

Quest®On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange

User Guide



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Legend

- CAUTION: A CAUTION icon indicates potential damage to hardware or loss of data if instructions are not followed.
- IMPORTANT, NOTE, TIP, MOBILE, or VIDEO: An information icon indicates supporting information.

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About On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange

Quest® On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange (ODMHE) cloud application securely migrates data to Microsoft 365 from on-premises Microsoft Exchange without requiring organizations to install or maintain any software for the move. From a single portal, you can migrate multiple mailboxes simultaneously, including data such as email, calendar, contacts, and tasks.

Quest® On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange (ODMHE) is a part of Quest On Demand – a single SaaS console for managing your cloud environment in Microsoft Azure. For more information, see Quest On Demand documentation.

What We Migrate

The list below indicates mailbox components that can and cannot be migrated. Some limitations appear in unique customer migration scenarios, or arise due to platform or legacy support restrictions, and may not appear in the list below. In some cases, a solution to a limitation may already be on the product roadmap or available as a knowledge-based article.

ODMHE migrates the following Mailbox components:

| Mailbox Type | Support | Comments |
|------------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| User mailbox | ✓ | |
| Shared mailbox | ✓ | |
| Resource mailbox | ✓ | e.g. conference rooms, equipment |
| Component | Support | Comments |
| Inbox | ✓ | |
| Folders | ✓ | |
| Email | ✓ | |
| Contacts | ✓ | |
| Calendars | ✓ | |
| Tasks | ✓ | |
| Journals | ✓ | |
| Notes | ✓ | |

| Component | Support | Comments |
|--|---------|--|
| Rules | ✓ | |
| Folder Permissions | ✓ | |
| Public folders | × | |
| Calendar acceptance status emails | ✓ | |
| Resource calendar permissions (e.g. for conference rooms) | ✓ | |
| Personal distribution lists | ✓ | |
| Personal contacts | ✓ | |
| Bounce notifications such as non-delivery reports or receipts (NDR) | ✓ | |
| Delivery Status Notifications (DSN) | ✓ | |
| Custom rules like color categorization of emails, specific logic, sub-calendars and flags | ✓ | |
| Calendar notifications such as invites, responses, cancellations, etc. | ✓ | |
| PST Connection to Outlook Profile | ✓ | |
| Pictures that have been added within a Business Card | ✓ | |
| Deleted items including recoverable deleted items. | ✓ | |
| Mailbox permission settings, sharing settings (such as aliases; delegates) and other mailbox related setting | ✓ | |
| Full Access permissions | ✓ | |
| Send As permissions | ✓ | |
| Receive As permissions | ✓ | |
| PST personal archives | × | Quest Offers a solution for PST to M365 migration |
| Safe Sender or Blocked Lists | × | |
| RSS Feeds | × | |
| Client settings (e.g, default fonts), folder views, outlook customizations | × | |
| User defined or custom fields | × | |
| Notifications scheduled more than one week in the future | × | Default notifications that are set to 15 or 30 minutes will be migrated. |
| Outlook Quick Steps | × | |

Signing up for Quest On Demand

To get access to On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange, you must sign up for the Quest On Demand service. Go to Quest On Demand and use one of the following options:

- Sign up using the existing Quest account (http://support.quest.com/technical-documents/on-demandglobal-settings/current/user-guide/signing-up-for-quest-on-demand)
- Create a new Quest account and sign up for Quest On Demand (http://support.quest.com/technical-documents/on-demand-global-settings/current/user-guide/signing-up-for-quest-on-demand/signing-up-and-adding-users-to-your-organization)
- Join an existing On Demand organization (https://support.quest.com/technical-documents/on-demand-global-settings/current/user-guide)

You must accept the Software Transaction Agreement before using this product.

Product Licensing

IMPORTANT: Your Azure subscription must have an E3 or E5 enterprise plan. For more information see Microsoft 365 Enterprise plans.

Use of this software is governed by the Software Transaction Agreement found at www.quest.com/legal/sta.aspx and the SaaS Addendum at www.quest.com/legal/saas-addendum.aspx. This software does not require an activation or license key to operate.

You can sign in to On Demand as a Guest user and review the solutions that the product offers. As a Guest user, you can add your Microsoft Entra ID tenant and look for problems that can be solved by On Demand. To sign in as a Guest user, go to guest-on-demand.com and click **Continue as Guest**.

Trial subscriptions are available. Visit Quest® On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange page for more information and pricing: https://www.quest.com/products/on-demand-migration/
In this topic:

· Purchasing a commercial subscription

To purchase a commercial subscription

- 1. Open https://www.quest.com/products/on-demand-migration/.
- 2. Click Request Pricing and fill in the necessary details.
- 3. Click Contact Sales to request pricing and get help with your business needs.

The product licensing is based on the number of **unique source mailbox types** that are processed by the migration tasks. The licenses are only consumed once the migration task is started.

Organizations and Regions

When you sign up for the On Demand service for the first time, you create an organization and you are granted the On Demand Administrator role. You can add additional organizations and administrators.

For more information about managing your organization see Managing organizations and regions in the *On Demand Global Settings User Guide*.

Some common actions with Organizations are reproduced here for your reference:

- · Creating an organization
- · Switching to another organization
- · Renaming an organization
- · Deleting an organization

Creating an organization

- 1. Sign in to Quest On Demand using the credentials you used to sign up for On Demand.
- 2. If you have not yet created an organization, click Create Organization.



If you have created one or more organizations, the *Choose an Organization* page opens. Click **Create New Organization**.

If you have already selected an organization, click your email address at the top right-hand corner of the page and the select **Create Organization**.

- 3. In the *Create Organization* page, specify the following information:
 - Organization Name name of your organization. For example, Bamboo Box Inc.
 - **Deployment Region** A Microsoft Azure region or geographic area where data centers are deployed. Not all On Demand modules are available in all regions.
- 4. Click Create Organization.

Switching to another organization

If you have multiple organizations associated with your email address, you can select an organization from the *Choose an Organization* page when you sign in. If you have already selected an organization but want to work with another organization, you can switch to another organization.

- 1. Click your email address at the top right-hand corner of the page.
- 2. Select Switch Organization. The Choose an Organization page opens.
- 3. Highlight and click the organization to which you want to switch.

Renaming an organization

You can rename the organization to which you are currently signed in. You must be an On Demand Administrator to rename an organization.

- 1. Sign in and select the organization that you want to change.
- 2. Click your email address at the top right-hand corner of the page.
- 3. Click the organization name. The Edit Organization page opens.

- 4. In the Organization Name field, enter the new name.
- 5. Click **Update Organization Name**. The organization name is updated.

Deleting an organization

- CAUTION: Deleting an organization cannot be undone.
- 1. Sign in and select the organization that you want to change.
- 2. Click your email address at the top right-hand corner of the page
- 3. Click the organization name. The Edit Organization page opens.
- 4. Click **Delete Organization**. A confirmation page opens.
- 5. Select the following check boxes to confirm that you understand the impact of deleting an organization.
 - · All tenants will be removed
 - · All user information will be lost
- 6. Click Delete Organization.

Roles

Quest On Demand uses the **Role-based Access Control** (RBAC) security policy that restricts information system access to authorized users. Subscribers can create specific roles based on job functions, with the permissions to perform needed operations on the assets of the organization. When users are assigned to On Demand roles, they inherit the authorizations or permissions defined for those roles. RBAC simplifies permission administration for subscribers because permissions are not assigned directly to every user (which can be a significant number of individuals for mid- to large-size organizations) but are instead acquired through role assignments.

The following are some key Quest On Demand and tenant roles that you will need to work with On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange.

On Demand Administrator

This role is assigned to users who have full access to the Quest On Demand application. They can manage organizations and tenants, initiate the migration of tenant assets, manage licenses, audit records and perform many other functions through the Quest On Demand application. Some of the key permissions associated with this role are as follows:

| Permission | Description | Service Scope |
|--|---|------------------------|
| Create, Rename and Delete projects | Required permission to create, rename and delete migration projects from the Projects Dashboard | On Demand Migration |
| View projects and manage selected services | This permission must be select to activate the individual permissions to view and manage services. Services selected for this permission will be inherited by all child permissions | On Demand Migration |
| View projects | Required permission to be able to view objects tasks and events for the selected services. Only the tiles for the selected services will be | On Demand Migration |

| Permission | Description | Service Scope | |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| | shown in the project dashboards. Always inherited from parent permission | | |
| Edit project properties | Permission to edit properties associated with project services. | On Demand Migration | |
| Run content discovery tasks | Permission to enable the actions that allows users to run the task that will discover objects based on a list contained in a prepared CSV file. | Mailboxes | |
| Run provision and migration tasks | Permission to enable the actions that allow user to provision and migrate selected objects to the target. | Mailboxes | |
| Manage collections | Permission to enable actions for creating and manage the Collection feature. | Mailboxes | |
| Update and delete migration objects | Permission to enable the action that allows the user to remove selected objects form the list of services object grid. | Mailboxes | |
| Acknowledge and clear task events | Permission to enable the action that allows the user to acknowledge and clear events from the Events grid. | Mailboxes | |
| Manage Desktop Update Agent | Permission to enable all management actions in Desktop Update Agent. | Desktop Update Agent | |
| View Migration Reports | Required permission to be able to view migration reports | Mailboxes | |

On Demand predefined roles

Quest On Demand is shipped with many predefined roles. On Demand Administrator, Migration Administrator, Audit Administrator, License Management Administrator and Recovery Administrator are some examples.

On Demand custom roles

You can create more roles with specific permissions to allow other users to work with On Demand Migration. See the On Demand Global Settings Current User Guide for more information about setting up roles.

Tenant Administrator

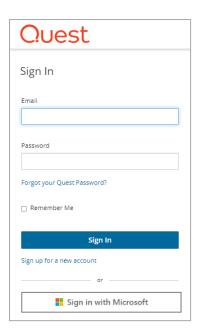
In this document the term *Tenant Administrator* refers to the Microsoft Entra ID user account for the source or target tenant that is assigned the **Global administrator** security role and has full access to the tenant. Each tenant that you add to a project requires the credentials of the Tenant Administrator. The Tenant Administrator may require additional roles to grant the necessary consents to various On Demand service principals that are created in the tenant to access various assets in the tenant during the migration lifecycle. See Consents and Permissions for more details. For more information about user and service principals see the Microsoft article Application and service principal objects in Microsoft Entra ID.

Tenant Administrator accounts must have a mailbox with a valid Microsoft Exchange Online license.

To use On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange, the Tenant Administrator for each tenant in a project must grant Azure consents and permissions to the On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange service principals.

Multi-factor authentication

Multi-factor authentication (MFA) is supported for tenant administrators. For On Demand users, MFA support depends on how your organization has set up your access.



If you sign-in with your email and password, MFA has not been activated. If you click **Sign in with Microsoft**, MFA has been activated. If your organization requires multi-factor authentication and you receive an authorization error, your conditional access policy may not be configured correctly. You can do one of two things:

- Contact your IT administrator to deactivate MFA for during migrations.
- Contact "Azure Identity" support for help with configuring conditional access policies.

Working with On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange

On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange (ODMHE) provides intuitive project management for migrating mail content from one environment to another. You can create a migration project that provides a full range of migration features, and track content migration in one comprehensive migration project dashboard. You can create multiple migration projects and use the My Projects list view for a summarized list of all your migration projects.

Migration steps

| Stage | # | Step |
|-------------------|---|--|
| | 1 | Add target tenant |
| | 2 | Grant consents |
| Setup | 3 | [optional] Upgrade throttling policies, install a Desktop Update Agent, plan a test or pilot migration |
| | 4 | Create a migration project |
| Preparation | 5 | Prepare your source email service for migration |
| Mailbox migration | 6 | Discover mailboxes from file |
| | 7 | Migrate mailboxes |
| Management | 8 | Monitor the progress and track issues |

Tenants

Each On Demand migration project needs a target tenant. These are **Commercial** tenants. For users in the United States deployment region, On Demand Migration offers two options depending on the type of Microsoft 365 tenant that you want to add:

- Commercial or GCC Tenant choose this option if you want to add either a Microsoft 365 commercial tenant hosted on the Azure public cloud or a Microsoft 365 GCC (Government Community Cloud) tenant with moderate cyber-security and compliance standards hosted on the Azure Government cloud.
- GCC High Tenant choose this option if you want to add a Microsoft 365 GCC High tenant with advanced cyber-security and compliance standards like NIST 800-171, FedRAMP High and ITAR hosted on the Azure Government cloud.
- **NOTE**: When you create a migration project, a GCC or GCC High tenant can be used as the target tenant only. Currently, only the On Demand Migration module supports GCC and GCC High tenants.

For more information about adding, removing and managing tenants, see Managing your Azure tenants and on-premises domains in the *On Demand Global Settings Current User Guide*.

Adding a tenant

- 1. Log in to On Demand using the credentials you used to sign up for On Demand.
- 2. If you have multiple organizations you must select an organization. If you have a single organization it will be automatically selected.
- 3. If there are no tenants in your organization, click Add Tenant.



-or-

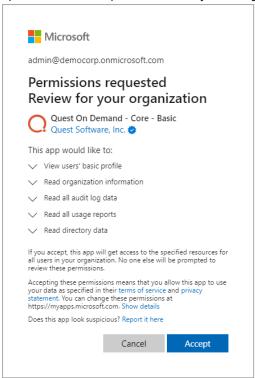
In the navigation panel on the left, click **Tenants**. The *Office 365 Tenants* page opens. Then click **Add Tenant**.

- 4. The Add Tenant page opens.
 - If you are in the US region, you must select the type of tenant that you are adding:
 - Click Add Commercial or GCC Tenant
 - or -
 - Click Add GCC High Tenant

You are redirected to the Azure sign in page.

• If you are in any region other than the US region, such as Europe, United Kingdom, Canada, or Australia, you are immediately redirected to the Microsoft login page.

5. Enter your Microsoft Entra ID Global Administrator credentials for the target tenant and click **Next**. A page opens with the list of permissions that you must grant.



- 6. Click Accept to grant consent to the initial Core Basic permission set to the On Demand service principal.
- 7. The Office 365 Tenants page opens with the tenant added as a new tile.

Consents and Permissions

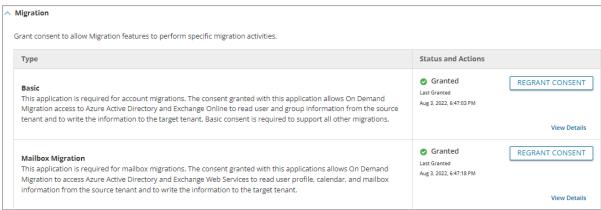
The ability for On Demand service principals to access and operate with tenant assets requires explicit permissions. The Tenant Administrator grants these permissions through consents.

Each tenant that is added has granted consent to the initial **Core - Basic** permission set to the On Demand service principal. Additional consents are required to work with different features of On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange.

Granting Consent

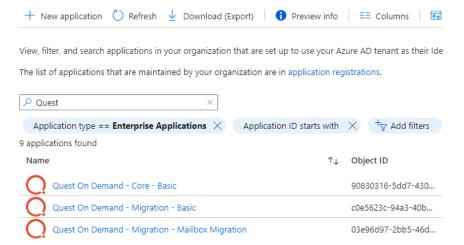
- 1. Click **Tenants** from the navigation pane.
- 2. Select a tenant and click Edit Consents from the tenant tile.
- 3. Click Grant Consent or Regrant Consent for the permissions type.
- 4. Click Accept in the Microsoft consents page.





When you have granted the consents, verify that the service principals were successfully created in the target tenant as described in the steps below:

- 1. Log in to the Azure admin portal.
- 2. Click Enterprise applications from the navigation pane. Then click All applications.
- 3. Filter the list if necessary and verify the list of service principals.



This section lists the minimum consents and permissions required by the various On Demand Migration service principals for managing tenants, Microsoft 365 objects and other migration services.

For initial tenant setup

| Task | Minimum consents and permissions |
|--|--|
| Add and configure tenants, and grant consent | Core - Basic consent from Target tenant administrator accounts. |
| | Global Administrator role from target tenant administrator accounts. |

For Mailbox migration

| Task | Minimum consents and permissions |
|-------------------|--|
| All tasks | Migration - Basic consent from Target tenant administrator accounts. |
| Migrate mailboxes | Migration - Mailbox Migration consent from Target tenant administrator accounts. |

Upgrading Throttling Policies

Exchange Web Services (EWS) are throttled by Microsoft whenever large quantities of data flows through the EWS platform. The On Demand Migration service throughput can be improved by upgrading the following throttling policy parameter setting to **Unlimited**:

- EwsMaxBurst Defines the amount of time that an EWS user can consume an elevated amount of resources before being throttled. This is measured in milliseconds. This value is set separately for each component.
- **EwsRechargeRate** Defines the rate at which an EWS user's budget is recharged (budget grows by) during the budget time.
- **EwsCutoffBalance** Defines the resource consumption limits for EWS user before that user is completely blocked from performing operations on a specific component.

Tenant administrators can upgrade the throttling policies by making a service request with Microsoft.

Desktop Update Agent

To complete a migration project, a lightweight user desktop application called Desktop Update Agent (DUA) must be configured and deployed by administrators and run on users workstations. DUA provides enhanced support, helps ensure the success of cross-tenant migration projects, makes agent delivery easier, and status reporting more informative.

DUA features:

- Ability to manage user's application reconfigurations activities from a single view within On Demand Migration.
- Support for Microsoft 365 application license reset.
- · Support for various client authentication mechanisms.

For more information about downloading, administration and use of DUA, see the *Quest On Demand Migration Update Agent Guide*.

Test and Pilot Migrations

Any full scale migration should be preceded by test and pilot migrations, to confirm that your migration processes and procedures will accommodate the organization requirements.

- A test migration uses real users and real data in a segregated test environment, or dummy users and dummy data in your live production environment.
- · A pilot migration uses a small portion of real users and real data in the live production environment.

In either case - a test or pilot migration - the data to be migrated should be a representative sample of the production data, and the test or pilot migration should be run with the Quest applications set for the same configuration and process options that you intend to use for the production migration. it is recommended to select test or pilot users whose usage and data types make them representative of the total user population. Then create and run matching / migration tasks for those accounts, including all range of tasks you are planning to perform. When the tasks are completed, review errors and warnings, if any. See Event Management section for more information.

Quest recommends that you use both test and pilot migrations:

Perform one or more test migrations in a separate test environment, migrating test copies of real users and their real data. The separate test environment ensures that no test process will affect the data or configurations of your production environment. If a test exposes any problems under migration, you can make amendments and then repeat the test by simply dumping the test environment and recreating it from scratch.

When you are confident that your test migrations have sufficiently refined your planned migration, perform a pilot migration for 20 or 30 users to verify if your planned migration is satisfactory for your "real world."

Project Management

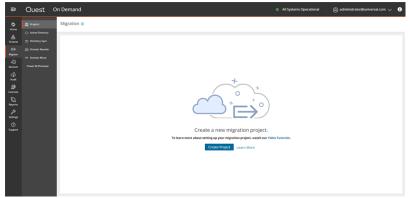
A migration project contains the full set of migration features and provides a summary of all the migration activities in the project dashboard. You can work with a single migration project or you can set up multiple migration projects to split staggered migration plans into manageable projects.

In this topic:

- · Creating a new migration project
- · Renaming a migration project
- · Deleting a migration project

To create a migration project:

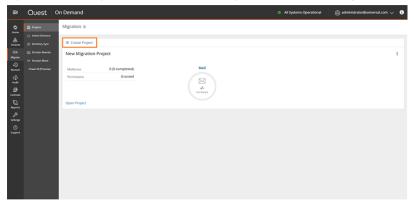
- 1. Sign in to Quest On Demand.
- 2. From the navigation pane, click Migration to open the Migration projects view.



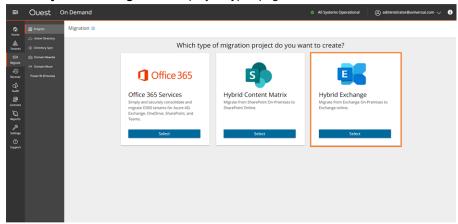
3. Click Create Project.

-or-

If you have already created one or more projects, click **Create Project** as shown below.



4. Select **Hybrid Exchange** from the project types page.

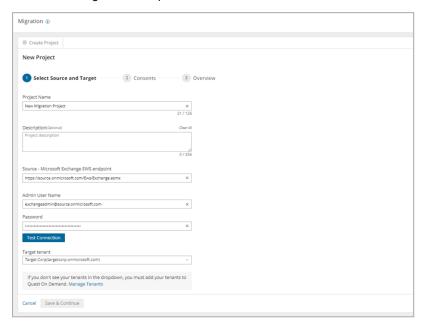


5. The New Project wizard starts.

6. Step 1: Project Detail

Enter the information in the fields as described below:

- a. Title specify a meaningful name for the project. Maximum number of characters is 128.
- b. **Description** enter a description about the project. Maximum number of characters is 200.
- Source Microsoft Exchange EWS endpoint enter the URL of the Microsoft Exchange EWS
 endpoint of the source.
- d. Admin User Name enter the Microsoft Exchange administrator user name.
- e. Password enter the Microsoft Exchange administrator password.
- f. Target Tenant Select a target tenant from the dropdown list.
- g. Click **Test Connection**. If the connection is successfully verified, a confirmation message appears. Otherwise click Edit and re-enter the Microsoft Exchange administrator credentials.
- Click Save and Continue. You must successfully establish a connection to the source Microsoft Exchange EWS endpoint to activate this button.



7. Step 3: Consents

The migration service principals must be granted the necessary consents. See Consents and permissions for more information.

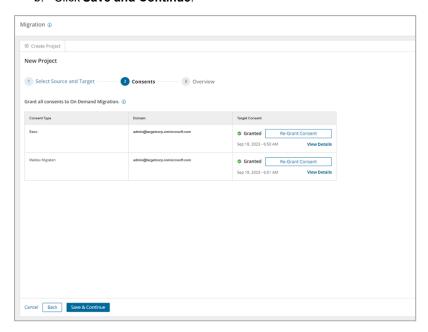
To grant consent the service principals:

a. Click **Grant Consent** to grant the consents to the service principal if the tenant consents were not granted when you added the tenants.

-or-

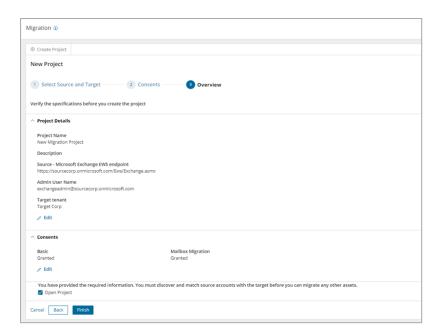
Click **Regrant Consent** to refresh the consents granted to the service principals. It is recommended that you regrant consent to ensure that the consent to the service principals are refreshed.

b. Click Save and Continue.



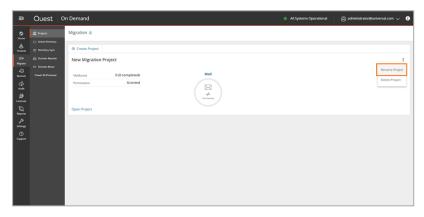
8. Step 5: Overview

- a. Verify the information you have provided for each step. Click **Edit** to return to the step and revise the information as needed.
- b. Select **Open Project** to open the project dashboard.
- c. Click Finish to activate the project.



To rename a migration project:

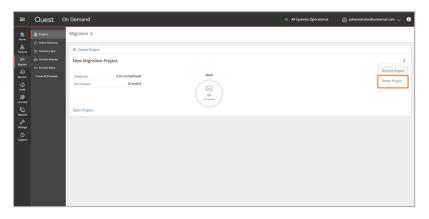
- 1. Sign in to Quest On Demand.
- 2. From the navigation pane, click Migration to open the Migration projects view.
- 3. From the top right-hand corner of the project panel, click the **More Actions** icon (3 dots). Then click **Rename Project**.
- 4. Revise the name or description as needed.



5. Click Save Project Name to save the changes and close the dialog.

To delete an existing project:

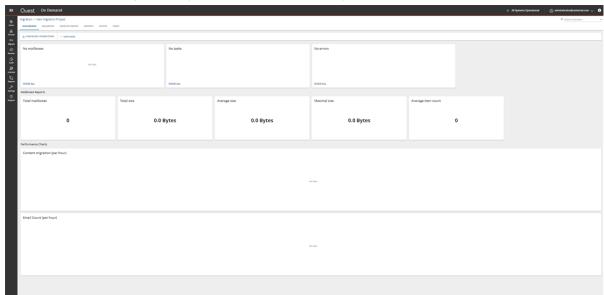
- 1. Sign in to Quest On Demand.
- 2. From the navigation pane, click **Migration** to open the *Migration* projects view.
- From the top right-hand corner of the project panel, click the More Actions icon (3 dots). Then click Delete Project.



4. Click **OK** to confirm the deletion.

Project Dashboard

Information about the migration project is summarized on the project dashboard.



When you create a new project all the tiles are empty. Each tile on this dashboard presents a summary of the migration activities and lets you navigate to the respective migration service dashboards or list views as described below:

Mailboxes

Display the most recent mailboxes that were migrated.

Tasks

Displays the five most recent tasks that were completed. Click **Show All** to open the *Tasks List view*.

Errors

Displays the five most recent errors that occurred. Click Show All to open the Events List view.

Mailboxes Reports

This section displays a collection of reports about the mailboxes that were migrated.

Total mailboxes

Total size

Average size

Maximal size

Average item count

Performance Charts

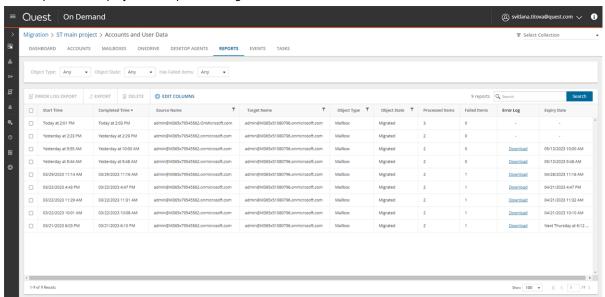
This section displays a collection of performance charts about the mailbox migration service.

Content migration (per hour)

Email Count (per hour)

Reports

The Reports tab displays error reports for migration tasks.



About Error Reports

- The error report for a migration job is a CSV file with one or more rows. The maximum number of rows in the CSV file is 50K. You can download a report by clicking the **Download** link in the **Error Log** column. If there are no migration errors, a download link is not available.
- Error reports are retained for 30 days. You cannot modify this global setting. After 30 days the download link is replaced with the label **Expired** and you can no longer download the report.

- You can select one or more reports and delete them with the **Delete** action. If the reports are active when they are deleted, the row in the table will be removed and the report will be automatically purged after 30 days.
- · Access to reports are secured with Role Based Access Control (RBAC).
- If a migration project is deleted, all associated data will be deleted, and any active reports will be purged after 30 days.

The columns in the reports list are as described bellow:

- Start Time the date and time the migration task was started.
- Completed Time the date and time the migration task completed.
- Source Name name of the source exchange.
- · Target Name name of the target tenant.
- Object Type name of the asset that is migrated.
- **Object State** the state of the migration. Values are: Migrated, Partially Migrated, Migrated with Issues, Migration Failed and Migration Stopped.
- Processed Items the number of asset items from the source tenant that were included in the migrattion.
- Failed Items the number of asset items that could not be migrated successfully.
- **Error Log** link to the report if available. If there are no migration errors, a download link is not available. After 30 days the download link is replaced with the label **Expired**.
- Expiry Date date and time when the report will expire.

Exporting Reports

- You can download a single report by clicking the **Download** link in the **Error Log** column. If there are no migration errors, a download link is not available.
- · You can select multiple rows and download the reports as a ZIP file when you click Error Log Export.
- You can select multiple rows and download the reports list when you click Export. Only rows are exported but not the report CSVs.

Filtering the Reports List

You can use the following predefined filters to retrieve a subset of the reports:

- Object Type name of the asset that is migrated.
- **Object State** the state of the migration. Values are: Any, Migrated, Partially Migrated, Migrated with Issues, Migration Failed and Migration Stopped.
- Has Failed Items: whether or not the migration has any failed items. Values are Yes or No. If there are one or more items that match a Yes or No value, the number of items are indicated as well.

Task Management

In this topic:

- · Viewing the task list
- · Viewing task details
- · Scheduling tasks
- · Editing Tasks
- · Stopping and restarting tasks

Viewing the task list

Each On Demand Migration dashboard has a Tasks tab.

Click the *Tasks* tab to see the **Tasks** list. The **Tasks** list displays all the tasks that are initiated throughout the migration process. From the **Tasks** list you can:

- Track the progress of a task and view the results of finished tasks. When you select a task, the task details
 pane appears and displays the details the detailed information and statistics of the task.
- · Filter and search to quickly navigate through the list of tasks.
- · Start, stop, and delete tasks.
- · Edit tasks

The columns in the Tasks list are as described below:

- **Title** name of the task that is initiated. You can specify custom names for task when they are created from the various task wizards.
- · State state of the task as it transitions from initiation to completion.
- Type type of the task. For example, the following are some of the task types that are used in On Demand Migration:
 - Mailbox Assessment
 - Mail Migration
- Created date and time the task is started.
- · Operation description of what the task accomplished.

Viewing task details

The task details pane provides the following information:

- Name name of the task used as the title of the details pane.
- Type type of the task.
- Created date and time the task is started.
- Modified date and time the most recent operation in the task is performed.

- **State** state of the task as it transitions from initiation to completion. Valid values are *New*, *In Progress*, *Failed*, *Stopped*, *Completed* and *Completed with Issues*. The state of an object is set to *Stopped* when a task is stopped by the user.
- Last Operation most recent operation that the task accomplished.
- Schedule how the task is started. The values are:
 - Now if the task is started immediately after the task wizard is completed.
 - On Demand if the task is started manually.
 - <timestamp> if the task is scheduled to start at a scheduled date and time.
- Events number of events that occurred during the task.

Click **Copy Diagnostics** to copy relevant task properties to the clipboard. You can then paste the properties in a text file and provide the information to Technical Support for troubleshooting or use the properties in PowerShell commands. The information that is copied to the clipboard is described below:

- Organization ID unique identifier of the Quest On Demand organization.
- **Deployment Region** Azure region code. Each Azure geography contains one or more regions that are used for specific data residency and compliance requirements.
- Organization Name name of the Quest On Demand organization.
- Project ID unique identifier of the migration project.
- . Task ID unique identifier of the task.

Scheduling tasks

To optimize performance you can select schedule options for all tasks using **Schedule** page of task wizards. This is reasonable for the task that may take a considerable amount of time. The following options are available:

- · Run now task runs immediately.
- Run later task must be started manually.
- Schedule task will be started at a future date and time.
 - Start enter the start time for the task, or use the date and time picker to set a date and time.

Editing tasks

From the **Tasks** list you can edit previously created tasks to reuse them in one of three ways:

- · Editing a completed task
- · Editing a running task
- · Editing a task that has not started

Editing a completed task

You can edit a completed task. Depending on the schedule option selected you can:

- · Automatically restart changed task in case Run now option is selected.
- Manually start changed task in case Run later option is selected. All changes will be applied after the task is restarted.

- Schedule the start for the changed task in case Schedule option is selected. All changes will be applied
 after the task is restarted.
- NOTE: You cannot undo this operation after the wizard is finished to reset the edited task to initial settings.

Editing a running task

You can edit a running task to reuse or restart it. Depending on the schedule option selected you can:

- · Automatically restart changed task in case Run now option is selected.
- Manually start changed task in case Run later option is selected. All changes will be applied after the task
 is restarted.
- Schedule start for changed task in case **Schedule** option is selected. All changes will be applied after the task is restarted.

NOTE:

- · Your changes cannot affect the task that is currently running.
- · You cannot undo this operation after the wizard is finished to reset the edited task to initial settings.

Editing a task that has not started

You can edit task in case it is not started to change your settings. Depending on the schedule option selected you can:

- Automatically start changed task in case Run now option is selected.
- Manually start changed task in case Run later option is selected.
- Schedule start for changed task in case Schedule option is selected.
- NOTE: You cannot undo this operation after the wizard is finished to reset the edited task to initial settings.

Stopping and restarting tasks

To stop a running task:

- 1. Open the On Demand Migration Tasks tab.
- 2. From the tasks list, click the running task. The **Stop** button is activated.
- 3. Click Stop.
- 4. A confirmation dialog appears. Click Stop
- NOTE: The task may take a few minutes to change state.

To restart a stopped task:

- 1. Open the On Demand Migration Tasks tab
- 2. Select a task where the State is "Stopped". The Start button is now enabled.

- 3. Click Start.
- 4. A confirmation dialog appears. Click Start.
- NOTE: The task will restart from the beginning using the same settings.

Event Management

Events list contains all notifications and alerts related to the environment configuration and migration process. It allows you:

- · View all events related to the migration process.
- If you are using new migration UI select an event to see details related to the event on the right pane.
- Hide certain alerts from the list by using **Acknowledge** option. This might be useful if you don't want to be distracted by the accidental warning or "expected" error.
- Explore details about selected events. See the details pane on the right pane of the screen for more details and statistics for the selected event.
- · Export selected events into comma-separated values (CSV) file for analytic or archival purposes.

TIP: Use search or filtering to quickly navigate to the points of interest.

Please consider the following:

Depending on selected migration options, the content is transferred in separate batches that can be submitted for processing at the same time. It can take a while before processing of submitted batches will be completed. To help tracking the migration, the status for batches that are processed will be reported approximately every 5 minutes.

Searching

The lists of accounts, mailboxes, tasks or events could be large and hard to manage. You cannot scroll past 10,000 items or rows in a view. Use the Search box above this list to look for items that match your custom criteria.



To start a search:

- 1. Use words, phrases, and special queries in your search.
- Click Search to get the search results. The search is performed across all fields. You can add search criteria to the search using facet filters on the left pane.
- 3. Click the X icon in the filter box to clear the search criteria.
- TIP: Add * to the end of the search query to match all items starting with the search term. Otherwise, you will only get the exact matches. For example, **john*** could return John Denver, *John*son Smith, and *john*.denver. Search expressions are case-insensitive.

Advanced search

You can refine your results by using the advanced search operators. See Lucene Tutorial for the full information on search syntax.

| To search for | Operators | Examples | Result |
|---------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Part of a word | * | *serv* | Matches items containing "serv". |
| Exclude specified content | -, NOT (case- sensitive) | -mail* (NOT mail*) | Excludes items that contain the word starting with "mail". |
| Include specified content | + | +mail* | Matches items containing "mail" along with the basic search query. |
| Multiple keywords | Space, OR (case-sensitive), AND (case-sensitive) | mail user, mail OR user, mail AND user | Matches items that contain either "mail" or "user" in case of OR. Matches items that contain both "mail" and "user". in case of AND. This is the default search behavior for phrases. |
| Exact phrase | Quotation marks | "item hard deleted" | Matches items that contain the exact phrase "item hard deleted". |

Searching by a date range

You can select period or use Custom range link to specify desired data range for events.

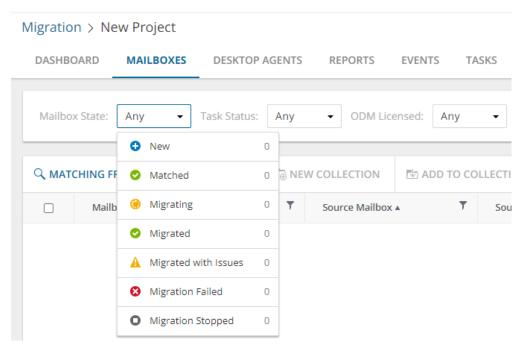
Filtering

You cannot scroll past 10,000 items or rows in a view. To see relevant records, you can filter lists based on predefined or custom criteria. The steps to filter a list is the same across all lists.

Quick Filter

These are predefined filters that display the count of items for each value available in the dropdown list. These values take into consideration any other filter that is already applied.

To apply a filter, select a value from the filter dropdown. You can select values from other dropdown filter lists to apply a combined filter. Filters are applied immediately when selected.



To clear a filter, click the X icon in each filter that was applied, or click Clear All to clear all filters.

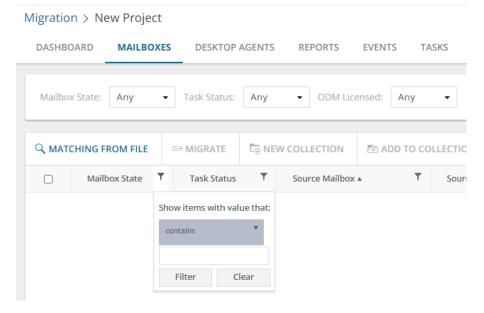


Column Filter

You can apply filters to one or more columns by clicking the filter icon in the column header.

To apply a filter, select a comparison operator from the dropdown and enter a valid value in the search field. Then click **Filter**.

To clear a filter, click the filter icon in the column header where a filter was applied. Click **Clear** to clear the filter.



Mailbox Migration

After you have completed your setup, the mailbox migration steps are as listed below:

| Stage | # | Step |
|-------------------|---|---|
| | 1 | Add target tenant |
| | 2 | Grant consents |
| Setup | 3 | [optional] Upgrade throttling policies, install a Desktop Update Agent, plan a test or pilot migration |
| | 4 | Create a migration project |
| Preparation | 5 | Prepare your source email service for migration |
| Mailbox migration | 6 | Discover mailboxes from file |
| Malibox Migration | 7 | Migrate mailboxes |
| Management | 8 | Monitor the progress and track issues |

Preparing Your Source Email Service for Migration

On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchangecurrently supports migrating content from Microsoft Exchange 2010/2013/2016/2019.

In this topic:

- Enabling Application Impersonation Rights
- · Accessing the Mail Server
- · Specifying Administrator Credentials
- · Upgrading Throttling Policies
- Setting Up Mail Routing

Enabling Application Impersonation Rights

To migrate data from Exchange 2010/2013/2016/2019 you must enable Application Impersonation for the migration administrator account. This allows the migration administrator to impersonate all users on all your client access servers.

To enable Application Impersonation rights, use role based access controls, and create a role group that has Application Impersonation rights.

- For Exchange 2010, see https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb204095(v=exchg.140).aspx.
- For Exchange 2013 and above, see https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/dn722376 (v=exchg.150).aspx.

To create a role group for impersonation, use the PowerShell cmdlets from the articles above. The following is a step by step guide for creating the impersonation role and assigning a user to that role.

- 1. Log in to your Exchange server, or to a machine that has the Exchange Administration tools installed on it as an Exchange administrator.
- 2. Run Exchange Management Shell.
- 3. Run the cmdlet to create the management role group and assign the **ApplicationImpersonation** role to that group, and then assign the user you want to use as a migration administrator.

In the following example, we are using the user migAdmin@example.com.

```
New-RoleGroup -Name MigrationImpersonation -Roles ApplicationImpersonation - Members migAdmin@example.com
```

You can add multiple users using commas to separate each user.

Accessing the Mail Server

To migrate data from Exchange 2010/2013/2016/2019, make sure that Outlook Web Access (OWA) is accessible from the internet. On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange uses Exchange Web Services (EWS) to access your mail server from the internet. The OWA server name can be used for accessing your Exchange server with EWS. If you are not using HTTPS for OWA, you will need to enter the full URL for your EWS service which follows the format http://servername/EWS/Exchange.asmx.

You can find the URL for your EWS server using PowerShell. From the Exchange Management Shell, execute the following command:

```
Get-WebServicesVirtualDirectory | Select name, *url* | fl
```

The EWS server URL will be returned in the ExternalUrl value. To access the mailboxes slated for migration, the migrator needs to have an account with the ApplicationImpersonation role.

Specifying Administrator Credentials

When specifying the administrator credentials in the Migration settings screen, the Admin value is the account's UPN or Windows domain login (domain\samAccountName). Click https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc756018(WS.10).aspx for more information about adding additional domains for UPNs.

It is recommended that you use auto-discovery to obtain the server URL. During a migration, this option uses the specified UPN and password to retrieve the server URL that hosts EWS for the given mailbox. You can also enter the server URL manually.

NOTE: Your Exchange 2010/2013/2016/2019 server must be configured to support auto-discovery before you can use it to obtain the server URL.

Go to https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb201695.aspx for information about Exchange 2010 Go to https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb124251(v=exchg.150).aspx for information about Exchange 2013, 2016, and 2019.

If entering the server URL manually, enter the name of your Exchange 2010/2013/2016/2019 server in SSL format (e.g., exchange.example.com). If your server does not support SSL, enter the fully qualified URL for Exchange Web Services (e.g., http://exchange.example.com/EWS/Exchange.asmx).

Upgrading Throttling Policies

To minimize Exchange throttling impact to migration and to raise the overall migration throughput, we highly recommend to upgrade your throttling policies. Please raise the limits for the following throttling parameters to 'Unlimited':

Microsoft Exchange 2013/2016/2019

- EwsMaxConcurrency
- EwsMaxBurst
- EwsRechargeRate
- EwsCutoffBalance

Microsoft Exchange 2010

- EWSPercentTimeInMailboxRPC
- EWSPercentTimeInCAS
- EWSPercentTimeInAD

We recommend creating a custom throttling policy and assigning it to all the admin accounts used for your migration.

The upgrade can be done for the time of your migration only.

Setting Up Mail Routing

Before migrating or creating mailboxes, you must implement a mail routing strategy that will enable users to send and receive mail from both internal and external sources. There are different strategies to do this depending on how you want mail directed to and from the internet.

During the co-existence period of on-premises mail and hosted mail, you must decide which system will initially receive the email traffic for your organization. To make the best decision for your organization, please review the Microsoft documentation associated with your target email service:

- For Exchange 2010, see https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb676395(v=exchg.141).aspx.
- For Exchange 2013, see https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998825(v=exchg.150).aspx.
- For Exchange 2016 or 2019, see https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa998825(v=exchg.160).aspx.

Creating Target Mailboxes

The next task in migrating mailboxes from a source email service is to create the target mailboxes in the target tenant. On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange does not create them for you. The procedure for creating mailboxes varies between email systems, and you should refer to the documentation provided with your system for particular instructions.

Discovering and Matching Mailboxes

Before you can start the migration of mailboxes, the On Demand Migration for Hybrid Exchange service must be able to discover the set of mailboxes you intend to migrate. The discovery process uses a a CSV file which lets you

specify the mailboxes that you want to discover and ignore the rest.

Discovery and matching is a two-step process as described below:

Step 1: Preparing the CSV file

- 1. Open Microsoft Excel.
- 2. Enter the following information in adjacent columns for each email that you want to migrate. The column headers are mandatory.
 - a. **SourceEmail** email address of the mailbox in the source tenant.
 - b. SourceUPN User Principal Name of the mailbox account in the source tenant.
 - c. TargetEmail email address of the mailbox in the target tenant.
 - d. TargetUPN User Principal Name of the mailbox account in the target tenant.
- 3. Save as a CSV file. You can rename the file if needed.

Step 2: Starting the Mailbox Matching from File Task

- 1. Log in to Quest On Demand and choose an organization if you have multiple organizations.
- 2. From the navigation pane, click Migration to open the My Projects list.
- 3. Create a new project or open an existing project.
- 4. Click the Mailboxes tab. Then click Matching from File from the Actions menu.
- 5. The New Mailbox Matching from File Task wizard opens.
- 6. Step 1: Matching Options
 - Click Select CSV File and select the CSV that contains the information about mailboxes you want to discover and match.
 - b. Click Next.

7. Step 2: Validation

- a. **Validate source mailbox existence** read only. The task will automatically verify the mailboxes in the source tenant.
- b. Validate target mailbox existence select this option to verify the existence of mailboxes in the target tenant. A mismatch will be indicated as an error in the events related to this task. You can clear this check box to skip validation when you want to load the data into ODMHE for a future migration but the target tenant mailboxes are not ready.
- c. Click Next.

8. Step 3: Notification

- a. Send notification email once the task is completed select this option to send a notification email when the matching task completes.
 - Only in a case of failure select this option to send the email if the matching task fails to complete successfully.
- b. **Recipients** enter the email address of the recipients of this email. You can specify multiple recipient email addresses separated by semicolon.
- c. Click Next.

9. Step 4: Schedule

- a. Choose from one of three options to schedule the task. The scheduler will be activated only after you complete the task wizard.
 - Run now task runs immediately.
 - · Run later task must be started manually.
 - Schedule task will be started at a future date and time.
 - Start enter the start time for the task.
- b. Click Next.

10. Step 5: Summary

- a. Verify the task specifications as described below:
 - i. Name name of the task. You can specify a custom name. The default name is Mailbox Matching from File.
- Click Back to revise or review a previous step or click Finish to complete the task wizard and start the task as scheduled.

Reviewing the Mailbox Matching from File Task

- 1. Select the Tasks tab.
- 2. Select the task that you want to review. The default name is Mailbox Matching from File.
- 3. In the task details pane that opens, the information presented is as described below:
 - a. Type Type of the task. The type is HE Mailbox Matching from File.
 - b. Created Date and time when the task was created.
 - c. Modified Date and time when the task was last updated.
 - d. State State of the task.
 - e. Last Operation The action that was most recently performed in this task.
 - f. Schedule Date and time when the task started. Now indicates that the task started immediately after the task was created.
 - g. **Events** (*number*) Number indicates the count of events that the task encountered. The values indicate the type of the events and the event count for each type.

Reviewing the Mailbox Matching from File Task Events

- 1. Select the Tasks tab.
- 2. Select the task that you want to review.
- 3. In the task details pane that opens, click **Events** (*number*). The *Events* tab opens with a filtered list of events for the selected task.

- 4. Select an event that you want to review. In the event details pane that opens, the information presented is as described below:
 - a. Object Name of the mailbox.
 - b. Task Name of the task.
 - c. Time Date and time when the event occurred.
 - d. Category Type of task. the value is Hybrid Exchange.

Migrating Mailboxes

NOTE: Before you proceed, verify that the mail-enabled accounts in the source tenant have been discovered and matched. For more information see Discovering and Matching Mailboxes.

Considerations

- · The following types of mailboxes are supported: Regular, Room, Equipment (Resource), Shared.
- · Mailboxes must be provisioned in the target tenant.
- In case of remigration, On Demand Migration remigrates mail, calendar, task, and sticky note items that have changed in the source mailbox to the target mailbox. Also, calendar items that have been removed from the source mailbox will be removed from the target mailbox. remigration of other types of items that have been modified or deleted in the source mailbox is not supported.
- During the mail migration, users might receive email to both source and target mailboxes. Apparently the
 users might want to receive the email sent to both mailboxes or keep custom forwarding, if any. You must
 set up appropriate mail forwarding or routing to address this need.

In this topic:

- · Starting a Mail Migration Task
- · Reviewing the Mail Migration Task

Starting a Mail Migration Task

- 1. Log in to Quest On Demand and choose an organization if you have set up multiple organizations.
- 2. From the navigation pane, click Migration to open the My Projects list.
- 3. Create a new project or open an existing project.
- 4. Click the Mail tile, or click Open from the Mail tile to open the dashboard.
- 5. Click the **Mailboxes** tab. The *Mailboxes List* opens. If you don't see a list of mailbox-enabled accounts, you must run the *Mailbox Matching from File* task again.
- 6. Select the mailboxes that you want to migrate from the list. You can use search, filtering or collections to quickly navigate through the list of mailboxes. You can also select the check box in the table header to select all the mailboxes.
- 7. From the local toolbar, select Migrate. The New Mail Migration Task wizard opens.

8. Step 1: Migration Options

- a. Specify a migration flow:
 - From **Primary Mailbox** to **Primary mailbox** migrate content of the primary mailbox (default scenario.)
 - From Archive mailbox to Archive mailbox migrate content of the archive mailbox.
 - From Archive mailbox to Primary mailbox restore archived content to primary mailbox.
 - From Primary mailbox to Archive mailbox migrate some of the content of the primary mailbox to archive. Useful with the specific Migration Options selected.
- b. Specify which mailbox items you want to transfer to the target by selecting the appropriate check box:
 - Migrate Mail select this option to migrate email items.
 - **Migrate Calendar** select this option to migrate calendar items. The organizer of the calendar item will be mapped to the corresponding target tenant user account. Invitees in calendar items are retained as the source tenant user.
 - Migrate Tasks/Notes select this option to migrate tasks and notes.
 - Migrate Contacts select this item to migrate contacts.
 - **Migrate Recoverable Items** select this option to migrate recoverable items. If the check box is unchecked these items will not be transferred.

9. Step 2: Migration Settings

- a. Specify which mailbox settings you want to transfer to the target by selecting the appropriate check box:
 - Migrate OWA Inbox Rules select this option to migrate OWA Inbox rules. For all
 mailboxes that are migrated to existing target mailboxes, On Demand Migration removes the
 existing rules from the target tenant like OWA Inbox rules and the rules created in Outlook
 from the target tenant including previously-migrated rules. Then all the rules from the source
 are migrated to the target.
 - Migrate Mailbox Delegation select this option to migrate delegation permissions. Mailbox delegation permissions like Full Access, Send As and Send On Behalf can be transferred if the matched delegate exists in the target tenant. If the matched delegate does not exist, mailbox delegation cannot be migrated and an error event will occur. If the target mailbox delegation is not set, the mailbox delegation will be transferred as is. If the mailbox delegation has been set in the target tenant before the migration starts, rules and exceptions specified in Migrating Delegate Access Permissions topic in the On Demand Migration for Email User Guide are applied to set the mailbox delegation.
 - Enable Automapping for shared mailboxes Auto-mapping is an Exchange &
 Exchange Online feature. Once enabled, any auto-mapped mailbox will be opened
 by the delegate's Outlook client in a persistent state with Full Access permissions
 and cannot be closed by the user. If users want to remove the auto-mapped mailbox
 from their Outlook client, administrative intervention is required to remove the Full
 Access permission or clear the auto-mapping flag.
 - Migrate Folder Permissions- select this option to migrate folder permissions. If folder
 permissions in the target mailbox do not exist, then folder permissions from the source
 mailbox will be transferred as is. If folder permissions were already set in the target mailbox
 before the migration starts, rules and exceptions specified in Migrating Folder Permissions
 topic in the On Demand Migration for Email User Guide are applied to set the folder
 permissions.
 - NOTE: Migration of folder permissions for **Recoverable Items** is not supported.
 - Migrate Auto-Reply select this option to migrate auto-reply messages and settings.
- b. Click Next.

10. Step 3: Mail Flow

- a. **Manage Mail Forwarding** select this check box to control mail forwarding. This check box is unchecked by default. When this check box is selected, you can choose from the following options:
 - Apply Mail Forwarding enable Mail Forwarding (on by default for the initial New Mail
 Migration Task) from Target to Source. On Demand Migration assumes that end-users will
 not be using their new target mailboxes immediately after the first "Migrate Mail" task (cutover), so forwarding is set on the new target mailbox to forward any new mail that is received
 in the target back to the source. This way any new mail is assured to be delivered to the
 active end-user mailbox.
 - Mail forwarding direction set the mail forwarding direction by choosing From target to source or From source to target. From the On Demand Migration table of mailboxes, the forwarding email is in the Source Mailbox / Target Mailbox depending on the mail forwarding direction selected. See the Mail Flow column value (To Source or To Target) which can be switched with the switch mailboxes functionality.
 - Custom domain for forwarding specify the custom domain name for forwarding email addresses. If the domain is omitted or does not exist, the primary SMTP address will be used.
 - Remove Mail Forwarding choose this option to clear previously specified mail forwarding address, and remove forwarding addresses in source mailboxes before the migration and target mailboxes after the migration.
- b. Click Next.

11. Step 4: Mail Folders

- a. Specify which mail folders to migrate and where they should be migrated by selection one of the following options
 - Migrate all folders select this option to migrate all folders from the source to the tenant.
 Mail will be migrated to a folders with the same name in the target tenant.
 - Migrate all folders except select this option to ignore the selected mailboxes and
 optionally provide an alternate folder name to migrate all other folder contents. When you
 select this option the following options are also available:
 - Folders to ignore: Choose from Deleted Items, Junk Email, Drafts, Conversation History, Sent Items, and Inbox. You can also specify one or more custom folder names separated by a semicolon.
 - Migrate specific folders select this option to include the selected mailbox folders and
 optionally provide an alternate folder name to migrate the specified folder contents. When
 you select this option the following options are also available:
 - Folders to include: Choose from Inbox, Sent Items, Drafts, and Deleted Items. You
 can also specify one or more custom folder names separated by a semicolon.
 - Migrate content to a custom folder select this option to migrate content from source
 mailbox to a custom folder. Calendar, contacts, and rules are not migrated into this folder. To
 run incremental migration, a mail migration task should be created with the same folder
 name. Any change in the folder name will be treated as a migration to a new custom folder.
 - Custom folder name specify the name of the custom folder where content will be migrated.
 - Migrate to folder select this option to specify a custom target folder for well known source
 folders such as Inbox, Deleted, Archive, and Sent Items. For example, the *Inbox* folder from
 the source tenant can be migrated to the *Inbox-Migrated* custom folder in the target tenant. If
 you do not provide a target folder name then the mail migration service will migrate the
 contents of the source folder to a folder with the same name on the target.
- b. Click Next.

12. Step 5: Date Range

Limit the date range for content transfer. You can set any of the following options:

- a. Migrate mail before to set end date for the date range
- b. Migrate mail after to set start date for the date range
- c. Click Next.

13. Step 6: Notification

- a. Select the options as described below:
 - Send notification email after the mail migration is completed select this option to send a notification email when the mailbox migration task completes. The notification is sent whether or not the mailbox migration succeeds unless the Only in a case of failure option is selected.
 - Only in a case of failure select this option to send the notification email only when one or
 more mailboxes cannot be migrated. When this option is selected, a notification email will not
 be sent if all the mailboxes are migrated successfully.
 - Recipients enter a semicolon-delimited list of mailboxes where the notification will be sent.
 The mailbox of the current user will be entered by default and can be changed.
 - NOTE: Notifications are sent from no-reply@quest-on-demand.com. Recipients must add this email address to the Safe Senders List.

To add the email address to your *Safe Senders* list in Microsoft Outlook, do the following:

- a. On the Home tab, click Junk, and then click Junk E-mail Options.
- b. On the **Safe Senders** tab, click **Add** and add the **no-reply@quest-on-demand.com** e-mail address.

The notification that is sent will contain the following information in the email body:

- · Project id the unique identified of the project.
- . Task id the unique identifier of the task.
- Type the type of the task: Mail Migration.
- Created the data and time when the task was created.
- Modified the most recent date and time when the task was modified.
- Status the state of the task.
- Last operation The last recorded event in the task.
- Schedule indicates when the task was run.
- Mailboxes The number of mailboxes selected for this migration categorized by migration status (New, Stopped, In Progress, Failed, and Completed) and count.
- b. Click Next.

14. Step 7: Reporting

Select the check box **Generate detailed report of migration errors** to generate a migration error report when you run the *Mail MigrationTask*.

You can download the report from the **Reports** tab in the project workspace by clicking the **Download** link in the **Error Log** column. If there are no migration errors, a download link is not available. Error reports are retained for 30 days. After 30 days the download link is replaced with the label **Expired** and you can no longer download the report. For more information about error reports, see Reports.

15. Step 8: Schedule

- a. Choose from one of three options to schedule the task. The scheduler will be activated after you complete the task wizard.
 - Run now task runs immediately.
 - Run later task must be started manually.
 - Schedule task will be started at a future date and time.
 - . Start enter the start time for the task.
- b. Click Next.

16. Step 9: Summary

- Review the task summary. You can specify a custom task name. The default name is Mail Migration Task.
 - Mailbox Data indicates the data types supported for migration like Mail, Calendar, Contacts, and Tasks or Notes.
 - **Mail Folders** indicates themail folder selection criteria. if all folders are selected, then the value is **All**.
 - Scheduled start date and time when the task will start. Now indicates that the task will start immediately.
 - Mail Forwarding direction of the mail flow. Not Set indicates that a mail flow direction is not set
- b. Click Finish to save or start the task depending on the schedule option selected.

Reviewing the Mail Migration Task

You can track a task's progress from the **Tasks** tab, view the summary on the **Dashboard** or monitor alerts and notifications in **Events**.

You can track the migration of objects from the **Mailbox State** column in the Mailboxes list view. The column values are as follows:

| Column value | Description |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| New | Migration has not yet started. |
| Migrating | Migration of this object has started. |
| Migrated | Migration is complete and successful. |
| Migrated with Issues | Migration is completed with errors. |
| Migration failed | Migration did not succeed |
| Migration stopped | Migration canceled by the user |

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- · Engage in community discussions
- · Chat with support engineers online
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