Organization vDC, or Provider vDC Resources on page 26.

3 In the left pane, select an object (an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC).

The Quick View refreshes, showing an object summary view on the right. For example, if you select a provider vDC, the **Provider vDC Quick View** displays the **Provider vDC Summary** view on the right.

Provider VDC Summary Explore **Related Items** ProviderVDC Name ProVDC Org VDCs Description 0 Ø All Alarms (2) A 5 Enabled 0 0 True 1 1 vCenters Hardware Version... SupportedVersions 🕴 🔶 A ۲ ø 1 0 0 False Busy Resource pools 0 0 0 A. ß 1 CPU Usage Memory Usage -Storage Usage 0 DataStores 🙆 🔶 A) Ø 12 12 800 120 1 0 0 0 600 - 8 8 80 DatastoreClusters 0 0 0 A 품 1 82 8 400 Û 1 4 0 0 4 40 0 1 200 StorageProfiles 0 0 A 0 0 40 0 0 0 5 2 19:00 20:00 21:00 22:00 19:00 20:00 21:00 22:00 19:00 20:30 22:00 0 0 2 0 Utilization 🗌 Baseline Utilization 🗌 Baseline Utilization 🗌 Baseline Used Networks ____ Used Used Used 2 2 All Alarms i Severity Alarm Mess Time 7/2/13 5:11 PM Memory utilization 11% deviation from baseline. Provider VDC ProVDC has memory utilization significantly deviating from the bas ٨ Θ 7/2/13 5:11 PM CPU utilization 9% deviation from baseline. Provider VDC ProVDC has cpu utilization significantly deviating from the baseline! 4

Figure 14. Provider vDC Summary view

This view displays the overall resource utilization and the amounts of system resource consumption for a selected organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC. For more information, see Exploring the Use of Individual Organization, Organization vDC, or Provider vDC Resources on page 29.

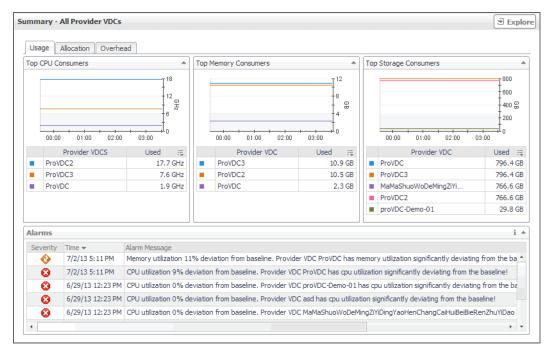
Exploring the Collective Use of All Organization, Organization vDC, or Provider vDC Resources

The following views display the levels of resource utilization for all organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs objects:

- Summary All Organizations
- Summary All Organization vDCs
- Summary All Provider vDCs

These views identify the elements that consume the highest amount of system resources. They can help you learn about the resource levels used by all organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs in your environment, and to identify and prevent potential bottlenecks by reallocating resources where they are most needed. These summary views appear on the right of the Quick View when you select the **Organization**, **Organization vDCs**, or **Provider vDCs** tile.

Figure	15.	Summary	view
--------	-----	---------	------



The information appearing on this view is organized into the following tabs:

- Usage tab
- Allocation tab
- Overhead tab

For information about the All Alarms view also appearing in this summary, see Managing Alarms on page 21.

Usage tab

Use this tab to identify the organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs with the highest usage of CPU, memory, and disk resources. The information appearing on this tab can help you to quickly identify the objects whose usage exceeds projected expectations. In most cases, allocating additional resources to these components can help avoid potential bottlenecks.

Figure 16. Usage tab

op CPU Consumers		Top Memory Consumers	*	Top Storage Consumers	
	4 - 2 문		2 B] ²
22:30 23:30 00:30	01:30	22:30 23:30 00:30	01:30	22:30 23:30 00:30	01:30
22:30 23:30 00:30 Provider VDCS	01:30	22:30 23:30 00:30 Provider VDC	01:30 Used :=	22:30 23:30 00:30 Provider VDC	
					01:30
Provider VDCS	Used ∷‡	Provider VDC	Used 😳	Provider VDC	01:30 Used #

For each of the identified organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs, the graphs and tables appearing on this tab display the following information. Foglight[™] for vCloud Director populates these tiles using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored organizations, organization vDCs, and provider vDCs.

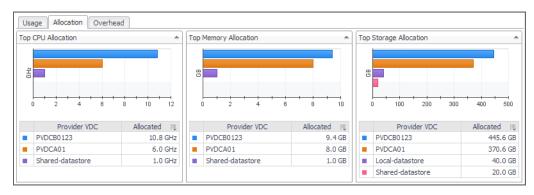
Table 4. Usage tab

Data	Description	Metrics
Top CPU Cons	sumers	
	The amount of CPU resources used by an organization,	VMVCloudOrganization cpuUsed
Used	organization vDC, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuUsed
		VMVCloudProviderVDC cpuUsed
Top Memory C	consumers	
	The amount of memory used by an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganization memoryUsed
Used		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryUsed
		VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryUsed
Top Storage C	onsumers	
	The amount of disk space used by an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganization storageUsed
Used		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageUsed
		VMVCloudProviderVDC storageUsed

Allocation tab

Use this tab to identify the organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs with the highest amounts of CPU, memory, and disk resources allocated to them. The information appearing on this tab can help you to quickly identify the objects that may require additional resources allocated to them in order to avoid potential bottlenecks.

Figure 17. Allocation tab



For each of the identified organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs, the graphs and tables appearing on this tab display the following information. Foglight for VMware populates these tiles using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored organizations, organization vDCs, and provider vDCs.

Table 5. Allocation tab

Data	Description	Metrics			
Top CPU AI	Top CPU Allocation				
	The amount of CPU resources allocated to an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganization cpuAllocated			
Allocated		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuAllocated			
		VMVCloudProviderVDC cpuAllocated			
Top Memory	Allocation				
	The amount of memory allocated to an organization, organization, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganization memoryAllocated			
Allocated		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryAllocated			
		VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryAllocated			
Top Storage	Allocation				
	The amount of disk allocated to an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganization storageAllocated			
Allocated		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageAllocated			
		VMVCloudProviderVDC storageAllocated			

Overhead tab

Use this tab to identify the organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs with the highest amounts of memory overhead. The information appearing on this tab can help you to quickly identify the objects that may require additional memory resources in order to avoid potential bottlenecks.

Figure 18. Overhead tab

Usage	Allocation Overhead				
Top Mer	Top Memory Overhead				
BM					
	Provider VDC Overhead	:=			
	There Is No Data To Display				

For each of the identified organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs, the graph and table appearing on this tab display the following information. Foglight for VMware populates these tiles using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored organizations, organization vDCs, and provider vDCs.

Table 6. Overhead tab

Data	Description	Metrics
	The amount of memory overhead generated by an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC	VMVCloudOrganization memoryOverhead
Overhead		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryOverhead
		VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryOverhead

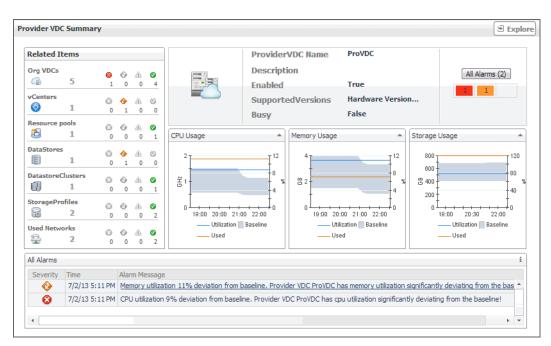
Exploring the Use of Individual Organization, Organization vDC, or Provider vDC Resources

The following views display the amounts of system resource consumption for a selected organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC:

- Organization Summary
- Organization vDC Summary
- Provider vDC Summary

These views can help you find out the configuration properties of a selected object, such as its name and state, and to identify and prevent potential bottlenecks. They appear on the right in the Quick View when you select an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC in the left pane.





The resource usage an configuration information appearing on this view is organized into the following views:

- · Configuration Properties views
- CPU, Memory, and Storage Usage views

For information about the **Related Items** and **All Alarms** views also appearing in this summary, see the following sections:

- Managing Alarms on page 21
- Reviewing Related Items on page 23

Configuration Properties views

Use this view to find out the name and description of a selected organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC. The information appearing in this view also offers some basic configuration properties such as the object's current state or allocation model (if applicable).

The combination of items in this view depends on the type of the selected object. For example, if you select an organization, this view displays its name, full name, description, and indicates if the view can publish or is enabled. Selecting a provider vDC shows its name, description supported versions, and indicates if the view is enabled or busy. If any alarms are generated against the selected object, the counts of alarms in each severity state are displayed.

Table 7. Organization, Organization vDC, and Provider vDC properties

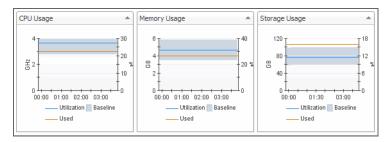
	Figure 20. O	rganization prop	Jerties	
		Name	dsg	
Ormonization		Full Name	Dell Software Gr	All Alarms (0)
Organization		Description		
		Enabled	True	
		Can Publish	True	
	Figure 21. O	rganization vDC	properties	
		Organization Name	Jay_test_01	
Organization vDC		ProviderVDC Name	PVDCB0123	All Alarms (0)
organization vibo		Allocation Model	Pay-As-You-Go	
		Enabled	True	
		System VDC	False	
	Figure 22. P	rovider vDCprop	oerties	
		ProviderVDC Name	PVDCA01	
Provider vDC		Description		All Alarms (0)
		Enabled	True	
		SupportedVersions	Hardware Version	
		Busy	False	

Figure 20. Organization properties

CPU, Memory, and Storage Usage views

Use this view to find out the percentages of CPU, memory, or memory utilization the selected organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC spends over the selected time range.

Figure 23. CPU, Memory, and Storage Usage views



For each of the identified organizations, organization vDCs, or provider vDCs, the graphs appearing on this tab display the following information. Foglight for VMware populates these tiles using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored organizations, organization vDCs, and provider vDCs.

Table 8. CP	PU, Memory,	and Storage	Usage views
-------------	-------------	-------------	-------------

Data	Description	Metrics
CPU Usage		
	The percentage of CPU resources an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC spends during the	VMVCloudOrganization cpuUtilization
Utilization		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuUtilization
		VMVCloudProviderVDC cpuUtilization

31

Data	Description	Metrics
	The amount of CPU resources an organization, organization	VMVCloudOrganization cpuUsed
Used	vDC, or provider vDC spends during the selected time range.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuUsed
		VMVCloudProviderVDC cpuUsed
Baseline	The expected CPU usage range for an organization, organizat range is not based on the current metric values, but on calcul	
Memory Usa	age	
	The percentage of memory resources an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC spends during the	VMVCloudOrganization memoryUtilization
Utilization	selected time range.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryUtilization
		VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryUtilization
	The amount of memory resources an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC spends during the	VMVCloudOrganization memoryUsed
Used	selected time range.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryUsed
		VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryUsed
Baseline	The expected memory usage range for an organization, organ data range is not based on the current metric values, but on c	
Storage Usa	ge	
	The percentage of disk space an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC spends during the selected time range.	VMVCloudOrganization storageUtilization
Utilization		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageUtilization
		VMVCloudProviderVDC storageUtilization
	The amount of disk space an organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC spends during the selected time range.	VMVCloudOrganization storageUsed
Used		VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageUsed
		VMVCloudProviderVDC storageUsed
Baseline	The expected disk usage range for an organization, organizat range is not based on the current metric values, but on calcul	

Monitoring vSphere Resources

A typical vSphere[®] infrastructure consists of the following objects:

- *Virtual centers*: Software used to manage virtual environments that are built on the VMware virtualization platform. Each virtual center creates a hierarchical structure of virtual objects that enables a system administrator to logically lay out their virtual infrastructure configuration.
- ESX[®] hosts: Physical machines hosting one or more virtual machines.
- Resource pools: Mechanisms that enable the administrator to fine-tune resource allocations within a server cluster.

- Datastores: Storage location for virtual machine files.
- Datastore clusters: Collections of servers that share common storage resources.

You can monitor the resource usage, allocation, and overhead of these elements when you select them in the Quick View. The information appearing in this view can help you discover potential resource-level issues such as spikes in CPU, memory and disk usage, and to reallocate resources, when required.

To explore vSphere resources:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click vCloud Director > vCloud Environment.
- 2 On the vCloud Environment dashboard, on the Monitoring tab, click the vSphere Resources tile.

The **vSphere Resource Quick View** appears, showing the performance summary for a component selected in the **vSphere Resources** pane on the left.

Figure 24. vSphere Resource Quick View

vSphere Resource Quick View				
vSphere Resources	Summary - Virtual Center	olore		
Search 🔎 🗸	Related Items Resource Utilizations	1		
Virtual Centers Control Cen	Zhuvm-fog-3311. Image: CPU Unification Network Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unification Image: CPU Unifi			
ESX Hosts	2 0 0 2 Resource Pools 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 Datastores 0 0 0 0 0 Wirtual Machines 0 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 Virtual Machines 0 0 0 0 0 0 Total Memory 32 GB Memory Used 88 % 0 Read Rate Wirte Rate			
VC51-NFS VC51-1 VC51-2 datastore2	Alarms i A Severity Time Alarm Message Image: 11/23/13 4:14 PM Datastore Time To Full 25 Days. At the present growth rate, Datastore VC51-1 will be full within the next 30 days.			

This view displays the overall resource utilization the selected virtual center, resource pool, or ESX host. For more information, see Exploring the Use of Virtual Center, Resource Pool, or ESX Host Resources on page 33.

Exploring the Use of Virtual Center, Resource Pool, or ESX Host Resources

The following views display the amounts of system resource consumption for a selected virtual center, resource pool, or ESX[®] host:

- Summary Virtual Center
- Summary Resource Pool
- Summary ESX Host

These views can help you to identify and prevent potential bottlenecks by reallocating resources where they are most needed. They appear on the right in the Quick View when you select a virtual center, resource pool, or ESX host in the left pane.

Figure 25. Summary - Virtual Center view

Related Items					Resource Utiliza	tions		
zhuvm-fog-3311. 3 1 Datacenters 1 Clusters 1	0	0 0 0		 ☑ ☑ ☑ ☑ ☑ ☑ ☑ ☑ 	CPU Load	CPU Utilization	Network I/O	Network Utilization
ESX Hosts 2 Resource Pools	0 0	0 0	@ 0	2 2	Memory	Memory Utilization	Disk I/O	Disk Utilization T ⁸
10 Datastores 3 Virtual Machines	0	0 0 0	0 ④ 0	10 3	Swapped Shared Ballooned Active	22:00 23:00 00:00 01:00	5.9 MB/s	22:00 23:00 00:00 01:00 Read Rate Write Rate
22	0	0	0	22	Total Memory	32 GB Memory Used 88 %		Read Rate Write Rate
Alarms		_						i 🔺
Severity Time					Alarm Message	There are currently no alarms.		

The information appearing on this view is displayed in the Resource Utilizations view.

For information about the **Related Items** and **All Alarms** views also appearing in this summary, see the following sections:

- Managing Alarms on page 21
- Reviewing Related Items on page 23

Resource Utilizations view

Use this view to review the levels of CPU, network, memory, and disk utilization and overall consumption, broken down into four simple views. FoglightTM for vCloud Director populates these values using the metrics collected by Foglight for VMware. For more information about the metrics appearing in these views, see the *Foglight for VMware User and Reference Guide*.

Data	Description			
CPU Load	The current percentage of the selected object's CPU load, used to execute system code and user programs, based on the total CPU capacity.			
% Used	The percentage of the selected object's CPU resources spent on executing system code and user programs during the selected time period.			
% Ready	The percentage of the selected object's CPU resources that is ready to execute system code and user programs during the selected time period.			
Network I/O	The current rate at which the selected object transfers data from and to the network.			
Send Rate	The rate at which the selected object sends data to the network during the selected time period.			
Receive Rate	The rate at which the selected object receives data from the network during the selected time period.			
Memory				

Table 9. Resource Utilizations view

Data	Description			
Swapped	The amount of memory that is stored in disk swap space.			
Shared	The amount of the selected object's memory that is freed up due to transparent page sharing.			
Ballooned	The amount of physical memory that is actively being used by the VMware Memory Control Driver to allow the guest OS to selectively swap memory.			
Active	The amount of the available memory that the selected object uses during the selected time period.			
Total Memory	The total amount of memory available to the selected object.			
Memory Used	The percentage of memory the selected object currently uses.			
Disk I/O	The current disk I/O rate for the selected object.			
Read Rate	The rate at which the selected object reads data from the disk during the selected time period.			
Write Rate	The rate at which the selected object writes data to the disk during the selected time period.			

Exploring the Use of Datastore or Datastore Cluster Resources

The **Summary - Datastore** and **Summary - Datastore Cluster** views display the levels of storage capacity and growth for a datastore or datastore cluster. These views helps you predict the amount of time after which the selected object's storage resources will be full and no longer available. It can help you identify and prevent potential bottlenecks by reallocating storage space where it is most needed.

This summary view appears on the right side of the Quick View when you select a datastore or a datastore cluster.

vSphere Resource Quick View				
vSphere Resources	Summary - Datastore			🖲 Exp
Search 🔎 🔻	Related Items	Resource Utilizations		
Virtual Centers	zhuvm-fog-3311. 💿 💿 🔬 🖉 🞯 1 0 0 0 1	VC51-NF5		
Resource Pools			Capacity	98.4 GB
B mines B vChudtod	Clusters 8 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Used Free Weekly Growth Rate	57.6 GB 40.9 GB 3.2 GB
ESX Hosts	ESX Hosts & & & & @ & & @ @ & & @ @ & @ @ @ @ @		Est. Time Until Full Max File Size	90.43 d 8,388,608.0 TB
10.30.301.000.03	VC51-NFS & & & & @ & & @ & & @ & & @ & & @ & & & @ &	42% Free	Type URL:	NFS ds:///vmfs/volumes/d6acd5e8-f91932b7/
Datastore Clusters VC51-local Datastores	Virtual Machines Image: Constraint of the second sec			
VC51-NFS	Alarms]		i 🔺
VC51-2 datastore2 VC51-1	Severity Time	Alarm Message There are curre	ently no alarms.	

Figure 26. Summary - Datastore view

The information appearing on this view is displayed in the Resource Utilizations view.

For information about the **Related Items** and **All Alarms** views also appearing in this summary, see the following sections:

- Managing Alarms on page 21
- Reviewing Related Items on page 23

Resource Utilizations view

Use this view to review the levels of disk utilization for a datastore or a datastore cluster. The combination of items in this view depends on the type of the selected object. For example, both datastore and datastore cluster display the total disk capacity, amounts of used and free disk space, percentage od free space, estimated weekly rate, and estimated time after which the disk will be full. For each datastore, this view also shows the maximum file size and file system type, while for datastore clusters this view also contains the amount of uncommitted storage space.

Table 10. Resource Utilizations view



Resource Utilizations		
VC51-NF5		
	Capacity	98.4 GB
	Used	57.6 GB
	Free	40.9 GB
	Weekly Growth Rate	3.2 GB
	Est. Time Until Full	90.43 d
	Max File Size	8,388,608.0 TB
	Туре	NFS
42% Free	URL:	ds:///vmfs/volumes/d6acd5e8-f91932b7/

Figure 28. Datastore Cluster Resource Utilizations view

Resource Utilizations		
闘 VC51-local		
	Capacity	1.8 TB
	Used	1.1 TB
	Free	696.3 GB
	Uncommitted	644.5 GB
	Weekly Growth Rate	0.00 MB
	Est. Time Until Full	-
38% Free		

Monitoring Virtual Machines

Virtual machines share many of the characteristics of physical systems (like storage and network interaction), but they do not have direct access to the hardware that is used to process. Each virtual machine runs on a guest operating system (for example, Microsoft[®] Windows[®] XP), and is allocated access to a specific set of the server's resources. This includes the number of processors and the amount of memory it can leverage.

You can monitor the usage of virtual machine resources when you select one or all virtual machines in the Quick View. The information appearing in this view can help you discover potential resource-level issues such as spikes in CPU, memory and disk usage, and to reallocate resources, when required.

To explore virtual machines:

- 1 On the navigation panel, under Dashboards, click vCloud Director > vCloud Environment.
- 2 On the vCloud Environment dashboard, on the Monitoring tab, click the Virtual Machines tile.

The Quick View refreshes, showing the performance summary of all selected virtual machines in the **Summary - All Virtual Machines** view.

Datastore

Datastore Cluster

Figure 29. Summary - All Virtual Machines view

Virtual Machine Quick View		
Virtual Machines	Summary - All Virtual Machines	🕑 Explore
Search Objects All Virtual Machines C archiver01-vfog DSG-OVDC1-VAPP1 DSG-OVDC2-VAPP1 TPL_VVinVP_SP3_X86_1 (lafcal V m-demo-01 C + + EADts S	Virtual Machine Used Hz 🗸 Virtual Machine Consumed 🗸 Virtual Machine Rate 🗸 Virtual M	0 02:30 03:30
FAQts * This category does not have	Alarms Severity Time Alarm Message	i 🔺
any questions Show Me	There are currently no alarms.	

This view displays the overall resource utilization information for all virtual machines in the monitored vCloud, and identifies the elements that consume the highest amount of system resources. For more information, see Exploring the Collective Use of All Virtual Machine Resources on page 37.

3 In the left pane, select a virtual machine.

The Quick View refreshes, showing a virtual machine summary view on the right.

Virtual Machine Quick View				
Virtual Machines	Virtual Machine Summary			Explore
Search Objects	Related Home	Recourse Utilizations		
All Virtual Machines				
🤣 archiver01-vfog 🔺		CPU Load CPU Utiliz	ation Network I/O	Network Utilization
SG-OVDC1-VAPP1				
DSG-OVDC2-VAPP1	Related Items Resource Utilizations 10.30.154.70 0 0 0 0 11 0 0 0 0 0 0 There Is No Data To 0			
TPL_WinXP_SP3_X86_1 (1afcal)	There Is No Data To			
✓ vm-demo-01		00:30 01:30 0	2:30 03:30	00:30 01:30 02:30 03:30
	Resource Pools 💿 🙆 🖄 🗇			Datastore Utilization
4 • •		00:30 01:30 0	2:30 03:30	00:30 01:30 02:30 03:30
FAQts ¥	Alarms	л		i 🔺
This category does not have any questions Show Me	Severity Time		alarms.	
40 of 0 ► List				

Figure 30. Virtual Machine Summary view

This view displays the levels of system resource consumption for a selected organization, organization vDC, or provider vDC. For more information, see Exploring the Use of Individual Organization, Organization vDC, or Provider vDC Resources on page 29.

Exploring the Collective Use of All Virtual Machine Resources

The **Summary - All Virtual Machines** view displays the levels of resource utilization for all virtual machines, broken down into four simple views. This view identifies the virtual machines that consume the highest amount of system resources. It can help you learn about the resource levels used by all virtual machines, and to identify and prevent potential bottlenecks by reallocating resources where they are most needed.

This summary view appears on the right of the Quick View when you select the Virtual Machines tile.

Figure 31. Summary - All Virtual Machines view

Гор	CPU C	onsumers	*	Тор	Memory Consu	mers 🔺	Тор	Network Consume	rs 🔺	Тор	Disk Consumers	
	00:30	01:30 02:30	03:30		00:30 02:00	2000 1000 ∰ 03:30		00:30 01:30 02:30	1 ⁶ E		00:30 01:30 02:30 0	
	Virtu	al Machine	Used Hz 👻		Virtual Machine	Consumed -		Virtual Machine	Rate 👻		Virtual Machine	Rate 🔻
	RHELS	5	40 MHz		RHEL5	1020 MB		RHEL5	50 b/s		RHEL5	4.4 KB/s
	RHELS	5_vApp	40 MHz	-	RHEL5_vApp	1020 MB				-	RHEL5	2.9 KB/s
	RHELS	5	36 MHz		RHEL5	957 MB						
Ala	rms											i
Se	verity	Time 🔻	Alarm I	Messa	je							
	⚠	6/28/13 11	:19 AM VMwa	re Too	s State - Installed,	Not Running. Th	e VMv	vare tools on virtual m	achine Ubunti	_vAp	p (eafed0d5-6347-42	e4-8fd2-8(*
	A	6/28/13 11	:19 AM VMwa	re Too	s State - Not Insta	lled. The VMware	tools	on virtual machine VM	1 (97fb8592-	a3f8-4	421f-b7f7-ea6ce1a7b	4ff) are eit

The information appearing on this view is organized into four views: Top CPU, Memory, Network, and Datastore Consumers views.

For information about the All Alarms view also appearing in this summary, see Managing Alarms on page 21.

Top CPU, Memory, Network, and Datastore Consumers views

Use these views to identify the virtual machines with the highest consumption of CPU, memory, network, and disk resources.

Figure 32. Top CPU, Memory, Network, and Datastore Consumers views

Тор	CPU Consumers	*	Тор	Memory Consu	mers 🔺	Тор	Network Consume	'S 🔺	То	p Disk Consumers	*
	00:30 01:30 02:30			00:30 02:00	2000 1000 ∰ 03:30		00:30 01:30 02:30 0	13:30		00:30 01:30 02:30 0	12 6 5 03:30
	Virtual Machine	Used Hz 👻		Virtual Machine	Consumed -		Virtual Machine	Rate 👻		Virtual Machine	Rate 👻
	RHEL5	40 MHz		RHEL5	1020 MB		RHEL5	50 b/s		RHEL5	4.4 KB/s
	RHEL5_vApp	40 MHz		RHEL5_vApp	1020 MB					RHEL5	2.9 KB/s
	RHEL5	36 MHz		RHEL5	957 MB						
			-								

Foglight[™] for vCloud Director populates these views using the metrics collected by Foglight for VMware. For more information about the metrics appearing in these views, see the *Managing Virtualized Environments User and Reference Guide*.

Table 11. Top CPU, Memory, Network, and Datastore Consumers views

Data	Description
Virtual Machine	The name of the virtual machine.
Top CPU Consumers	
Used Hz	The amount of CPU processing speed the virtual machine spends on executing system code and user programs, during the selected time range.
Top Memory Consum	ners
Consumed	The amount of memory the virtual machine consumes during the selected time range.
Top Network Consum	ners
Rate	The rate at which the virtual machine transfers data to or from the network during the selected time range.

Table 11, Top CPU	Memory.	Network.	and Datastore	Consumers views
	,			

Data	Description
Top Disk Consumers	
Rate	The rate at which the virtual machines reads or writes data to the disk during the selected time range.

Exploring the Use of Individual Virtual Machine Resources

The Virtual Machine Summary view displays the amounts of system resource consumption for a selected virtual machine. This view can help you to identify and prevent potential bottlenecks by reallocating resources where they are most needed. It appears on the right in the Quick View when you select a virtual machine in the Virtual Machines pane.

Virtual Machine Summary 🗉 Explore Related Items **Resource Utilizations** 103-14-145-14-0 CPU Load CPU Utilization Network I/O Network Utilizatio Θ ø A. Ø 6 100 0 1 Ø STL QC ø ø ŵ. Ø 0.00 Kb 1 OC Alpha 10:30 12:00 13:30 10:30 11:30 12:30 13:30 ۵ <u>ش</u> 0 Transfer Rate 🔤 Baseline 1-1 0 % Used 🗌 Baseline % Ready 影影响调整影响 6 ŵ. Ø 1 1 1 Disk I/O Memory Utilization Disk Utilization Resource Pools 280 12 ea. 0 ŵ. Ø Ð 1 0 0 0 1 140 🖗 0.00 MB/s Datastores ø 0 A. Ø 1 0 0 1 10:30 11:30 12:30 13:30 10:30 12:00 13:30 FxM07 Utilization 🗌 Baseline Transfer Rate 🔤 Baseline 0 0 1 0 Alarms Severity Time Alarm Message 8/1/12 8:49 PM VMware Tools State - Not Installed. The VMware tools on virtual machine FxM07 are either out of date or not running. It is recom ▲

Figure 33. Virtual Machine Summary view

The information appearing on this view is displayed in the Resource Utilizations view.

For information about the Related Items and All Alarms views also appearing in this summary, see the following sections:

- Managing Alarms on page 21
- Reviewing Related Items on page 23

Resource Utilizations view

Use this view to review the levels of CPU, network, memory, and disk utilization and overall consumption, broken into four simple views. Foglight[™] for vCloud Director populates these values using the metrics collected by Foglight for VMware. For more information about the metrics appearing in these views, see the Managing Virtualized Environments User and Reference Guide.

Kb/s

Þ.

Table 12. Resource Utilizations view

Data	Description
CPU Load	The current percentage of the selected virtual machine's CPU load, used to execute system code and user programs, based on the total CPU capacity.
% Used	The percentage of the selected virtual machine's CPU utilization, spent on executing system code and user programs, during the selected time period.
Baseline	The expected CPU utilization range, based on historical data.
% Ready	The percentage of the selected virtual machine's CPU resources that is ready to execute system code and user programs during the selected time period.
Network I/O	The current rate at which the selected virtual machine transfers data from and to the network.
Transfer Rate	The rate at which the selected virtual machine transfers data from and to the network during the selected time period.
Baseline	The expected network utilization range based on historical data.
Memory	The current percentage of the average memory usage by the selected virtual machine, based on the total memory capacity.
Utilization	The percentage of memory used by the virtual machine during the selected time period.
Baseline	The expected memory utilization range based on historical data.
Disk I/O	The current disk I/O rate for the selected virtual machine.
Transfer Rate	The rate at which the selected virtual machine transfers data from and to the disk during the selected time period.
Baseline	The expected disk utilization range based on historical data.

Reviewing Frequently Asked Questions

Foglight[™] for vCloud Director offers a collection of frequently asked questions that provide quick insight into resource utilization levels for organization and provider vDCs in your monitored system. The question mechanism is interactive, guiding you to choose a category and specify additional parameters.

You can find the available questions on the FAQts tab of the vCloud Monitoring dashboard.

Figure 34. FAQts tab

vCloud_Director	▼					
Monitoring FAQts	Administration Reports					
Categories	Questions	Which Organizations have the highest CPU Utilization?				
	👷 🗟 Search Questions 🔎					
All Questions Favorites	Which Organizations have the highest CPU Utilization?	Top 5 Organizations with the Highest CPU Utilization				
My Questions	Which Organizations have the highest Memory Utilization?	Organization Used Limited Utilization				
Organizations Organization VDCs	Which Organizations have the highest Storage Utilization?	Org1 2.0 GHz 0.0 MHz				
Provider VDCs	Which Organization VDCs have the highest CPU Utilization?					
	Which Organization VDCs have the highest Memory Utilization?					
	Which Organization VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization?					
	Which Provider VDCs have the highest CPU Utilization?					
	Which Provider VDCs have the highest Memory Utilization?	Related Questions → Which Organization VDCs have the highest Memory Utilization?				
	Which Provider VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization?	 Which Organizations have the highest Storage Utilization? Which Provider VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization? 				
	• •	1				

On this tab, the **Categories** pane several question groups. Selecting a category shows the questions belonging to that category in the **Questions** pane. From there, clicking a question shows the answer on the right.

Figure 35	FAQts tab	, selecting a	question	from a	desired	category
1 19410 00	11710,00 0010	, oolooting a	940001011			outogoij

vCloud Environment		G• Monday, June 24, 2013 11:29 PM - 3:29 AM 4 hours 👻 📋 Reports 👻
vCloud_Director	•	
Monitoring FAQts A	dministration Reports	
Categories	Questions	Which Organizations have the highest CPU Utilization?
All Questions Favorites	Which Organizations have the highest CPU Utilization?	Top 5 Organizations with the Highest CPU Utilization
My Questions	Which Organizations have the highest Memory Utilization?	Organization Used Limited Utilization
Organizations Organization VDCs	Which Organizations have the highest Storage Utilization?	Org1 2.0 GHz 0.0 MHz
Provider VDCs	Which Organization VDCs have the highest CPU Utilization?	
	Which Organization VDCs have the highest Memory Utilization?	
	Which Organization VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization?	
	Which Provider VDCs have the highest CPU Utilization?	
	Which Provider VDCs have the highest Memory Utilization?	Related Questions > Which Organization VDCs have the highest Memory Utilization?
	Which Provider VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization?	 Which Organizations have the highest Storage Utilization? Which Provider VDCs have the highest Storage Utilization?
	•	

Generating Reports

Foglight[™] for vCloud Director includes a report generation ability. This allows you to create reports using a set of predefined templates to report on the various aspects of your virtual environment. Foglight for VMware includes a collection of predefined report templates.

You can generate, copy, and edit reports using the **Reports** tab on the vCloud Environment dashboard, or alternatively the Reports dashboard included with the Management Server.

Figure 36. Reports tab

Cloud_Dir	rector		•								
Ionitoring	FAC	Qts Adminis	stration Reports								
asks:			ſ	Recent Repo	ort Histor	γ	Abo	out Reports	,		
	* (Create a R	leport		Summary	6/24/13 2:55 PM		Ounderstanding Template	s vs. Instances		
* Copy Existing Report			Summary 6/24/13 2:42 PM				? Working With Report Sch	g With Report Scheduling			
	Edit Existing Report							Viewing Report History			
Reports											
	Del	ete						Search	<mark>, </mark>		
		Name	Date 🔻	Last Run	History	Schedule	Run Now	Template			
		Summary	6/24/13 2:55 PM	PDF		Beginning of the day	I	vCloud Summary Report	*		
		test	Not Run Yet	Not Run Yet		Beginning of the day	I	vCloud Organization Summary Rep	ort		

For more information on how to use this tab to create and manage reports, see the *Managing Capacity in Virtual Environments User Guide*. For complete information about the Reports dashboard, see the *Foglight User Help*.

The following templates are available with Foglight for VMware.

Table 13. Report templates

Report Template	Use it to
vCloud Organization Summary Report	Compile a list of vCloud Director [®] provider and organization vDCs. For each provider and organization vDC, the list indicates if the vDC is enabled and its alarm state, the levels of used, allocated, and limited CPU, memory, and storage resources, along with a health history bar. In addition, the report shows the allocation model associated with each organization vDC.
vCloud Summary Report	Compile a list of vCloud provider and organization vDCs, organizations. For each provider vDC, organization vDC, and organization, the list indicates if the vDC is enabled and its alarm state, the levels of used, allocated, and limited CPU, memory, and storage resources, along with a health history bar. In addition, the report shows the allocation model associated with each organization vDC.

Investigating Object Dependencies

A typical vCloud Director[®] environment consists of many interrelated components. Understanding the dependencies between logical and virtual components in your monitored environment, and the levels of resources they consume, allows you to better understand resource-related issues, potentially affecting the stability of your system. This can help you predict the impact a potential outage may have on your environment, and to prevent such events, by reallocating resources where they are most needed.

- Getting Started with the Dependency Map
- Starting your Investigation

Getting Started with the Dependency Map

The vCloud VM Dependency dashboard visualizes the relationships between the different objects in your environment through an interactive map. The map illustrates how different components relate to each other, and the levels of the available resources available to them.

To access this dashboard, under **Dashboards**, choose vCloud Director > vCloud Dependency.

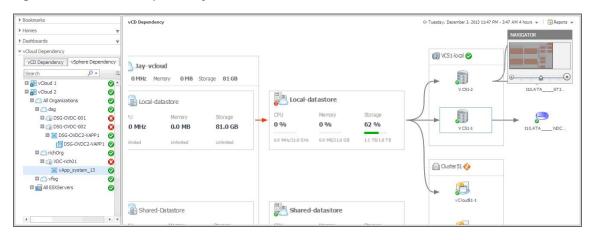


Figure 37. vCloud VM Dependency dashboard

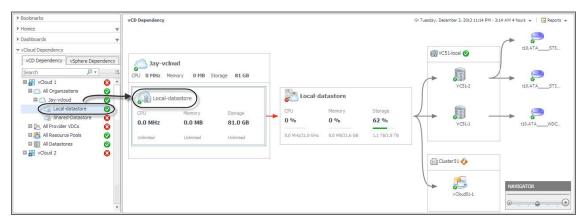
Navigating the Object Hierarchy

The **vCloud Dependency** view appearing on the navigation tab shows a navigation tree representing a simplified map of your monitored objects, and pertinent alarm information.

On the right of each object in the **vCloud Dependency** view status indicators are displayed. Each status indicator represents the alarm of the highest severity that is generated against the object. For an object type container, the status indicator represents the alarm of highest severity that is outstanding for all objects of that type.

When you select an object from the **vCloud Dependency** view, the vCloud Logic Dependency dashboard displays a dependency map showing the selected object and any dependencies that it may have with other physical and virtual components in your monitored environment.





The information appearing in this view is organized into two tabs:

- vCD Dependency tab
- vSphere Dependency tab

vCD Dependency tab

The vCD Dependency tab illustrates the logical dependencies between the monitored objects. To open this tab, on the navigation panel, under vCloud Dependency, click vCD Dependency.



▼ vCloud Dependency	
vCD Dependency vSphere Dependency	
Search 🔎 🔹	15
VCloud 1	8
All Organizations	0
□ C Jay-vcloud	0
Local-datastore	O
Shared-Datastore	0
💷 📉 All Provider VDCs	8
🔯 Local-datastore	
Shared-datastore	O
🗉 🔁 All Resource Pools	O
🔁 vCloud51-1	O
🔁 vCloud51-2	O
All Datastores	0
VC51-1	0
VC51-2	O
VC51-NFS	0
VCloud 2	8
	*

On this tab, your monitored vCloud appears as the root of the navigation tree, with all of its organizations, provider vDCs, resource pools, and datastores. Organization vDCs appear as child nodes of organizations. This structure illustrates the hierarchy of monitored objects in your vCloud Director infrastructure. Use this view to quickly locate a desired object using the logical hierarchy within your vCloud, and to explore any related dependencies.

vSphere Dependency tab

The **vSphere Dependency** tab focuses on the relationships between organizations and virtual machines. To open this tab, on the navigation panel, under vCloud Dependency, click **vSphere Dependency**.

Like the vCD Dependency tab, this tab also displays the monitored vCloud Director[®] as the root of the navigation tree, with organizations, ESX hosts, and datastores immediately below. The tree also displays virtual machines

organized into vApps. Use this view to quickly find any of these components and investigate their effect on the performance of virtual machines in your environment.

Figure 40. vSphere Dependency tab

▼ vCloud Dependency	
Logic Dependency VM Dependency	
Search 🔎 🗸	
Cloud03	0
All Organizations	8
C richOrg	
🗖 🍙 VDC-rich01	•
🖾 🔀 vApp03	0
vApp03 (f1abbee9	0
🖾 🚟 Replay01	0
🖾 🔚 replay02	0
vApp_system_6	0
vApp_system_11	0
🖾 🔛 vApp_system_9	0
vApp_system_10	0
🖾 🗀 vfog	•
All ESXServers	
ilo. 30. 146. 21	0
ilo. 30. 147. 92	
All Datastoress	0
datastore 1	0
i datastore2	9

Identifying Dependency Map Elements

In a dependency map, some objects are represented with container tiles, others with single-object tiles or just icons. Dependencies between the objects in a map are illustrated with single-directional arrows.

Figure 41. Dependency map elements

▶ Bookmarks	vCD Dependen	icy					G	• Tuesday,	December 3, 2013 11:4	7 PM - 3:47 AM 4 hours 👻 📋 🖪 Reports 👻
▶ Homes T										NAVIGATOR
▶ Dashboards 🛛 🔻										
▼ vCloud Dependency								ell'un	51-local 🥝	
vCD Dependency vSphere Dependency	Jay-vdo	hurd						69 10	51-10 CBI 🔮	a and a second
Search 🔎 🔹									(Second	
🖬 🔡 vCloud 1 🛛 🞯 *	0 MHz Me	errory OMB S	torage 81 GB					1		
🖬 🔐 vCloud 2 📀							1		V C51-2	t10.ATAST3
🖬 📇 All Organizations 🛛 📀	📄 Local-da	atastore		Jocal-da	atastore					
🗏 🙆 dsg 🛛 🥥				CPU	Memory	Storage				
C DSG-OVDC-001 O DSG-OVDC-002 O	NU CONTRACTOR	Merrory	Storage	 0%	0 %	62 %	\prec	-		
DSG-OVDC-002 SG-OVDC2-VAPP1	0 MHz	0.0 MB	81.0 GB	0.70	0.10				V C51-1	t10.ATAWDC
DSG-OVDC2-VAPP1	limited	Unlimited	Unlimited	0.0 MHz/21.0 GHz	0.0 MB/21.6 GB	1.1 TE/1.8 TE	1			
∎ richOrg							- 1			
🗏 👍 VDC-rich01 🛛 😵								(The		
🚟 vApp_system_13 🛛 🥥							1	1 CL	uster 51 📀	
🖾 🖄 vfog 🛛 📀									-	
🖬 💼 All ESXServers 🤡								-	5	
				10000					vCloud51-1	
	Shared-	-Datastore		Shared-	datastore					
4				0						

The complexity of the information representing an object depends on its type and any dependencies it has with other objects in a monitored environment. Object dependencies are represented with arrow lines.

Every object is represented with an icon, representing its type. This allows you quickly recognize main elements in a dependency map.

Table 14. Object type icons

Cluster	
Datastore	
Datastore Cluster	

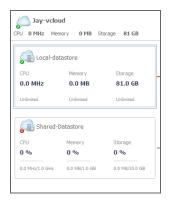
Table 14. Object type icons



Organization tile

The organization tile displays the levels of resource utilization (CPU, memory, and disk storage) for an entire organization. It also shows the organization's alarm severity state. These tiles also contain one or more tiles representing organization vDCs associated with that organization.

Figure	42.	Organization	tile
--------	-----	--------------	------



Foglight[™] for vCloud Director populates the organization tile using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored organizations.

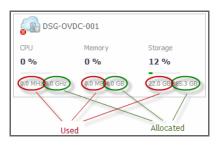
Table 15. Organization tile

Data	Description	Metric
CPU	The amount of the organization's CPU resources spent on executing system code and user programs.	VMVCloudOrganization cpuUsed
Memory	The amount of the organization's memory resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudOrganization memoryUsed
Storage	The amount of the organization's disk resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudOrganization storageUsed

Organization vDC tile

The organization vDC tile displays the levels of CPU, memory, and disk storage usage, and the amounts of allocated resources. It also shows the alarm severity state of the organization vDC.

Figure 43. Organization vDC tile



Foglight for VMware populates these tiles using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored organization vDCs.

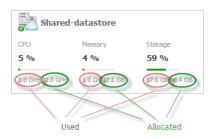
Table 16. Organization vDC tile

Data	Description	Metric
CPU	The percentage of the organization vDC's CPU resources spent on executing system code and user programs during the selected time period.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuUtilization
Used	The amount of CPU resources spent on executing system code and user programs.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuUsed
Allocated	The total amount of CPU resources allocated to the organization vDC.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC cpuAllocated
Memory	The percentage of the organization vDC's memory resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryUtilization
Used	The amount of the organization vDC's memory resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryUsed
Allocated	The total amount of memory resources that are allocated to the organization vDC.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC memoryAllocated
Storage	The percentage of the organization vDC's disk resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageUtilization
Used	The amount of the organization vDC's disk resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageUsed
Allocated	The total amount of disk resources that are allocated to the organization vDC.	VMVCloudOrganizationVDC storageAllocated

Provider vDC tiles

The provider vDC tile displays the percentages of resource utilization (CPU, memory, and disk storage) for a provider vDC, and its severity state. It also shows the current resource usage and the total amount of resources available to the provider vDC.

Figure 44. Provider vDC tile



Foglight for VMware populates these tiles using the values stored as metrics collected from monitored provider vDCs.

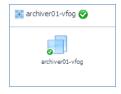
Table	17.	Provider	vDC tile
-------	-----	-----------------	----------

Data	Description	Metric
CPU	The percentage of the provider vDC's CPU resources spent on executing system code and user programs during the selected time period.	VMVCloudProviderVDC cpuUtilization
Allocated	The total amount of CPU resources available to the provider vDC.	VMVCloudProviderVDCcpuAllocate d
Used	The amount of CPU resources spent on executing system code and user programs.	VMVCloudProviderVDC cpuUsed
Memory	The percentage of the provider vDC's memory resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryUtilization
Allocated	The total amount of memory resources that are available to the provider vDC.	VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryAllocated
Used	The amount of the provider vDC's memory resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudProviderVDC memoryUsed
Storage	The percentage of the provider vDC's disk resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudProviderVDC storageUtilization
Allocated	The total amount of disk resources that are available to the provider vDC.	VMVCloudProviderVDC storageAllocated
Used	The amount of the provider vDC's disk resources that are currently in use.	VMVCloudProviderVDC storageUsed

vApp, Cluster, and Datastore tiles

The vApp, cluster, and datastore tiles are somewhat simpler in that they displays just the name of the component and its severity state, and also the name and severity state of the containing objects: virtual machines, resource pools, and datastores.

Figure 45. vApp tile



Setting the Zoom Level

In larger multi-component environments, a typical dependency map is likely complex and cannot fit your screen. The **NAVIGATOR** in the top-right corner allows you to easily set the zoom level by dragging the slider into the appropriate position. You can also display a desired part of the map by dragging the grey rectangle.

Figure 46. Navigator



Starting your Investigation

To get started with your investigation, first select a desired object in the navigation tree. The vCD Dependency dashboard refreshes showing your object and any related dependencies. Observe related components and their alarm states. This can give you a good indication of any potential bottlenecks or performance issues.

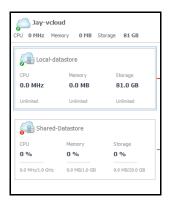




Some objects in the dependency map are displayed in multi- and single component tiles, and object icons. The type and range of the objects appearing on the vCD Dependency dashboard depends on the selected objects and the dependencies that object has within your integrated infrastructure. To better understand the map, every object type is identified with an icon. For more information, see Identifying Dependency Map Elements on page 45.

For example, when you select an organization in the navigation tree, the dependency map displays a tile representing the organization object consisting of one or more organization vDCs.

Figure 48. Organization tile



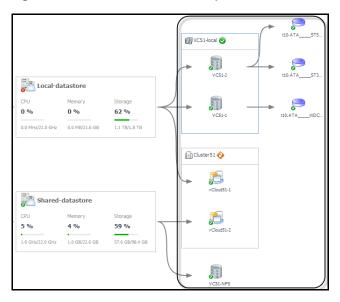
The tile displays the current CPU, memory, and disk usage for the organization object as a whole, and for any organization vDCs that belong to the selected organization. Alarm states are also given for the organization and any comprising organization vDCs. Next, the map shows any provider vDCs on which these organization vDCs depend.

Figure 49. Provider vDCs

🛺 Local-da	atastore		Local-d	atastore	
CPU	Memory	Storage	CPU	Memory	Storage
0.0 MHz	0.0 MB	81.0 GB	0 %	0 %	62 %
Unlimited	Unlimited	Unlimited	0.0 MHz/21.0 GHz	0.0 MB/21.6 GB	1.1 TB/1.8 TB
Unlimited	UTINI TREE		10		
	Datastore	(Shared	-datastore	
		Storage	Shared CPU	-datastore Memory	Storage

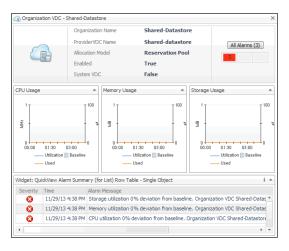
CPU, memory, and disk usage metrics appear for the provider vDCs, along with their alarm states. The map also shows the datastores and resource pools the provider vDCs use, and the elements in and elements associated with these objects, such as datastore and VMware clusters.

Figure 50. Datastores and resource pools associated with provider vDCs



To find out more information about any of the displayed components, click the appropriate tile to display more information. For example, if you see an object that is in Fatal state, you can drill down on it to review the existing alarms and investigate further the root cause of the issue.





Reference

This chapter contains reference information about rules and metrics that are defined in Foglight for vCloud Director. Read this chapter to find out details about these components.

- Rules
- Metric Collections

Rules

Foglight allows you to create flexible rules that can be applied to complex, interrelated data from multiple sources within your distributed system. You can associate several different actions with a rule, configure a rule so that it does not fire repeatedly, and associate a rule with schedules to define when it should and should not be evaluated.

Different types of data can be used in rules, including registry variables, raw metrics, derived metrics, and topology object properties.

There are two types of rules in Foglight for vCloud Director: simple rules and multiple-severity rules. A simple rule has a single condition, and can be in one of three states: *Fire*, *Undefined*, or *Normal*. A multiple-severity rule can have up to five severity levels: *Undefined*, *Fatal*, *Critical*, *Warning*, and *Normal*.

Rule conditions are regularly evaluated against monitoring data (metrics and topology object properties collected from your monitored environment and transformed into a standard format). Therefore, the state of the rule can change if the data changes. For example, if a set of monitoring data matches a simple rule's condition, the rule enters the *Fire* state. If the next set does not match the condition, the rule exits the *Fire* state and enters the *Normal* state.

A rule condition is a type of expression that can be true or false. When it evaluates to true, the rule is said to fire, causing any actions that are associated with the rule or severity level to be performed. You can configure a rule to perform one or more actions upon entering or exiting each state. When a multiple-severity rule fires, an alarm also appears in Foglight for vCloud Director.

For more information see the Foglight for vCloud Director Administration and Configuration Help.

Foglight for VMware provides an effective monitoring solution for the vCloud infrastructure. The rules included with this product alert you about virtual infrastructure problems.

When service degradations are detected, Foglight for vCloud Director sends alerts to the event console. Optionally, Foglight for vCloud Director can be configured to send emails, pager messages, or perform other actions you define. Performance data can be viewed, analyzed, and reported using Foglight for vCloud Director.

Foglight for VMware includes the following groups of rules:

- vCloud Director Dependencies Rule on page 52
- vCloud Director Rules on page 53

vCloud Director Dependencies Rule

This section describes the vCloud Director Dependency rule:

• vCloudDependenciesRefresher rule on page 53

vCloudDependenciesRefresher rule

Purpose

This rule refreshes all objects found in the vCloud dependency map.

vCloud Director Rules

This section lists and describes the vCloud Director rules. Rules in this section:

- VCloud Agent Updates rule on page 53
- VCloud Check Virtual Center Monitoring Status rule on page 53
- VCloud OrganizationVDC CPU Utilization rule on page 54
- VCloud OrganizationVDC Memory Utilization rule on page 54
- VCloud OrganizationVDC Storage Utilization rule on page 54
- VCloud ProviderVDC CPU Utilization rule on page 55
- VCloud ProviderVDC Memory Utilization rule on page 55
- VCloud ProviderVDC Storage Utilization rule on page 55

VCloud Agent Updates rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the activity of monitoring vCloud Director Agent instances.

Scope

Agent

Table 18. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The monitoring vCloud Director Agent instances are active and collecting data.	Normal	None
A vCloud Director Agent instance has not collected any data for 10 minutes (600 seconds). This time period is set by the VCL:agent.lastUpdated.critical registry variable. The default global value of this variable is 600 (seconds).	Critical	None

VCloud Check Virtual Center Monitoring Status rule

Purpose

This rule checks if the Virtual Centers associated with the monitored vCloud environment are configured for monitoring.

Scope

VMVCloudServerGroup.vCenters

Table 19. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
All Virtual Centers associated with the monitored vCloud environment are configured for monitoring.	Normal	None
A Virtual Center is currently not monitored. A VMware Performance Agent instance should be configured to collect data from this Virtual Center.	Warning	None

VCloud OrganizationVDC CPU Utilization rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the CPU utilization of organization vDCs, and generates alarms if it determines that the CPU utilization significantly deviates from the baseline values.

Scope

VMVCloudOrganizationVDC

Table 20. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The CPU utilization of all organization vDCs is within the normal baseline range.	Normal	None
The CPU utilization of an organization vDC has reached 97% of the baseline value.	Critical	None
The CPU utilization of an organization vDC has reached 99% of the baseline value.	Fatal	None

VCloud OrganizationVDC Memory Utilization rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the memory utilization of organization vDCs, and generates alarms if it determines that the memory utilization significantly deviates from the baseline values.

Scope

VMVCloudOrganizationVDC

Table 21. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The memory utilization of all organization vDCs is within the normal baseline range.	Normal	None
The memory utilization of an organization vDC has reached 97% of the baseline value.	Critical	None
The memory utilization of an organization vDC has reached 99% of the baseline value.	Fatal	None

VCloud OrganizationVDC Storage Utilization rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the disk storage utilization of organization vDCs, and generates alarms if it determines that the storage utilization significantly deviates from the baseline values.

Scope

VMVCloudOrganizationVDC

Table 22. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The storage utilization of all organization vDCs is within the normal baseline range.	Normal	None
The storage utilization of an organization vDC has reached 97% of the baseline value.	Critical	None
The storage utilization of an organization vDC has reached 99% of the baseline value.	Fatal	None

VCloud ProviderVDC CPU Utilization rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the CPU utilization of provider vDCs, and generates alarms if it determines that the CPU utilization significantly deviates from the baseline values.

Scope

VMVCloudProviderVDC

Table 23. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The CPU utilization of all provider vDCs is within the normal baseline range.	Normal	None
The CPU utilization of a provider vDC has reached 97% of the baseline value.	Critical	None
The CPU utilization of a provider vDC has reached 99% of the baseline value.	Fatal	None

VCloud ProviderVDC Memory Utilization rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the memory utilization of provider vDCs, and generates alarms if it determines that the memory utilization significantly deviates from the baseline values.

Scope

VMVCloudProviderVDC

Table 24. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The memory utilization of all provider vDCs is within the normal baseline range.	Normal	None
The memory utilization of a provider vDC has reached 97% of the baseline value.	Critical	None
The memory utilization of a provider vDC has reached 99% of the baseline value.	Fatal	None

VCloud ProviderVDC Storage Utilization rule

Purpose

This rule monitors the disk storage utilization of provider vDCs, and generates alarms if it determines that the storage utilization significantly deviates from the baseline values.

Scope

VMVCloudProviderVDC

Table 25. Rule Definition

Conditions	State	Action
The storage utilization of all provider vDCs is within the normal baseline range.	Normal	None
The storage utilization of a provider vDC has reached 97% of the baseline value.	Critical	None
The storage utilization of a provider vDC has reached 99% of the baseline value.	Fatal	None

Metric Collections

vCloud Director agents collect data from monitored environment and store it in the Foglight[™] topology model as topology objects. Each monitored object is represented with a topology object. For example, a VMVCloudProviderVDC object instance represents a specific provider vDC. Foglight for VMware includes a set of topology types representing the different monitoring targets. Each object type comes with a unique collection of metric properties that store metric data collected from the monitored objects. The following topology types are used for storing collected metrics:

- VMVCloudOrganization
- VMVCloudProviderVDC
- VMVCloudOrganizationVDC
- VMWStorageProfile
- VMVCloudProviderVDCStorageProfile
- VMVCloudVApp
- VMVCloudVAppTemplate
- VMVCloudServerGroup
- VMVCloudOrgVDCStorageProfile
- VMVCloudNetworkPool

Table 26. VMVCloudOrganization

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description	
catalogCount	count	No	The number of catalogs in the organization.	
cpuAllocated	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are allocated to the organization.	
cpuAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all CPU resources that are allocated to the organization.	
cpuLimit	count	No	The limit of CPU resources in MHz that is imposed to the organization.	
cpuOverhead	count	No	The amount of CPU overhead in MHz that are incurred by the organization.	
cpuReserved	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are reserved for the organization.	
cpuUsed	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that the organization currently uses.	
cpuUtilization	%	No	The percentage of CPU resources that are in use by the organization.	

Table 26. VMVCloudOrganization

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
diskCount	count	No	The number of disks in the organization.
groupCount	count	No	The number of groups in this organization.
memoryAllocated	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are allocated to the organization.
memoryAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all memory resources that are allocated to the organization.
memoryLimit	MB	No	The limit of memory resources in MB imposed to the organization.
memoryOverhead	MB	No	The amount of memory overhead in MB that are incurred by the organization.
memoryReserved	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are reserved for the organization.
memoryUsed	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that the organization currently uses.
memoryUtilization	%	No	The percentage of memory resources that are in use by the organization.
orgVDCCount	count	No	The number of organization vDCs in the organization.
runningVMCount	count	No	The number of running virtual machines in the organization.
storageAllocated	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to the organization.
storageAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all storage resources that are allocated to the organization.
storageLimit	MB	No	The limit of storage resources in MB imposed to the organization.
storageOverhead	MB	No	The amount of storage overhead in MB that are incurred by the organization.
storageReserved	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are reserved for the organization.
storageUsed	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that the organization currently uses.
storageUtilization	%	No	The percentage of storage resources that are in use by the organization.
userCount	count	No	The number of users belonging to the organization.
vAppCount	count	No	The number of vApps in the organization.

Table 27. VMVCloudProviderVDC

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
cpuAllocated	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are allocated to the provider vDC.
cpuAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all CPU resources that are allocated to the provider vDC.
cpuLimit	count	No	The limit of CPU resources in MHz imposed to the provider vDC.
cpuOverhead	count	No	The amount of CPU overhead in MHz that are incurred by the provider vDC.

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Table 27. VMVCloudProviderVDC

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
cpuReserved	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are reserved for the provider vDC.
cpuUsed	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that the provider vDC currently uses.
cpuUtilization	%	No	The percentage of CPU resources that are in use by the provider vDC.
datastoreCount	count	No	The number of datastores in the provider vDC.
memoryAllocated	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are allocated to the provider vDC.
memoryAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all memory resources that are allocated to the provider vDC.
memoryLimit	MB	No	The limit of memory resources in MB imposed to the provider vDC.
memoryOverhead	MB	No	The amount of memory overhead in MB that are incurred by the provider vDC.
memoryReserved	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are reserved for the provider vDC.
memoryUsed	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that the provider vDC currently uses.
memoryUtilization	%	No	The percentage of memory resources that are in use by the provider vDC.
orgVDCCount	count	No	The number of organization vDCs in this provider vDC.
storageAllocated	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to the provider vDC.
storageAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all storage resources that are allocated to the provider vDC.
storageLimit	MB	No	The limit of storage resources in MB imposed to the provider vDC.
storageOverhead	MB	No	The amount of storage overhead in MB that are incurred by the provider vDC.
storageProfileCount	count	No	The number of storage profiles in the provider vDC.
storageReserved	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are reserved for the provider vDC.
storageUsed	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that the provider vDC currently uses.
storageUtilization	%	No	The percentage of storage resources that are in use by the provider vDC.
sumOfProviderVDCDatastoresCapacityUs ed	%	Yes	The percentage of the datastores capacity that is currently in use in the provider vDC.
sumOfProviderVDCDatastoresFreeSpace	MB	Yes	The amount of free space available to all datastores in the provider vDC.
orgVDCCount	count	No	The number of organization vDCs in this provider vDC.
storageAllocated	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to the provider vDC.

Table 27. VMVCloudProviderVDC

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
storageAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all storage resources that are allocated to the provider vDC.
storageLimit	MB	No	The limit of storage resources in MB imposed to the provider vDC.
storageOverhead	MB	No	The amount of storage overhead in MB that are incurred by the provider vDC.
storageProfileCount	count	No	The number of storage profiles in the provider vDC.
storageReserved	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are reserved for the provider vDC.
storageUsed	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that the provider vDC currently uses.
storageUtilization	%	No	The percentage of storage resources that are in use by the provider vDC.
sumOfProviderVDCDatastoresCapacityUs ed	%	Yes	The percentage of the datastores capacity that is currently in use in the provider vDC.
sumOfProviderVDCDatastoresFreeSpace	MB	Yes	The amount of free space available to all datastores in the provider vDC.
vCpuRatingMhz	count	No	The vCPU rating in Mhz for the provider vDC.

Table 28. VMVCloudOrganizationVDC

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
cpuAllocated	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are allocated to the organization vDC.
cpuAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all CPU resources that are allocated to the organization vDC.
cpuLimit	count	No	The limit of CPU resources in MHz imposed to the organization vDC.
cpuOverhead	count	No	The amount of CPU overhead in Mhz that are incurred by the organization vDC.
cpuReserved	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are reserved for the organization vDC.
cpuUsed	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that the organization vDC currently uses.
cpuUtilization	%	No	The percentage of CPU resources that are in use by the organization vDC.
memoryAllocated	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are allocated to the organization vDC.
memoryAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all memory resources that are allocated to the organization vDC.
memoryLimit	MB	No	The limit of memory resources in MB imposed to the organization vDC.
memoryOverhead	MB	No	The amount of memory overhead in MB that are incurred by the organization vDC.
memoryReserved	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are reserved for the organization vDC.

Table 28. VMVCloudOrganizationVDC

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
memoryUsed	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that the organization vDC currently uses.
memoryUtilization	%	No	The percentage of memory resources that are in use by the organization vDC.
networkQuota	count	No	The maximum number of network objects that can be deployed in the organization vDC. The default value is zero '0', which specifies an unlimited number.
nicQuota	count	No	The maximum number of virtual NICs that are allowed in the organization vDC. The default value is zero '0', which specifies an unlimited number.
runningVMCountOnOrgV DC	count	Yes	The number of running virtual machines in the organization vDC.
storageAllocated	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to the organization vDC.
storageAllocationPercent	%	No	The percentage of all storage resources that are allocated to the organization vDC.
storageLimit	MB	No	The limit of storage resources in MB imposed to the organization vDC.
storageOverhead	MB	No	The amount of storage overhead in MB that are incurred by the organization vDC.
storageReserved	MB	No	The number of storage profiles in the organization vDC.
storageUsed	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that the organization vDC currently uses.
storageUtilization	%	No	The percentage of storage resources that are in use by the organization vDC.
usedNetworkCount	count	No	The number of networks used by the organization vDC.
vAppCount	count	No	The number of vApps in the organization vDC.
vmQuota	count	No	The number of virtual machines that can be created in the organization vDC. This number includes the virtual machines in both vApps and vApp templates, deployed, or otherwise. The default value is zero '0', which specifies an unlimited number.

Table 29. VMWStorageProfile

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
capacityTotal	MB	No	The amount of total storage capacity in MB for the VMware storage profile.
capacityUsed	MB	No	The amount of used storage capacity in MB for the VMware storage profile.
capacityUtilization	%	No	The percentage of used storage capacity for the VMware storage profile.
provisionedPercen t	%	No	The percentage of provisioned storage resources for the VMware storage profile.
requestedPercent	%	No	The percentage of requested storage resources for the VMware storage profile.
storageProvisione d	MB	No	The amount of provisioned storage resources in MB for the VMware storage profile.
storageRequested	MB	No	The amount of requested storage resources in MB for the VMware storage profile.

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Table 30. VMVCloudProviderVDCStorageProfile

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
capacityTotal	MB	No	The amount of total storage capacity in MB for the provider vDC storage profile.
capacityUsed	MB	No	The amount of used storage capacity in MB for the provider vDC storage profile.
capacityUtilization	%	No	The percentage of used storage capacity for the provider vDC storage profile.
provisionedPercent	%	No	The percentage of provisioned storage resources for the provider vDC storage profile.
requestedPercent	%	No	The percentage of requested storage resources for the provider vDC storage profile.
storageProvisioned	MB	No	The amount of provisioned storage resources in MB for the provider vDC storage profile.
storageRequested	MB	No	The amount of requested storage resources in MB for the provider vDC storage profile.

Table 31. VMVCloudVApp

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
cpuAllocation	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are allocated to the vApp.
cpuPercentReady	%	Yes	The percentage of CPU resources that ready for use, originating from the virtual machines that are associated with this vApp.
cpuUsed	count	Yes	The amount of CPU resources in MHz, originating from the virtual machines that are associated with this vApp, that the vApp currently uses.
cpuUtilization	%	Yes	The percentage of CPU resources, originating from the virtual machines that are associated with this vApp, that are in use by the vApp.
datastoreRead	KB/se cond	Yes	The rate at which the datastores, used by the virtual machines associated with this vApp, read data.
datastoreTransferRate	KB/se cond	Yes	The rate at which the datastores associated with this vApp transfer data.
datastoreWrite	KB/se cond	Yes	The rate at which the datastores, used by the virtual machines associated with this vApp, write data.
	KB	Yes	Memory active from VMs memory
memoryActive			The amount of the available memory, that the virtual machines associated with the vApp, are currently using.
memoryAllocation	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are allocated to the vApp.
memoryBalloon	KB	Yes	The amount of physical memory that is actively being used by the VMware Memory Control Driver to allow the guest OS to selectively swap memory, for those virtual machines that are associated with the vApp.
memoryConsumed	KB	Yes	The amount of memory resources in KB that are consumed from memory available to the virtual machines that are associated with this vApp.
memoryShared	KB	Yes	The amount of the virtual machine memory that is freed up due to transparent page sharing.

Table 31. VMVCloudVApp

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
memoryUtilization	%	Yes	The percentage of memory resources, originating from the virtual machines that are associated with this vApp, that are in use by the vApp.
networkTransferRate	bit/se cond	Yes	The rate of network transfer incurred by the vApp.
numberOfRunningVM s	count	Yes	Number of all virtual machines associated with this vApp, that are currently powered on.
numberOfVMs	count	No	The number of virtual machines that are associated with the vApp.
receiveRate	b/s	Yes	The rate at which the virtual machines associated with the vApp receive data from the network.
sendRate	b/s	Yes	The rate at which the virtual machines associated with the vApp send data to the network.
storageAllocation	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to the vApp.

Table 32. VMVCloudVAppTemplate

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
cpuAllocation	count	No	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are allocated to the vApp template.
memoryAllocation	MB	No	The amount of memory resources in MB that are allocated to the vApp template.
numberOfShadowVM s	count	No	The number of shadow virtual machines defined in the vApp template.
numberOfVMs	count	No	The number of virtual machines defined in the vApp template.
storageAllocation	MB	No	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to the vApp template.

Table 33. VMVCloudServerGroup

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
cpuAllocated	count	Yes	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that are allocated to all provider vDCs in the server group.
cpuUsed	count	Yes	The amount of CPU resources in MHz that all provider vDCs in the server group currently use.
cpuUtilization	%	Yes	The percentage of CPU resources that are in use by the all provider vDCs in the server group.
memoryAllocated	MB	Yes	The amount of memory resources in MB that are allocated to all provider vDCs in the server group.
memoryOverhead	MB	Yes	The amount of memory overhead in MB that are incurred by all provider vDCs in the server group.
memoryUsed	MB	Yes	The amount of memory resources in MB that all provider vDCs in the server group currently use.
memoryUtilization	%	Yes	The percentage of memory resources that are in use by all provider vDCs in the server group.
storageAllocated	MB	Yes	The amount of storage resources in MB that are allocated to all provider vDCs in the server group.

Table 33. VMVCloudServerGroup

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description
storageUsed	MB	Yes	The amount of storage resources in MB that the all provider vDCs in the server group currently use.
storageUtilization	%	Yes	The percentage of storage resources that are in use by all provider vDCs in the server group.

Table 34. VMVCloudOrgVDCStorageProfile

Metric	Unit	Derived Metric?	Description		
limit	MB	No	The limit of storage	ge resources in MB specified in this organization vDC storage profile.	
Table 35. VMVCloudNetworkPool					
Metric		U	nit Derived Metric? De	escription	

usedNetworksCount count No The number of used networks in the network pool.

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- · View services to assist you with your product.