

Metalogix[®] Diagnostic Manager

Reference Guide

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Welcome to Metalogix Diagnostic Manager

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager is a powerful and intuitive monitoring solution that primarily helps administrators ensure the health of their SharePoint environment and the performance of their SharePoint applications. It saves time and money by dramatically reducing administrative overhead for IT and ensuring SharePoint business user productivity. Administrators can also use Metalogix Diagnostic Manager to monitor servers, client machines, and Web pages not associated with a SharePoint environment.

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager provides real time monitoring from a single console, enabling you to quickly identify, diagnose, and resolve performance and availability problems. It also provides critical information for capacity planning by storing historical performance data of all the monitored servers. It monitors in real time, providing a comprehensive set of metrics that enable administrators to quickly pinpoint performance and availability issues related to server performance, resource usage and poorly performing HTML controls, solutions and Web controls.

Key features include the following:

- Continuous, automated monitoring from a central console.
- Intuitive dashboard user interface for an "at-a-glance" view of SharePoint and server health.
- Page component level performance analysis.
- Summary and detail performance metrics.
- Automated alerting of poorly performing pages, controls and server performance issues.
- Repository of historical performance for trending and analysis.
- Comprehensive reporting.
- Centralized SharePoint Unified Logging System (ULS) logging for all SharePoint servers in the farm.

How does Metalogix Diagnostic Manager help me?

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager lets you monitor and analyze your Microsoft SharePoint farms, servers, ULS logs, and pages. The ways in which Metalogix Diagnostic Manager can facilitate a number of tasks is described in the following table.

Task	How
Offers easy installation and use.	Installs quickly, enabling immediate performance access to any page. A typical installation takes less than 30 minutes. Additionally, the easy-to-use UI makes it very easy to identify all performance issues on a single page.
Solve SharePoint performance problems even when SharePoint is not available.	Because Metalogix Diagnostic Manager runs outside of SharePoint, you have access to historical data, alerts issued, up to the minute performance information, and much more for all SharePoint servers in your farm. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager helps eliminate the risk of spending hours trying to find out what might have caused your SharePoint environment to fail or perform badly.
Take control of your SharePoint health.	Continuously monitor, diagnose, discover, analyze and fix SharePoint performance and availability issues efficiently. Quickly understand why your SharePoint servers are not performing well or why pages are taking long to load.
Out-of-the-box monitoring.	Instant and automatic monitoring of all SharePoint farm servers without the need to develop any kind of script. Take advantage of built-in default options to start monitoring your SharePoint servers immediately.
Provides accurate and clean server-side performance metrics.	Understand the real impact of the server-side performance metrics without interference from browser type, location, operating systems and connection speed. Have control of how an application is behaving in its 'raw' state, and easily determine any application performance issues.
Quickly identifies worst performing page controls.	Immediately identify the worst performing HTML controls, solutions and Web controls by quickly analyzing their load time, size and type.
Collects component-level results.	Powerful collection of page control elements that clearly differentiates page loading, execution, or rendering of individual page elements. Quickly and easily identify what is impacting page performance, without guessing!
Provides true SharePoint- specific analysis.	Enables true visibility into SharePoint by exposing the inner workings of server controls, solutions, menus and other page elements. Using advanced methods, Metalogix Diagnostic Manager allows clear analysis of all the Web page controls and parts before they are rendered into HTML and delivered to the user.

Task	How
Quickly identifies any potential problems for any servers in the farm.	Provides notifications of any potential problems found in any of the SharePoint ULS logs for any of the servers in the SharePoint farm. (SharePoint 2010, 2013, and 2016)
Monitor the health of Office 365 tenants	Provides status information for Office 365 services (including SharePoint Online, Exchange Online, and Skype for Business) and their features.

Performance Monitoring

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager helps you to monitor and analyze the performance of your SharePoint farms. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager lets you:

- Monitor the status of SharePoint farms.
- Monitor the status of specified SharePoint pages.
- Analyze the performance of the components that make up specified pages.

You can use these tools to help find and correct SharePoint performance and availability issues.

SharePoint Server Performance Monitoring

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager uses the Windows Management Interface (WMI) to collect performance and availability information (see <u>Server Performance Information Retrieval</u>) from the servers in your SharePoint farm. You can use the Management Console to review the data for the period that you specify. You can also use the Management Console to specify the conditions that trigger alerts, and the response to those alerts.

Page Availability and Performance Monitoring

You can use Metalogix Diagnostic Manager to monitor and analyze pages that you specify.

When you monitor the page, Metalogix Diagnostic Manager tracks the load times and availability for the page at specified intervals. You can specify when Metalogix Diagnostic Manager generates alerts. You can monitor any page in a monitored SharePoint farm. You do not need to modify your SharePoint farm or the pages to monitor pages in this way. Monitoring page availability and load times has a low impact on your SharePoint farm.

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager can also analyze the performance of the components that make up a monitored SharePoint page. When you perform component analysis, you deploy a Metalogix Diagnostic Manager solution. The Collection Service uses the solution to analyze the performance of the components that make up the page. As with page load time monitoring, you can specify when Metalogix Diagnostic Manager generates alerts.

Normally, when SharePoint generates a monitored page, the solution is unused and has no impact on your SharePoint performance.

This comprehensive page analysis is separate from page availability monitoring. Because it is comprehensive, page component analysis takes additional time to perform. You should generally not perform comprehensive analysis on every monitored page every time you monitor the page. Instead, you should monitor page load times and availability on a routine basis. When routine monitoring locates a problem with a page, you can analyze the page components to further isolate the source of the problem.

Server Performance Information Retrieval

The Collection Service uses the Windows Management Interface (WMI) to collect performance information from servers in the SharePoint farms that you monitor.

Information Collected

The Collection Service retrieves information about the operating system, including the number of physical and logical processors in the CPU, and the physical and virtual memory. For Web front end (WFE) servers, the Collection Service also retrieves the installed IIS and ASP.NET versions.

In addition, the Collection Service retrieves SharePoint-specific information from the WFE servers and SQL Server-specific information from the database servers in your farm. The SharePoint specific information includes information about the SharePoint services and the performance of search, index, and other services. The SQL-specific information includes information about the database and log file sizes, and performance information for the server and the databases that it hosts.

The Metalogix Diagnostic Manager Collection Service includes the PageUtil.exe utility that lists all of the WMI metrics, arranged into groups and categories. By default, the utility is stored in the c: \Program Files (x86)\\Metalogix Diagnostic Manager\CollectionService\PageUtil.exe directory on the computer that hosts the Collection Service.

Open a command prompt in the Collection Service directory and type PageUtil.exe -m then press Enter to view the list.

WMI Scopes Analyzed

The Collection Service accesses the following WMI scopes to collect information.

Scope	Descriptions
\\ <computername>\root\default</computername>	Used to access the registry on the remote server.
\\ <computername>\root\cimv2</computername>	Used to collect performance information.

Scope	Descriptions
\\ <computername>\root\Mi- crosoft\SqlServer\ComputerManagement10</computername>	Used to access the list of SQL Server instances.
\\ <computername>\root\Mi- crosoft\SqlServer\ComputerManagement</computername>	Used to access the list of SQL Server 2003 instances.
\\ <computername>\root\mscluster</computername>	Used on SQL Server cluster nodes to determine the active/passive node in the cluster.

Objects and Properties Accessed

The Collection Service accesses the following WMI classes and fields on each server in the farm:

CPU

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Processor Interrupts per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_Processor	InterruptsPersec
CPU Usage Total - Privileged Time (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_Processor	PercentPrivilegedTime
CPU Usage Total (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_Processor	PercentProcessorTime
CPU Usage Total - User Time (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_Processor	PercentUserTime
Processor Queue Length (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_System	ProcessorQueueLength
CPU Usage - Per-Process Privileged Time (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PercentPrivilegedTime
CPU Usage - Per-Process Total (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PercentProcessorTime

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
CPU Usage - Per-Process User Time (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PercentUserTime

Disk

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Disk Free Space (MB)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	FreeMegabytes
Disk Free Percent (Percent)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	PercentFreeSpace
Disk Used (Percent)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	PercentFreeSpace
Disk Idle Time (Percent)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	PercentIdleTime
Average Disk Seconds Per Read (ms)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	AvgDisksecPerRead
Average Disk Seconds Per Transfer (ms)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	AvgDisksecPerTransfer
Average Disk Seconds Per Write (ms)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	AvgDisksecPerWrite
Disk Size (MB)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_LogicalDisk	PercentFreeSpace_Base
Average Disk Queue Length (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_PhysicalDisk	AvgDiskQueueLength
Disk Reads Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_PhysicalDisk	DiskReadsPersec
Disk Writes Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_PhysicalDisk	DiskWritesPersec

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Disk Time (Percent)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfDisk_PhysicalDisk	PercentDiskTime

IIS

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
IIS Current Connections (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedDa ta_ W3SVC_WebService	CurrentConnections
IIS Maximum Con- nections (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedDa ta_W3SVC_WebService	MaximumConnections
Application	Win32_PerfRawData_	TotalApplicationPoolRecycles ider_
Pool	APPPOOLCountersProv	
Recycles	APPPOOLWAS	
(Count)		
IIS Server	Win32_Service	Display Name, Started, StartMode, StartName,
Services Not		State, Status
Running		

Memory

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Total Physical Memory (KB)	Win32_ComputerSystem	TotalPhysicalMemory
Free Physical Memory (KB)	Win32_OperatingSystem	FreePhysicalMemory
Free Virtual Memory (KB)	Win32_OperatingSystem	FreeVirtualMemory
Total Virtual Memory (KB)	Win32_OperatingSystem	TotalVirtualMemorySiz e

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Memory Pages Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_Mem ory	PagesPersec
Per-Process Handle Count (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	HandleCount
Per-Process Page Faults Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PageFaultsPersec
Per-Process Pool Non-paged Bytes (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PoolNonpagedBytes
Per-Process Memory Usage(MB)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PrivateBytes
Per-Process Thread Count (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	ThreadCount
Per-Process Working Set (MB)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	WorkingSet

Network

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
RedirectorSessions (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfNet_Redirector	ServerSessions
RedirectorSessions Hung (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfNet_Redirector	ServerSessionsHung
Network Bytes Received PerSecond (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_ Tcpip_NetworkInterface	BytesReceivedPersec
Network Bytes Sent PerSecond (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_ Tcpip_NetworkInterface	BytesSentPersec

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Network Bytes Total PerSecond (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_Tcpip_NetworkInterface	BytesTotalPersec
Network Packets Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_ Tcpip_NetworkInterface	PacketsPersec

Paging File

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Paging File Percent Usage (Percent)	Win32_Per- fFormattedData_PerfOS_ PagingFile	PercentUsage
Paging File Percent Usage Peak (Percent)	Win32_Per- fFormattedData_PerfOS_ PagingFile	PercentUsagePeak
Paging File Size (KB)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfOS_PagingFile	PercentUsage_ Base
Per-Process Page File Bytes (MB)	Win32_PerfRawData_PerfProc_Process	PageFileBytes

SharePoint Service Status

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
SharePoint Services Not Running	Win32_Service	DisplayName,Started,StartMode,Start Name,State,Status

Web Service

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Web Svc Bytes Received Per	Win32_PerfRawData_W3SVC_WebS	BytesReceivedPersec

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Second (Count)	ervice	
Web Svc Bytes Sent Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_W3SVC_WebS ervice	BytesSentPersec
Web Svc Bytes Total Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_W3SVC_WebS ervice	BytesTotalPersec
Web Svc Connection Attempts Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_W3SVC_WebS ervice	ConnectionAttemptsPers ec
Web Svc Current Connections (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_W3SVC_WebS ervice	CurrentConnections
Web Svc Total Method Requests (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_W3SVC_WebS ervice	TotalMethodRequests

The Collection Service queries the following WMI classes and fields on each server where it detects a running IIS installation:

SQL Server

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Active Transactions/Total (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	ActiveTransactions
Data Files Size/Total (KB)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	DataFilesSizeKB
Log Files Size/Total (KB)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	LogFilesSizeKB
Transactions Per Second/Total (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	TransactionsPersec
User Connections (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? GeneralStatistics	UserConnections
Logins Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_? GeneralStatistics	LoginsPersec

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Logouts Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_? GeneralStatistics	LogoutsPersec
Latch Waits Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_?Latches	LatchWaitsPersec
Lock Requests Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_?Locks	LockRequestsPersec
Lock Waits Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_?Locks	LockWaitsPersec
Number of Deadlocks Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfRawData_?Locks	Number of Deadlocks Persec
SQL Server Services Not Running	Win32_Service	DisplayName,Started,StartM ode,StartName,State,Status

SQL Server Database

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Active Transactions (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	ActiveTransactions
Data Files Size (KB)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	DataFilesSizeKB
Log Files Size (KB)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	LogFilesSizeKB
Transactions Per Second (Count)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_? Databases	TransactionsPersec

The Collection Service queries the following WMI classes and fields on each server where it detects a SharePoint installation:

SharePoint Excel Calculation Services

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Active Requests (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPer formanceMonitoring_ExcelCalculationServices	ActiveRequests
Active Requests (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWind owsSharePointSharePointServer_Exc elCalculationServices	ActiveRequests
Average Request Processing Time (Seconds) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPer formanceMonitoring_ExcelCalculationServices	AverageRequestProcessingTime
Average Request Processing Time (Seconds) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWind owsSharePointSharePointServer_Exc elCalculationServices	AverageRequestProcessingTime
Average Session Time (Seconds) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPer formanceMonitoring_ExcelCalculationServices	AverageSessionTime
Average Session Time (Seconds) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWind owsSharePointSharePointServer_Exc elCalculationServices	AverageSessionTime
Requests Received Per Second (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPer formanceMonitoring_ExcelCalculationServices	RequestsReceivedPerSecond
Requests Received Per Second (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWind owsSharePointSharePointServer_Exc elCalculationServices	RequestsReceivedPerSecond
Requests With Errors Per Second (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPer formanceMonitoring_ExcelCalculationServices	RequestsWithErrorsPerSecond
Requests With Errors Per Second (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWind owsSharePointSharePointServer_Exc elCalculationServices	RequestsWithErrorsPerSecond

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Sessions Per Second (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPer formanceMonitoring_ExcelCalculationServices	SessionsPerSecond
Sessions Per Second (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWind owsSharePointSharePointServer_Exc elCalculationServices	SessionsPerSecond

SharePoint Excel Services

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Web Front End Active Requests (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPerf ormanceMonitoring_ExcelServicesWeb FrontEnd	ActiveRequests
Web Front End Active Requests (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWindo wsSharePointSharePointServer_ExcelS ervicesApplicationWebFrontEnd	ActiveRequests
Web Front End Average Request Processing Time (Seconds) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPerf ormanceMonitoring_ExcelServicesWeb FrontEnd	AverageRequestProcessingT ime
Web Front End Average Request Processing Time (Seconds) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWindo wsSharePointSharePointServer_ExcelS ervicesApplicationWebFrontEnd	AverageRequestProcessingT ime
Web Front End Requests Per Second (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfRawData_OfficeServerPerf ormanceMonitoring_ExcelServicesWeb FrontEnd	Requestspersecond
Web Front End Requests Per Second (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfRawData_MicrosoftWindo wsSharePointSharePointServer_ExcelS ervicesApplicationWebFrontEnd	Requestspersecond

SharePoint Search

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Blocked Documents (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSAr pi_SharePointSearchArchivalPlugin	Blockeddocuments
Blocked Documents (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_Micros oftWindowsSharePointSharePointS erver_OSSSearchArchivalPlugin	Blockeddocuments
Processed Documents per second (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSGa therer_SharePointSearchGathererP rojects	ProcessedDocumentsRa te
Processed Documents per second (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_Micros oftWindowsSharePointSharePointS erver_OSSSearchGathererProjects	DocumentsProcessedRa te
Retries per second (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSGa therer_SharePointSearchGathererP rojects	RetriesRate
Retries per second (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_Micros oftWindowsSharePointSharePointS erver_OSSSearchGathererProjects	RetriesRate
Waiting Documents (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSGa therer_SharePointSearchGathererP rojects	WaitingDocuments
Waiting Documents (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_Micros oftWindowsSharePointSharePointS erver_OSSSearchGathererProjects	TransactionsWaiting
Idle Threads (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSGT HRSVC_SharePointSearchGatherer	IdleThreads
Idle Threads (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_Micros oftWindowsSharePointSharePointS erver_OSSSearchGatherer	IdleThreads

SharePoint Search Indexer

Item	WMI Class	Class Property
Active Connections (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSIndex_Share PointSearchIndexerCatalogs	ActiveConnections
Active Connections (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_MicrosoftWindo wsSharePointSharePointServer_OSSSearchIn dexerPlugin	ActiveConnections
Documents Filtered (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSIndex_Share PointSearchIndexerCatalogs	DocumentsFiltered
Documents Filtered (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_MicrosoftWindowsSharePointSharePointServer_OSSSearchIndexerPlugin	DocumentsFiltered
Index Size (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSIndex_Share PointSearchIndexerCatalogs	IndexSize
Index Size (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_MicrosoftWindowsSharePointSharePointServer_OSSSearchIndexerPlugin	IndexSize
Queries Failed (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSIndex_Share PointSearchIndexerCatalogs	QueriesFailed
Queries Failed (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_MicrosoftWindo wsSharePointSharePointServer_OSSSearchIn dexerPlugin	QueriesFailed
Queries Succeeded (Count) (2007)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_WSSIndex_Share PointSearchIndexerCatalogs	QueriesSucceeded
Queries Succeeded (Count) (2010)	Win32_PerfFormattedData_MicrosoftWindowsSharePointSharePointServer_OSSSearchIndexerPlugin	QueriesSucceeded

Page Component Performance Data Collection

The Metalogix Diagnostic Manager Collection Service can analyze the load performance of individual page components on the SharePoint pages that you specify. The Collection Service uses the solution to analyze the page components that make up the pages that you specify.

When you analyze page performance, the analysis itself can change the page performance; the more comprehensive the analysis, the more changes the analysis introduces. The Metalogix Diagnostic Manager solution imposes the minimum possible performance penalty consistent with accurate analysis. In addition, performance analysis components are only used when performance analysis is actually in progress. When Metalogix Diagnostic Manager is not analyzing page performance, there is no performance impact on your SharePoint pages.

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager uses a custom HTTP module to collect page performance data. The solution can use the HTTP module to analyze any page that is based on a master page template that includes the AdditionalPageHead placeholder. The solution overrides the default AdditionalPageHead to direct the request to the analysis components.

You can examine the HTML that makes up the Master Page template for the SharePoint site to determine if the page includes the AdditionalPageHead placeholder. The Master Page header should include a line similar to the following:

<SharePoint:DelegateControl runat="server" ControlId="AdditionalPageHead"
AllowMultipleControls="true"/>

The default Master Page templates include the placeholder.

Page Component Data Collection

The methods that the solution uses to collect data vary. The solution uses a different data collection method for each type of control that makes up the page.

The solution uses the individual object event handlers to insert a listener into the execution process of ASP.NET controls, including web controls, server controls, user controls, and other ASP.NET elements. The solution overrides the load events and the unload events for each control. The solution uses the timers that it inserts to track component start and end times. Many controls are unloaded in batches by garbage collection processes on the Web front end (WFE) server. That is, the WFE server loads the ASP.NET controls, then keeps them resident until the garbage collector removes items in its queue. Resident items are technically still loaded until the garbage collector removes items in the queue.

SharePoint solutions and ASP.NET solutions are a type of server control but each has unique behaviors. The information that the solutions expose is different from that exposed by a base control. The Metalogix Diagnostic Manager solution treats the SharePoint and ASP.NET solutions as server controls to collect solution performance information from them. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager creates a solution group that is based on the type value of the solutions that it analyzes. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager also uses the SPWebPartManager object for the page to access the data.

Each page in your SharePoint deployment has a single Solution Manager object. SharePoint uses this Solution Manager object to keep track of all of the solutions on the page. The Solution Manager object is accessible within the page context using the this.page.WebPartManager command. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager also accesses the Solution Manager object out-of-band with the SPLimitedWebPartManager object from the GetLimitedWebPartManager method.

The method used to collect the data from the Solution Manager object varies, depending on the calling context. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager can access the SPWebPartManager object inside a solution. Metalogix Diagnostic Manager uses SPLimitedWebPartManager to get solution data from an HTTP module or handler assembly without access to the post-rendered context of a page.

For HTML controls, linked objects, or embedded objects, Metalogix Diagnostic Manager must request the object URI and time the response to measure performance. This method is simple for pages which do not utilize authentication mechanisms. When the page requires valid user credentials for a remote server, the task is more complex. If remote host is also a SharePoint server, timing complexities ensue. In the worst-case scenario, the SharePoint farm includes a complicated domain architecture that requires impersonation techniques to pass credentials to the remote host. As with ASP.NET controls, the solution performs careful filtering to determine which HTML controls have a potentially high-value performance impact and which are simply filler or formatting objects.

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager uses a DOM-parsing method to obtain and analyze the HTML components. In addition, it uses other mechanisms, including RegularExpressions, to build an array of

controls for further processing. When the array is populated, the Metalogix Diagnostic Manager solution passes the URLs to the Data Collection service protocol analyzer object to retrieve the objects and generate performance statistics.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting WMI Issues

When Metalogix Metalogix Diagnostic Manager is unable to collect WMI information, it generates an alert. The alert includes an error message that indicates the underlying problem. The message that appears is similar to the following:

WMI Object Counter names '<Counter Name>' encountered an Invalid Class error in the WMI query for object "<Object Name>'. This usually indicates that the WMI objects are not available on the target machine.

Metalogix Diagnostic Manager may be unable to retrieve the WMI information for one or more of the following reasons:

- The WMI Counters are disabled.
- The performance library is overloaded.
- The WMI repository is corrupt.

When you troubleshoot WMI availability, there are several procedures that recommends to correct the issue. You should perform the following checks in the specified order. If you encounter an error when you perform any of these checks, please contact Quest Support for additional assistance.

- 1) Verify that the WMI system is available.
- 2) Verify that the performance counter class is accessible.
- 3) Verify that the performance counter instance is accessible.
- 4) Verify that the Windows performance counters are enabled on the server.
- 5) Change the WMI counter timeout.
- 6) Resynchronize the WMI Performance Library.
- 7) Update the WMI Registry and register the WMI DLL files.
- 8) Salvage the WMI Repository.
- 9) Rebuild the list of WMI counters.
- 10) Assign additional memory to the WMI pool..

Checking for WMI, Performance Class, and Class Instance Availability

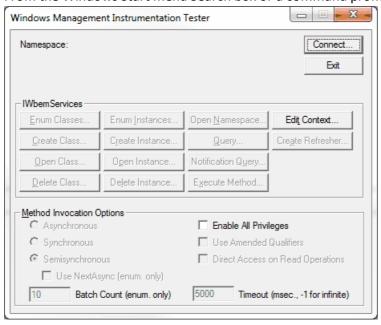
If WMI or the class or instance for a performance counter is not available, the Metalogix Diagnostic Manager Collection Service cannot retrieve the counter data. If the Management Console does not include data for a performance counter, you can use WbemTest, the Microsoft Windows Management Instrumentation Tester utility, to determine if the counter is available.

You can use the WbemTest utility to test access to any WMI performance counter on a server that is part of the SharePoint farm. You can also use the utility to test access to a WMI performance counter remotely, from the computer that hosts the Collection Service. Since you can test access locally and remotely, you can use WbemTest to determine if network access issues are interfering with access to the WMI performance counters.

When you test access to a performance counter, you need to know the class name and the property name. (See <u>Objects and Properties Accessed</u> for lists of WMI properties and classes.)

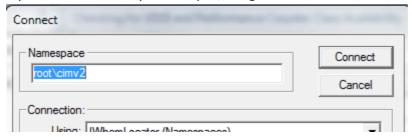
To use the WbemTest utility to test a machine's access to WMI:

1 From the Windows Start menu Search box or a command prompt, type **WbemTest**.



- 2 Click [Connect].
- 3 Make sure the Namespace field contains the appropriate value:
- If you started the utility locally root\cimv2

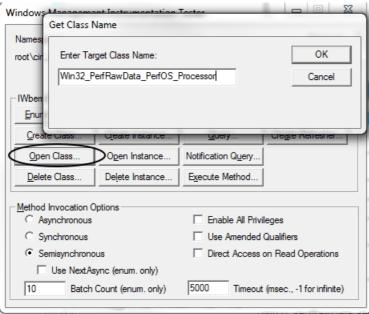
• If you started the utility remotely - \\<target server name>\root\cimv2



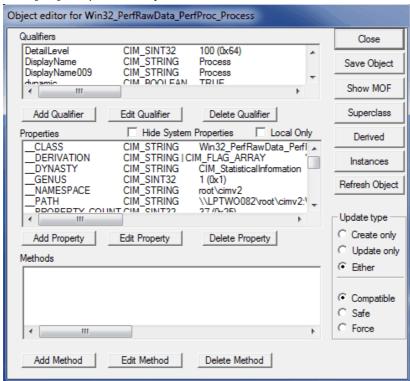
3 Click [Connect].

To test access to a performance counter class:

- 1 Click [Open Class].
- 2 In the enter Target Class Name field, enter the WMI Class name. See <u>Objects and Properties</u> <u>Accessed</u> for complete lists of WMI classes.



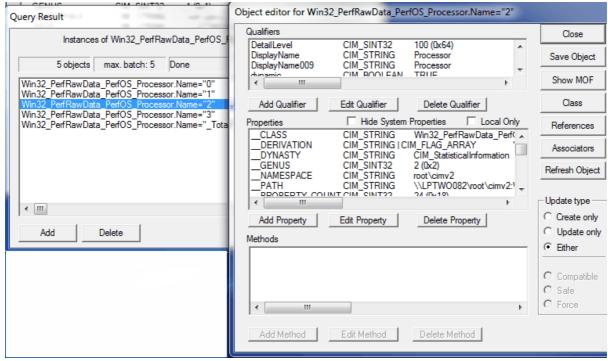
3 Click [OK] to open the Object Editor for the class.



To test access to a performance counter instance for the class:

In the Object Editor for the selected class, click [Instances].

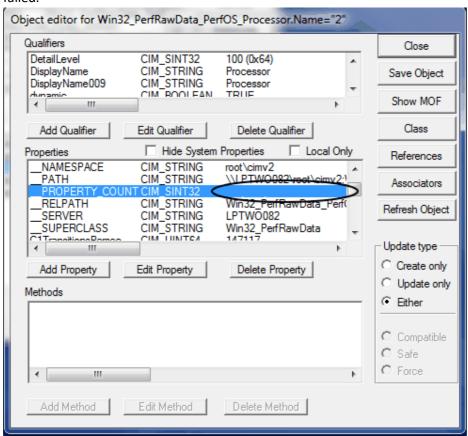
The Query Results dialog lists all of the instances for the class. Instance names indicate the element on the target computer that the represent.



To view data for a single performance counter:

In the object editor for the selected performance counter instance, select the property associated with the performance counter.

If no value displays in the third column, then the WMI data collection for the performance counter failed.



Enabling a Disabled Performance Counter

If performance counters are disabled, the Metalogix Diagnostic Manager Collection Service cannot collect WMI information from a server.

Performance counters may be disabled for one of the following reasons:

- An administrator may have disabled the counters in an attempt to maximize performance. However, performance counters do not have an appreciable effect on server performance.
- The Windows Perflib Performance Library can automatically disable the performance counters when it encounters a disabling error. If it does disable the counters, it records an event in the log and sets the value of the DisablePerformanceCounters registry key to 1.

To enable the performance counter for a metric if it has been disabled:

- 1 Open the Windows Registry Editor
- 2 Locate the following key:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\<service name>\Performance\Disable Performance Counters.

3 Change the value of the registry key to 0.

Changing the WMI Counter Timeout

If counters do not respond in a timely manner, the WMI call to retrieve the counter value fails. If this happens, the WMI system logs an error to the Windows Event Log. The event that appears in the log is:

WMI ADAP was unable to process the perfproc.dll performance library due to a time violation in the open function.

If this error appears, you should modify the timeout for the counter, as described below.

To change the WMI counter timeout:

- 1 Open the Windows Registry Editor
- 2 Locate the following key:

HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\CurrentControlSet\Services\<counterfile>\Performance.

3 Change the key to a higher value.

Resynchronizing and Repairing the WMI Repository

Under certain circumstances, the WMI Repository can be corrupted. In addition, the WMI DLL files may be unregistered. If this happens, you can use the Windows command prompt to correct the issue. If this is unsuccessful, you can attempt to rebuild the Repository.

If necessary, you can rebuild the list of available WMI counters.

To resynchronize the WMI Performance Library:

- 1 From the Windows Control Panel, restart the Windows Management Instrumentation service.
- 2 Open a Windows command prompt.
- 3 To clear all WMI-related values from the registry, type winmgmt/clearadap, then press **Enter**.

- 4 To re-register all performance libraries with WMI, type winmgt/resyncperf, then press **Enter**.
- 5 To restart the WMI service:
 - a) Type net stop winmgmt, then press Enter.
 - b) Type net start winmgmt, then press Enter.

To update the WMI Registry and register the WMI DLL files:

- 1 At the Windows command prompt, type cd %windir%\system32\wbem, then press **Enter**.
- 2 Type for /f %s in ('dir /b *.dll') do regsvr32 /s %s, then press **Enter**.
- 3 Type for /f %s in ('dir /b *.mof') do mofcomp %s, then press **Enter**.

To salvage the WMI Repository:

At the Windows command prompt, type Windmgmt /salvage repository, then press **Enter**.

To build the list of WMI counters:

- 1 At the Windows command prompt, type lodctr /r, then press **Enter**.
- 2 Type winmgmt /resyncperf, then press **Enter**.

Assigning Additional Memory to the WMI Pool

Under certain circumstances, WMI may encounter a memory limit and need additional memory assigned to its memory pool.

To assign additional memory to the WMI pool:

- 1 From the Windows Control Panel, restart the Windows Management Instrumentation service.
- 2 To re-register all performance libraries with WMI, open a Windows command prompt and type winmgmt/resyncperf, then press **Enter**.
- 3 Set the WMIHandlesPerHost value to 8192 (0x2000). For guidance, refer to http://blogs.technet.com/b/askperf/archive/2008/09/16/memory-and-handle-quotas-in-the-wmi-provider-serviceNew Link.aspx.

Online Resources

The following online resources are available to help you troubleshoot WMI issues.

i NOTE: Although many of these articles specifically reference Windows Server 2003, most of the information is relevant for Server 2008 and 2012 as well.

Aid	URL
Microsoft WMI Diagnostic utility:	http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx? id=7684
Basic WMI Testing:	http://blogs.technet.com/b/askperf/archive/2007/06/22/basic-wmi-testing.aspx
Using WMIDiagnostic on Windows Server 2008:	http://blogs.technet.com/b/askperf/archive/2008/11/11/w midiag-vbs-and-the-missing-wmi-files.aspx http://blogs.technet.com/b/askperf/archive/2008/07/11/w mi-troubleshooting-the-repository-on-vista-server- 2008.aspx
Microsoft Technet articles on WMI:	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee692942.aspx
WMI Secrets, troubleshooting, and tips:	http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee692772.aspx http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ff406382.aspx

About Us

We are more than just a name

We are on a quest to make your information technology work harder for you. That is why we build community-driven software solutions that help you spend less time on IT administration and more time on business innovation. We help you modernize your data center, get you to the cloud quicker and provide the expertise, security and accessibility you need to grow your data-driven business. Combined with Quest's invitation to the global community to be a part of its innovation, and our firm commitment to ensuring customer satisfaction, we continue to deliver solutions that have a real impact on our customers today and leave a legacy we are proud of. We are challenging the status quo by transforming into a new software company. And as your partner, we work tirelessly to make sure your information technology is designed for you and by you. This is our mission, and we are in this together. Welcome to a new Quest. You are invited to Join the Innovation™.

Our brand, our vision. Together.

Our logo reflects our story: innovation, community and support. An important part of this story begins with the letter Q. It is a perfect circle, representing our commitment to technological precision and strength. The space in the Q itself symbolizes our need to add the missing piece — you — to the community, to the new Quest.

Contacting Quest

For sales or other inquiries, visit www.quest.com/contact.

Technical Support Resources

Technical support is available to Quest customers with a valid maintenance contract and customers who have trial versions. You can access the Quest Support Portal at https://support.quest.com

The Support Portal provides self-help tools you can use to solve problems quickly and independently, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. The Support Portal enables you to:

- Submit and manage a Service Request
- View Knowledge Base articles
- Sign up for product notifications

- Download software and technical documentation
- View how-to-videos
- Engage in community discussions
- Chat with support engineers online
- View services to assist you with your product